

Gravitational Wave Cosmology with NANOGrav

CMB-S4 Summer 2023 Collaboration Meeting

Chiara Mingarelli,

August 1st 2023

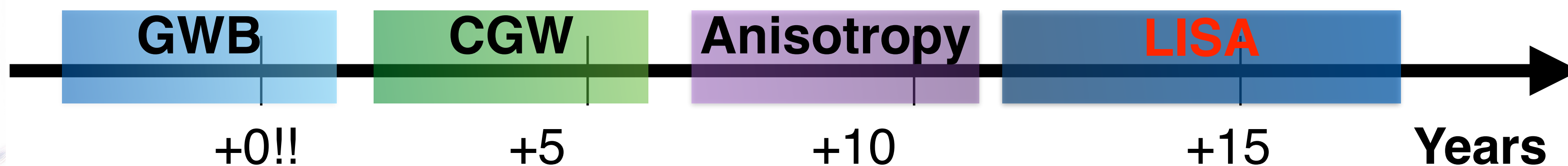
Yale University



Yale

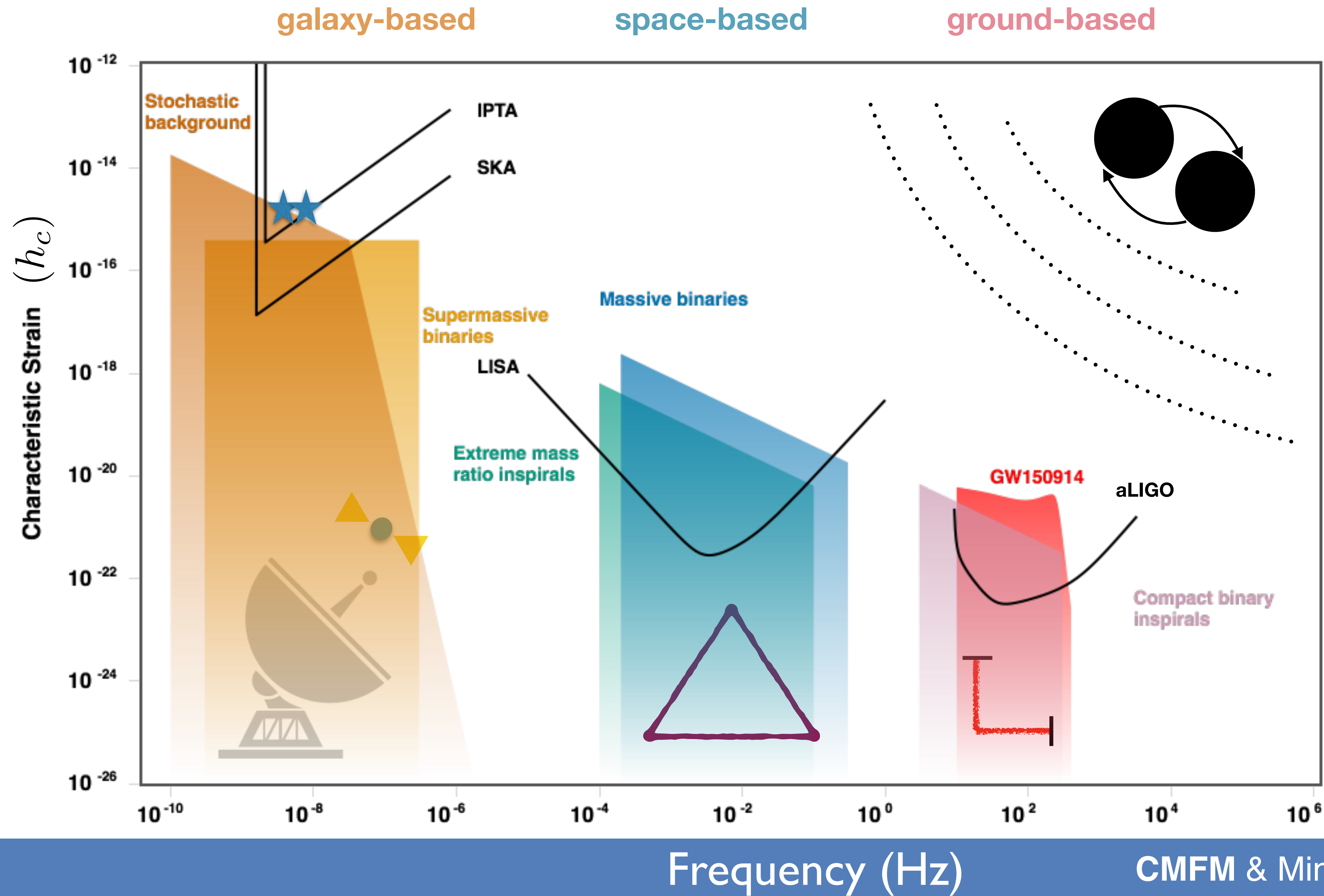
Outline

- The gravitational-wave spectrum
- **Pulsar Timing Arrays:** how they work
- Understanding new results from **NANOGrav** 15-yr data
- The future! Please send me your thoughts!



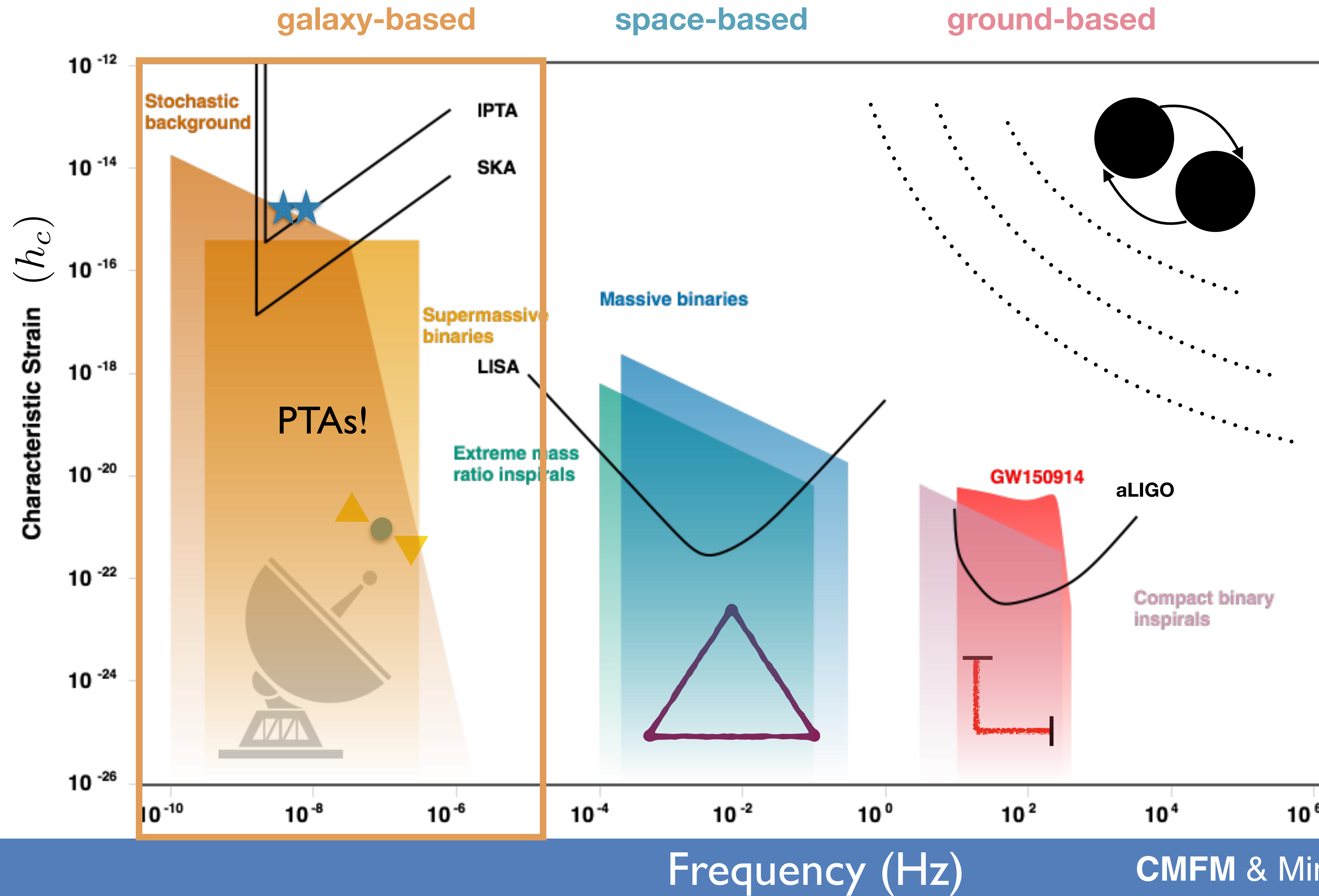
chiara.mingarelli@yale.edu

The Gravitational-Wave Spectrum



- Complementary GW detectors
- LIGO can't see PTA!
- Strain $h = \Delta t / T$
- 25 Myrs in band

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Image: Thankful Cromartie

15-yr data lead: Joe Swiggum

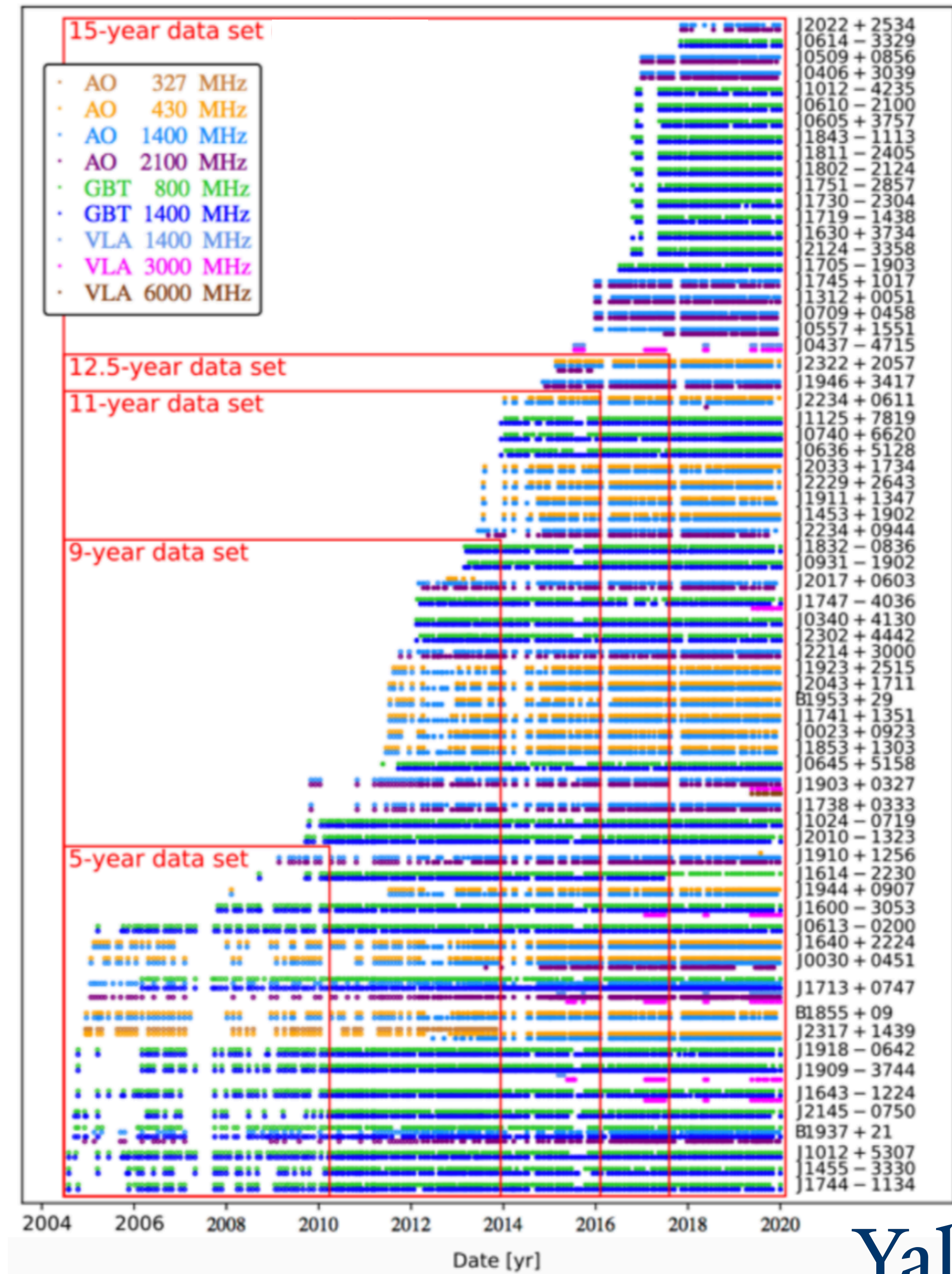


Figure from adapted from Agazie et al. (2023)

NANOGrav 15-yr Data Set

15-yr data lead: Joe Swiggum

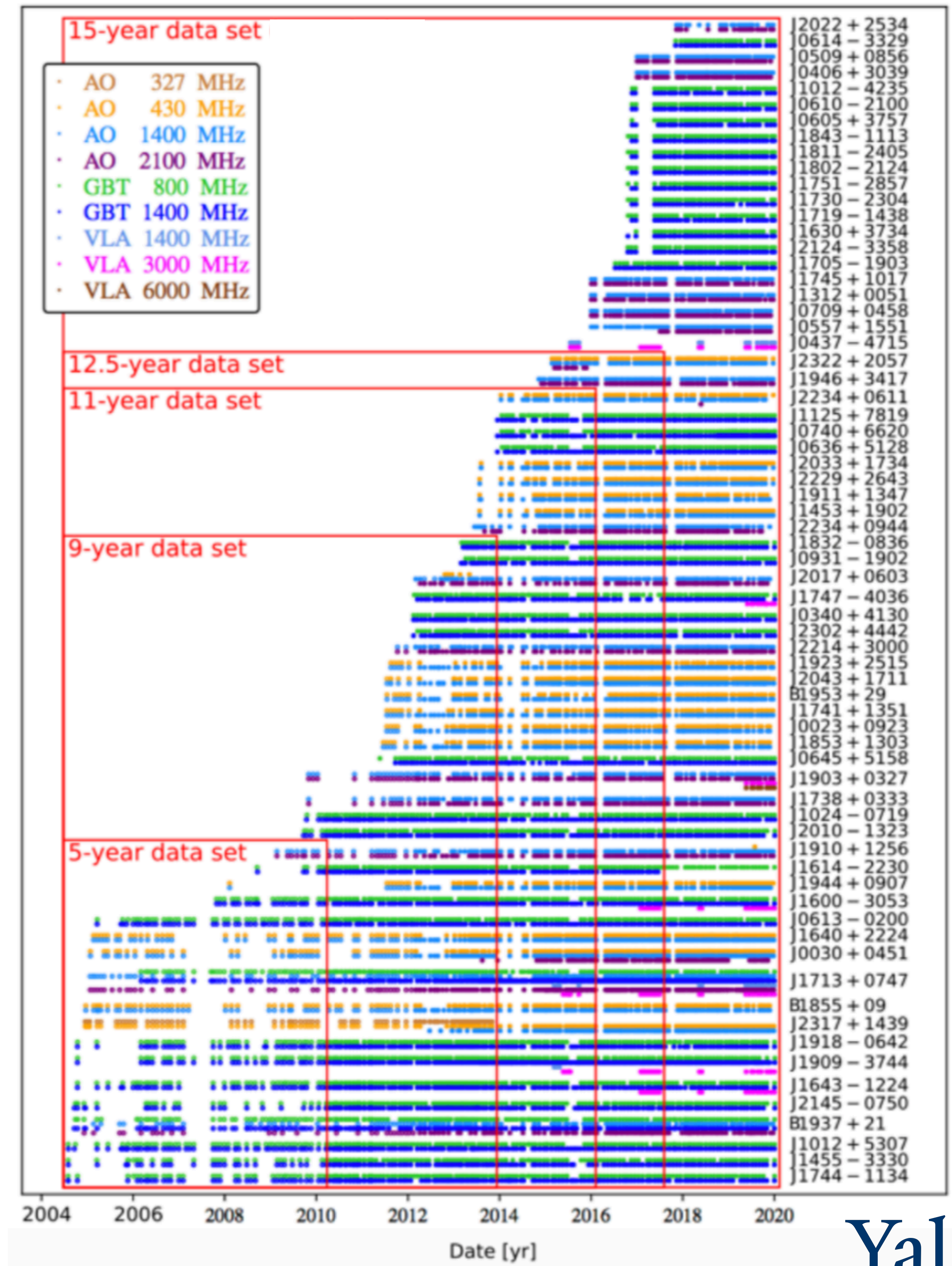


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NANOGrav 15-yr Data Set

- 68 MSPs

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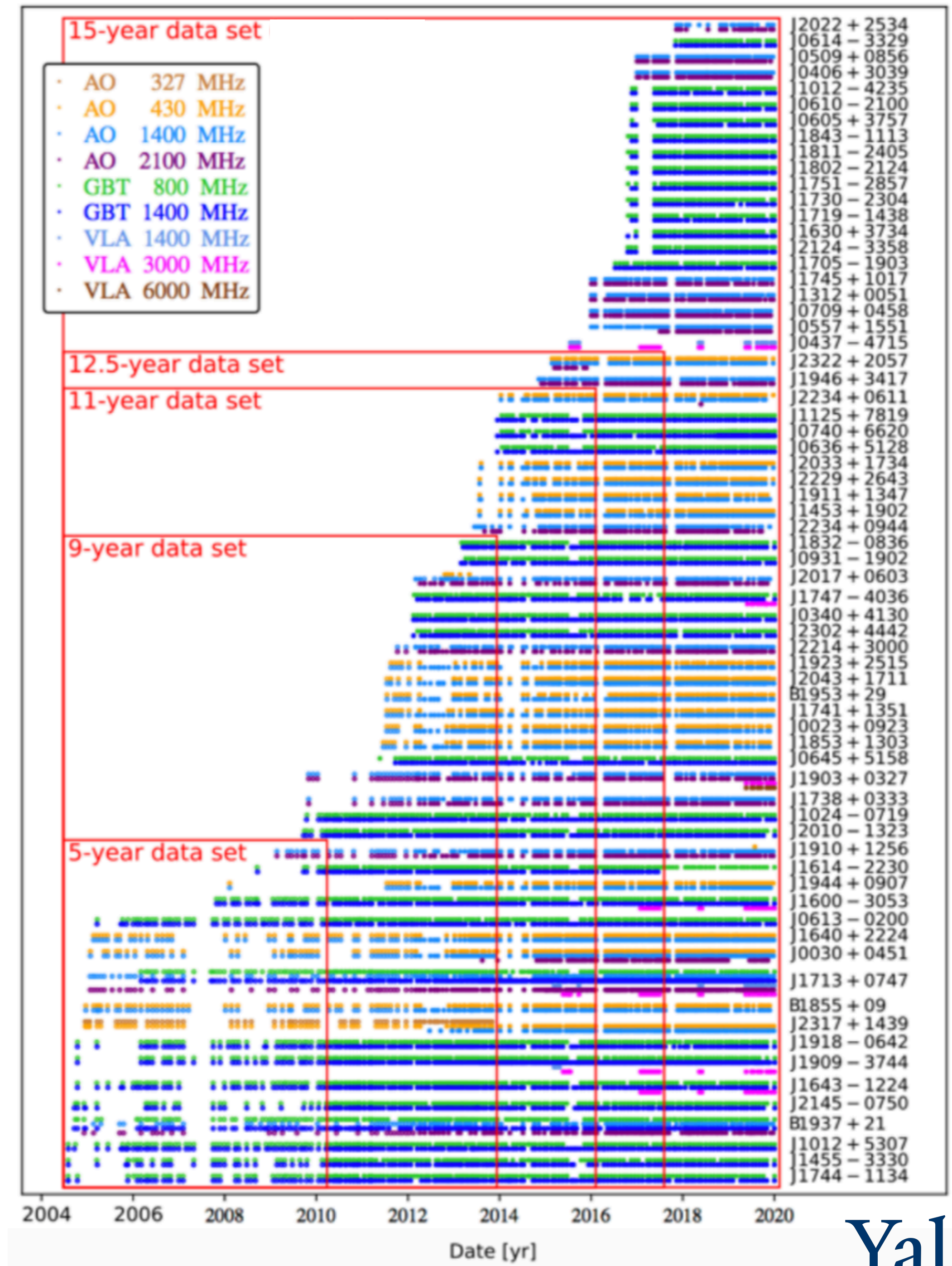


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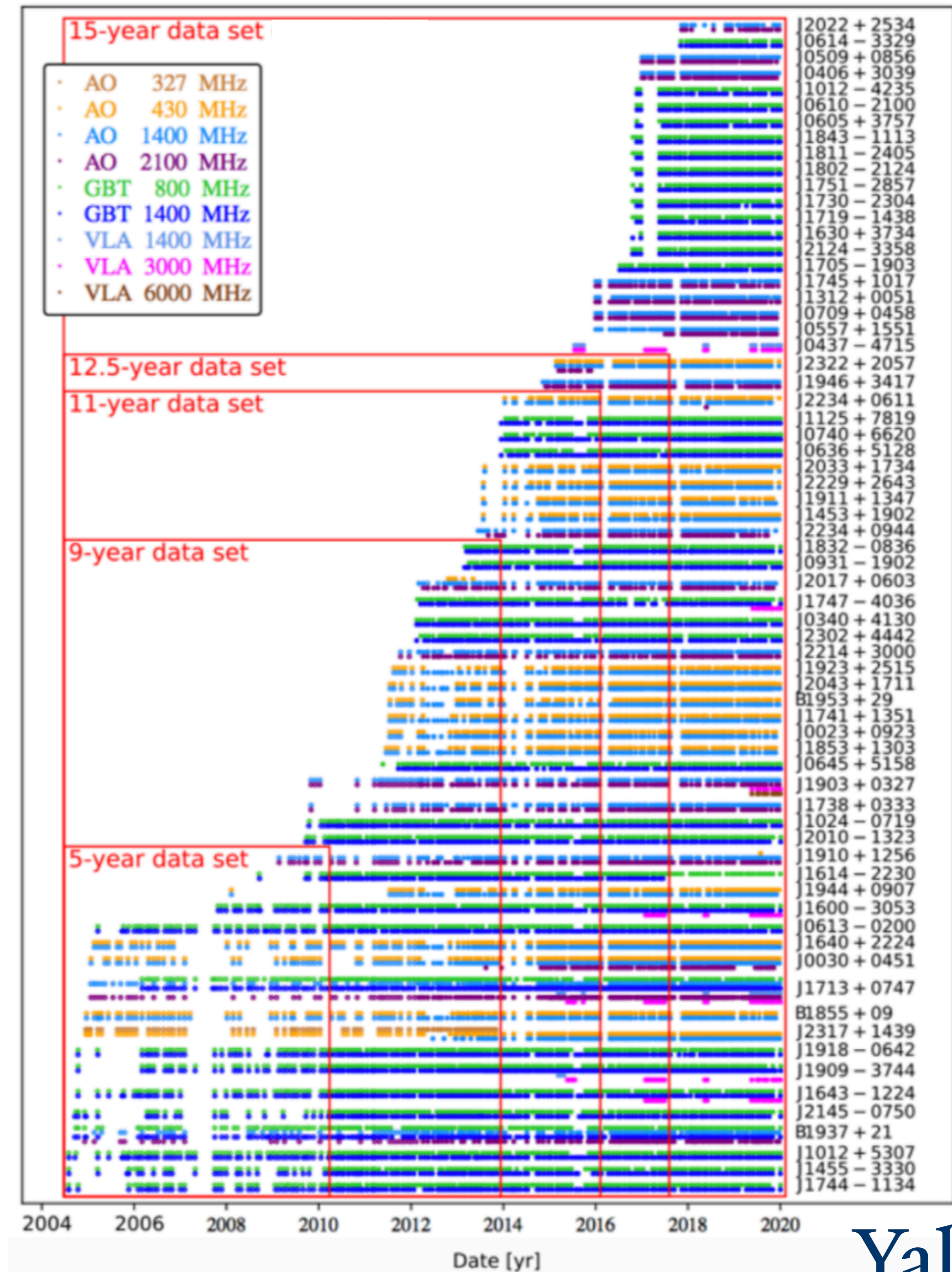


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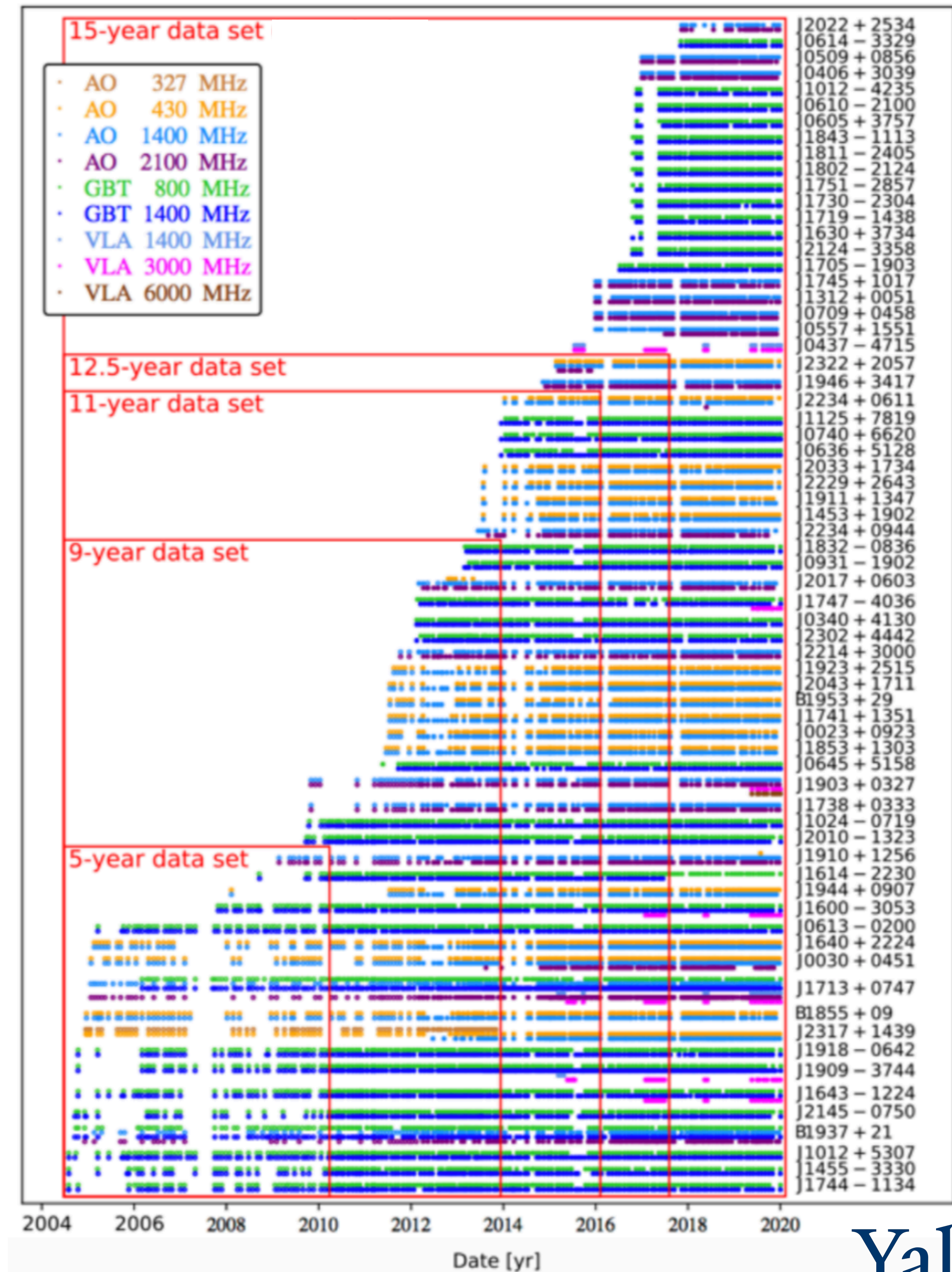


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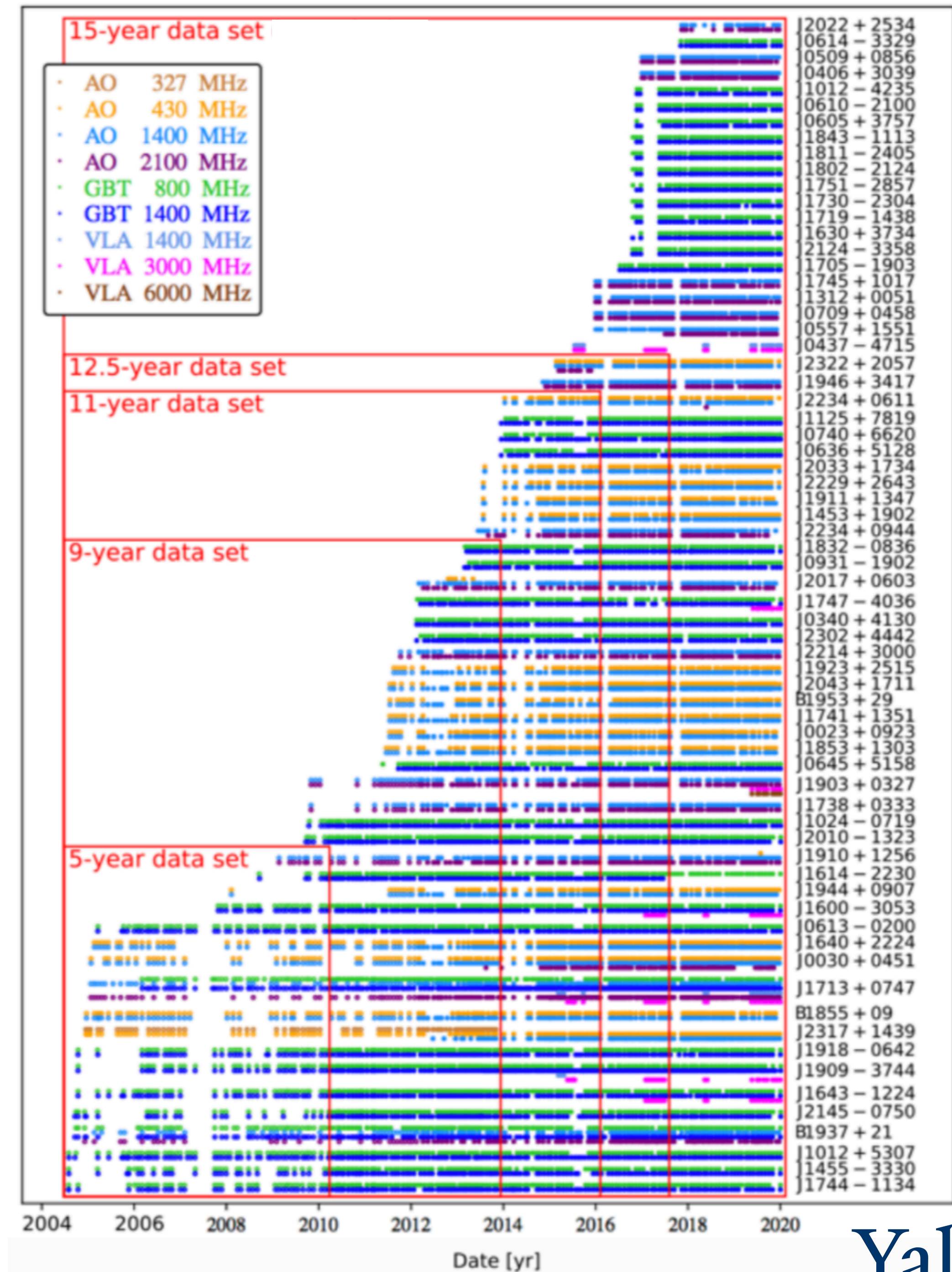
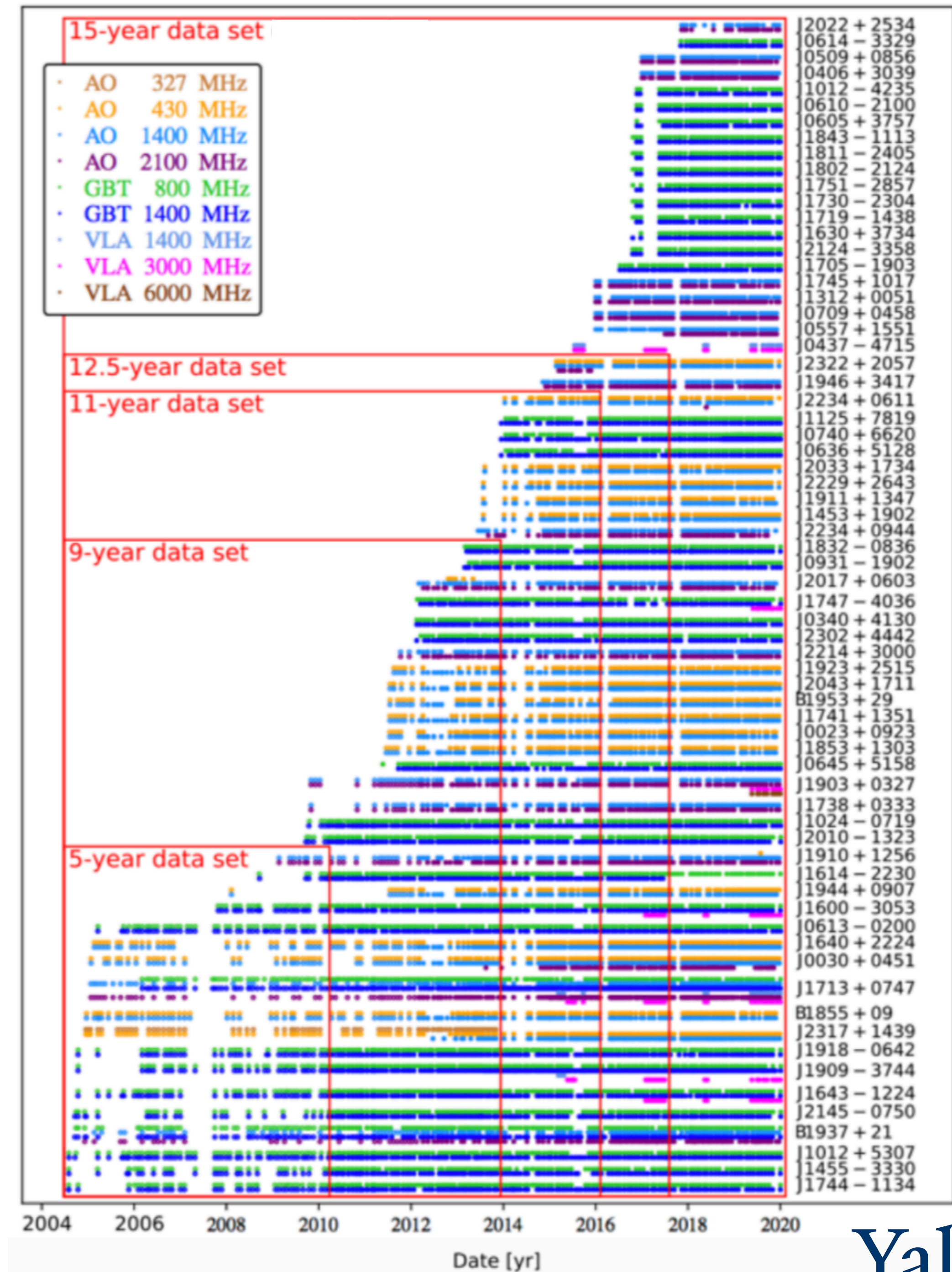


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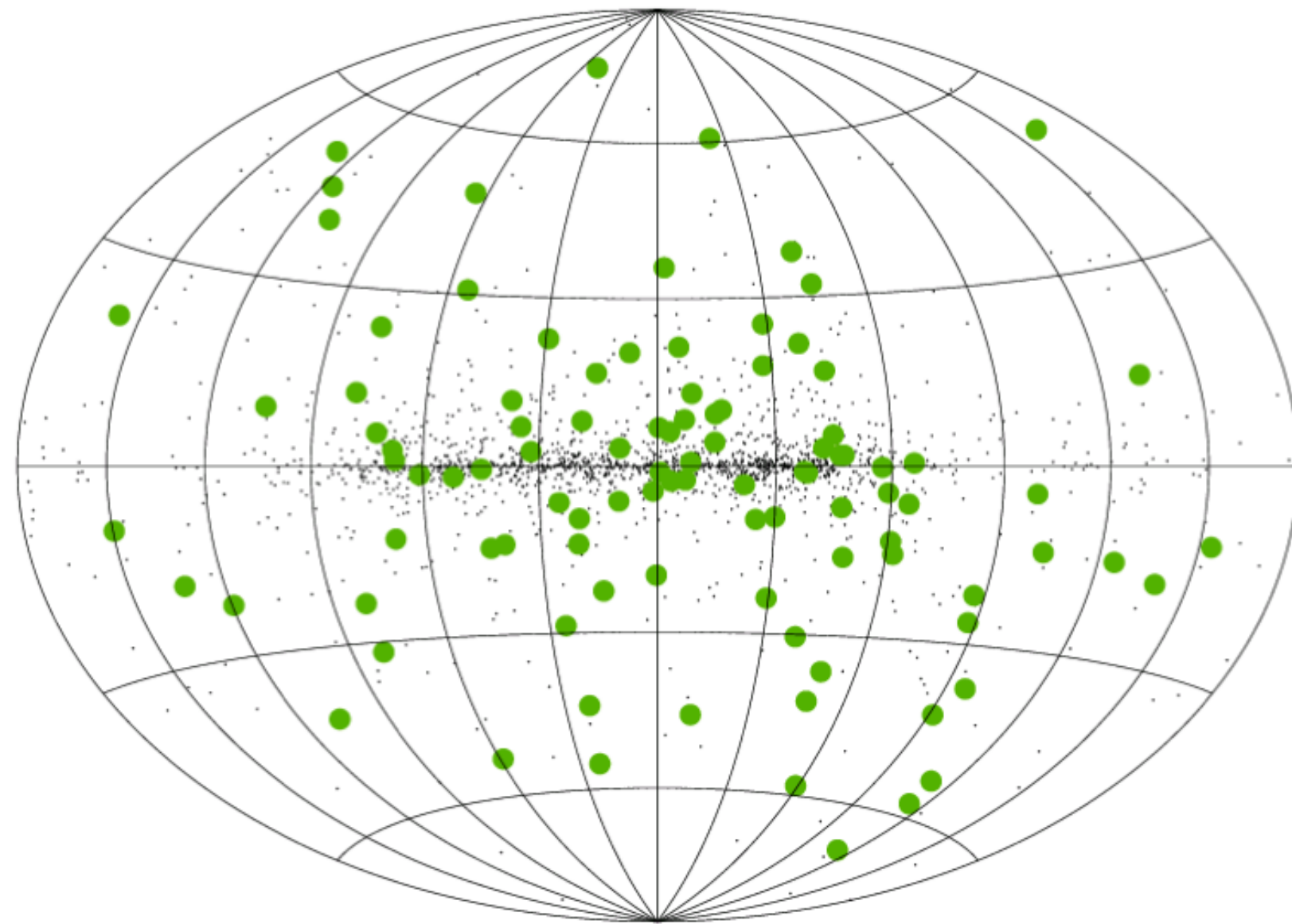
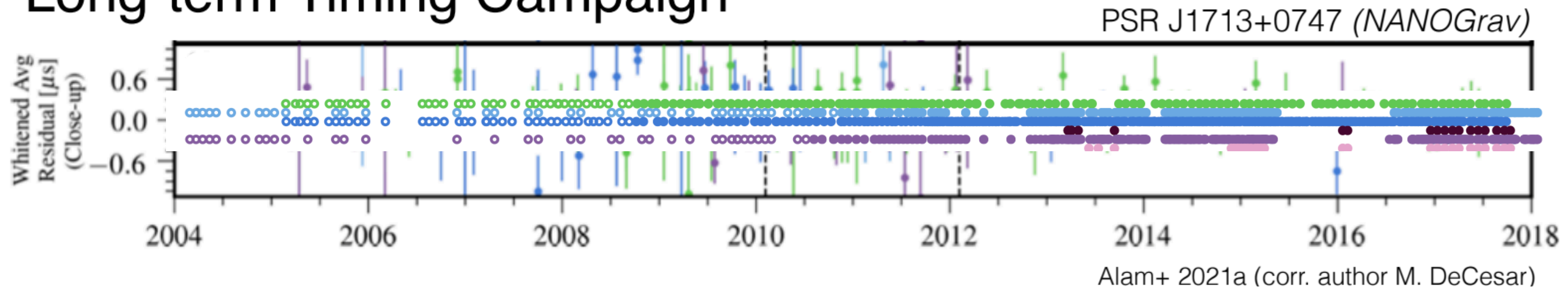
- 68 MSPs
- Timing baselines 3-15 yrs
- Check SNR of common process increasing?
- Check HD significance increasing?
- Significant effort to automate timing pipeline with PINT (Luo+2021) for reproducibility .

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Millisecond Pulsars

Long-term Timing Campaign



2300 known pulsars, 230 MSPs
Maybe 30,000 detectable!

Cross-power spectral density between pulsar a and b

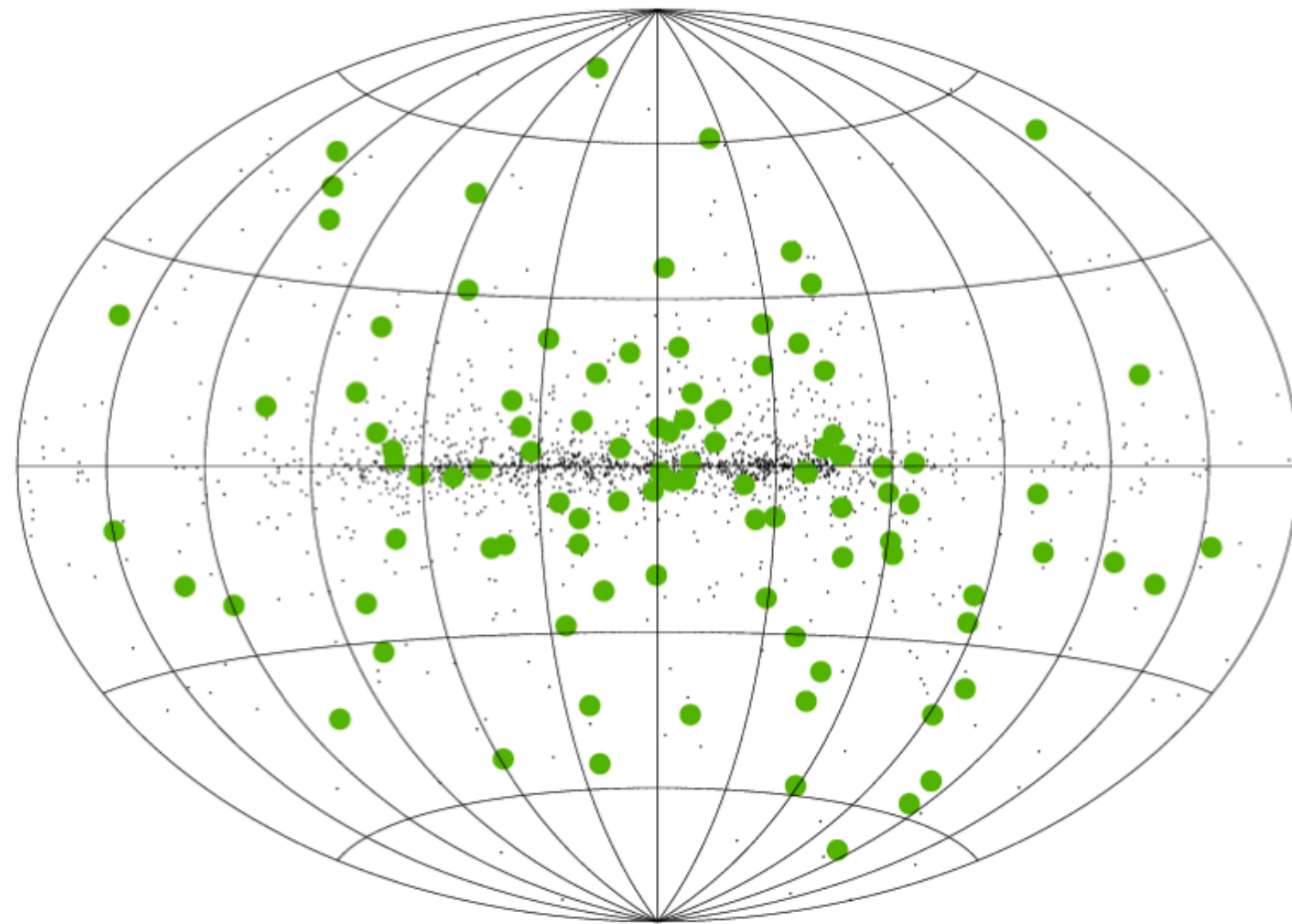
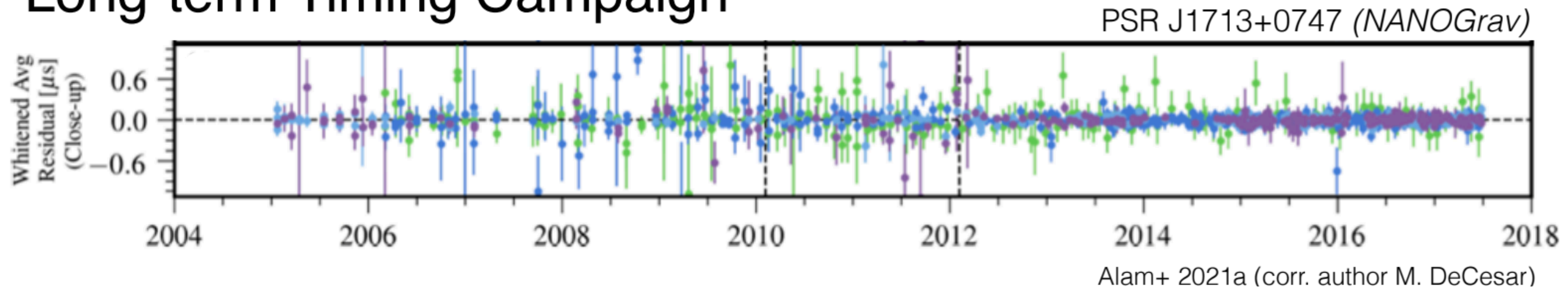
$$S_{ab}(f) = \Gamma_{ab}(f) \frac{h_c^2(f)}{12\pi^2 f^3}$$

Angular correlation function

Sum of the strain emitted by e.g. SMBHBs over their cosmic merger history (Phinney 2001)

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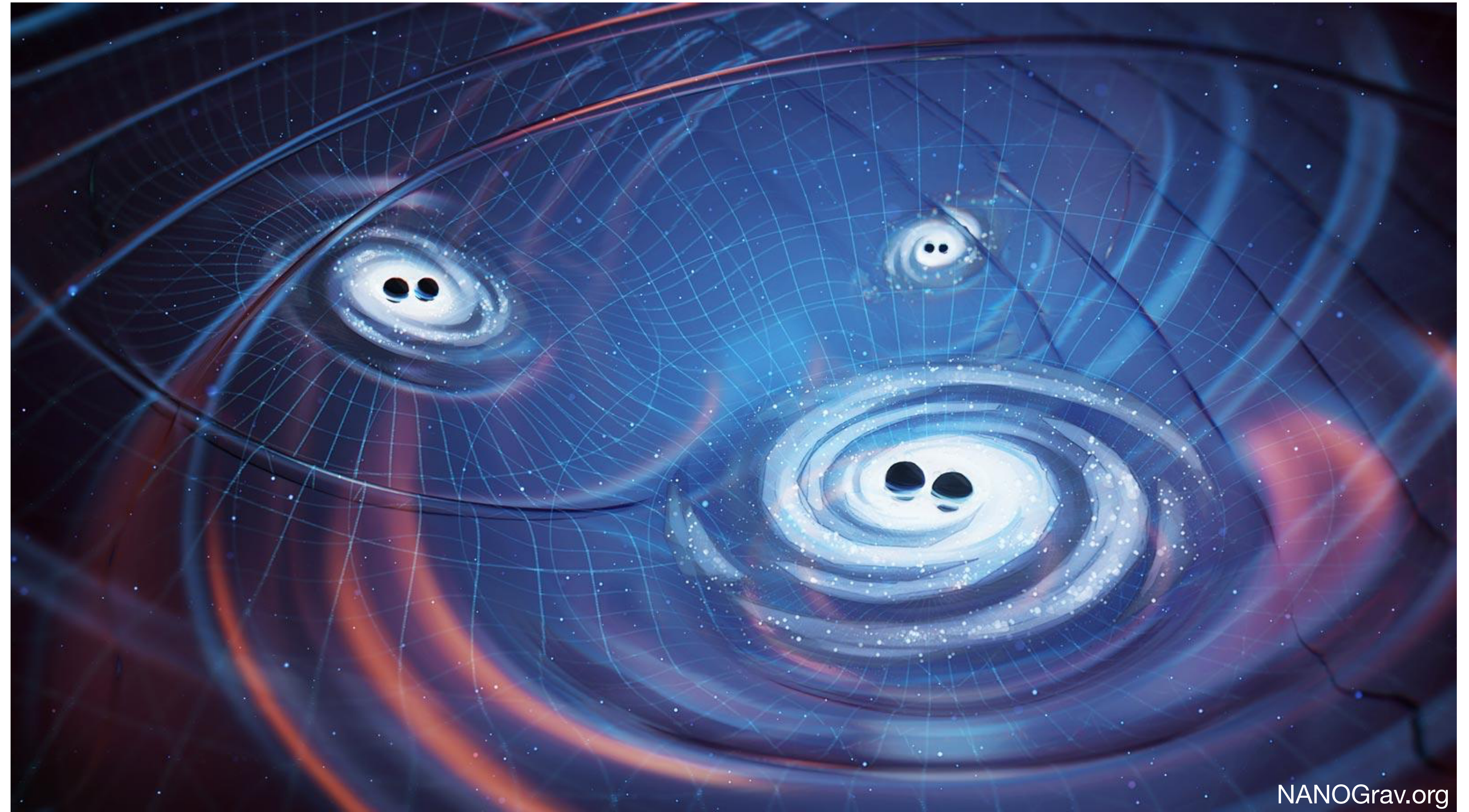
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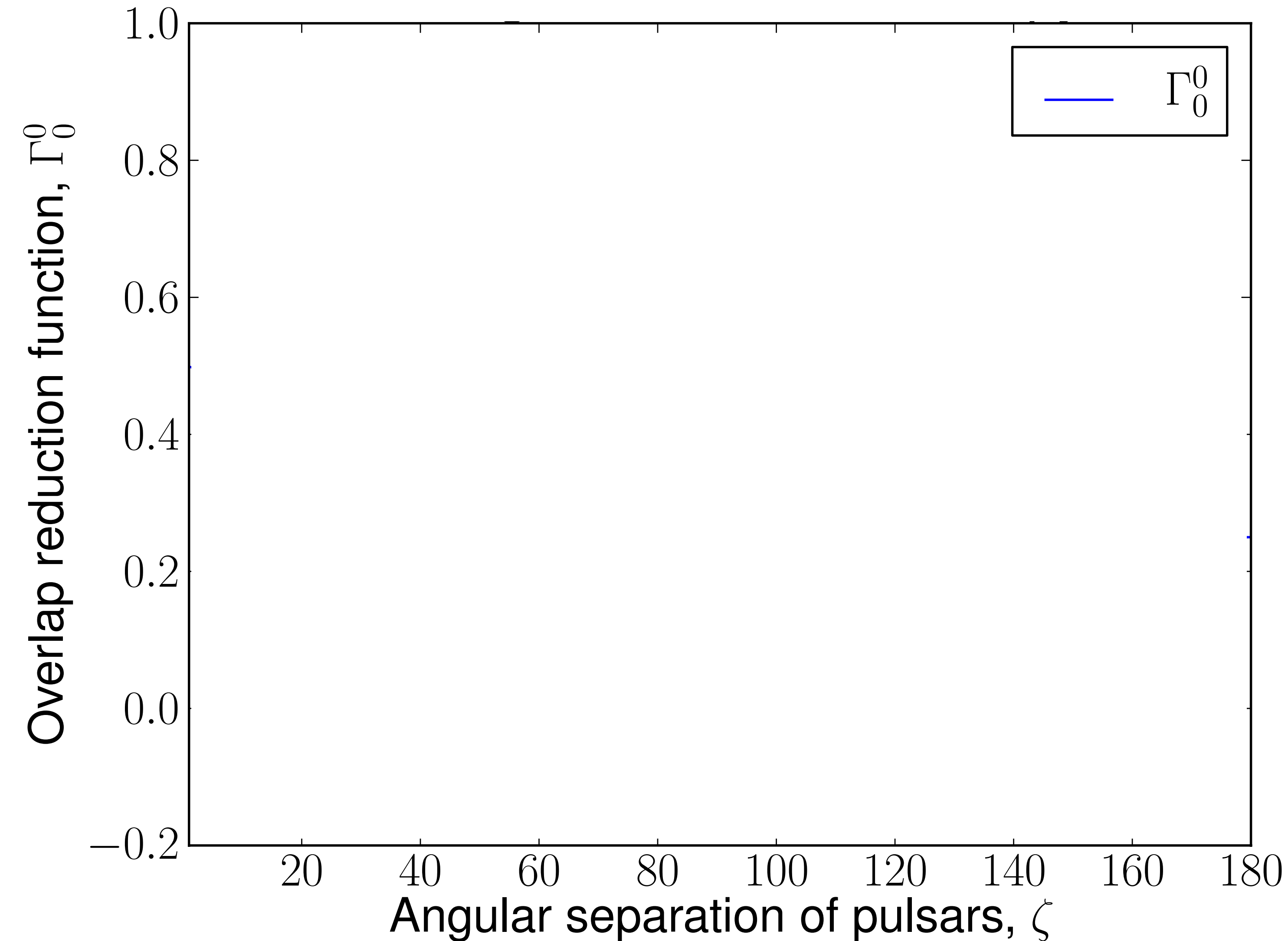
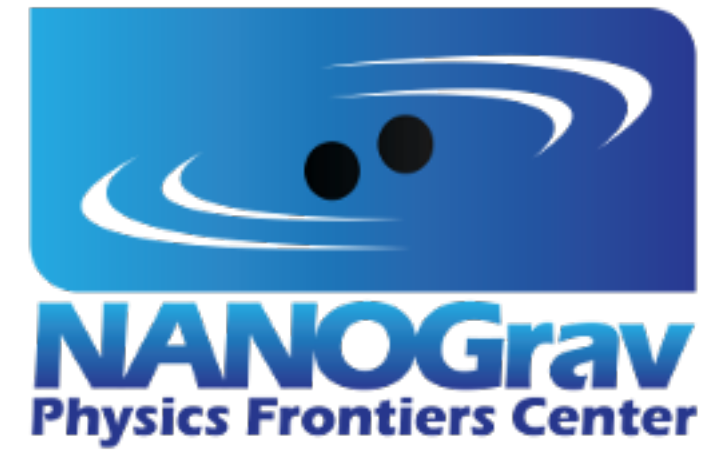
A random gravitational-wave background

- Primary Target: cosmic merger history of supermassive black holes should create a GWB
- 100,000s + SMBHBs per frequency bin — stochastic GWB
- Other GWB sources **Primordial GWs** and more?
- **Creates a signal with the same amplitude** in all pulsars with additional geometric term



NANOGrav.org

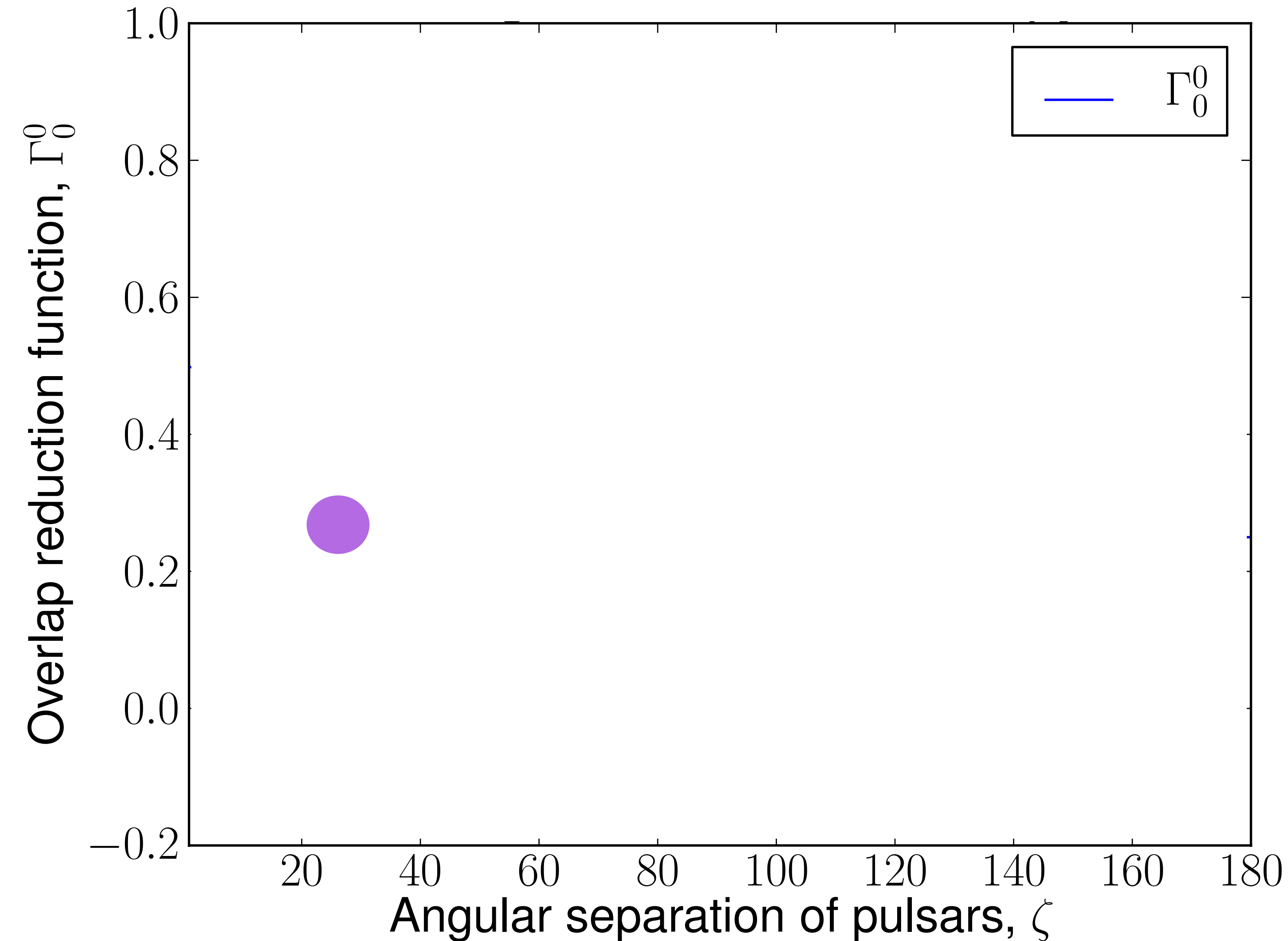
Gravitational-Wave Backgrounds



- SMBHBs, cosmic strings?
- Hellings and Downs curve
- Assumes background is isotropic (is it?)
- Pulsar correlations create “curve”
- Changes for alternative theories of gravity and anisotropic GWBs

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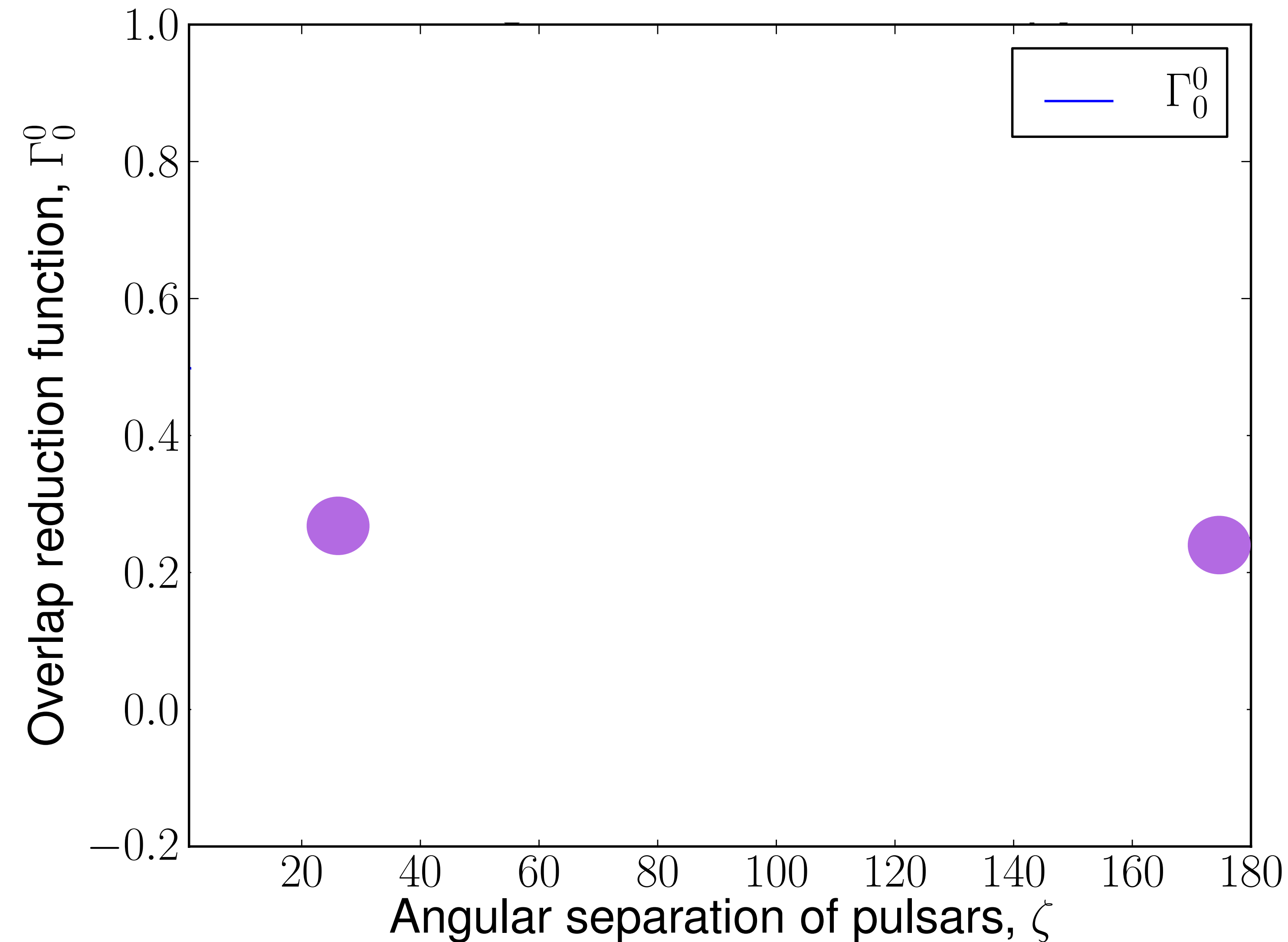
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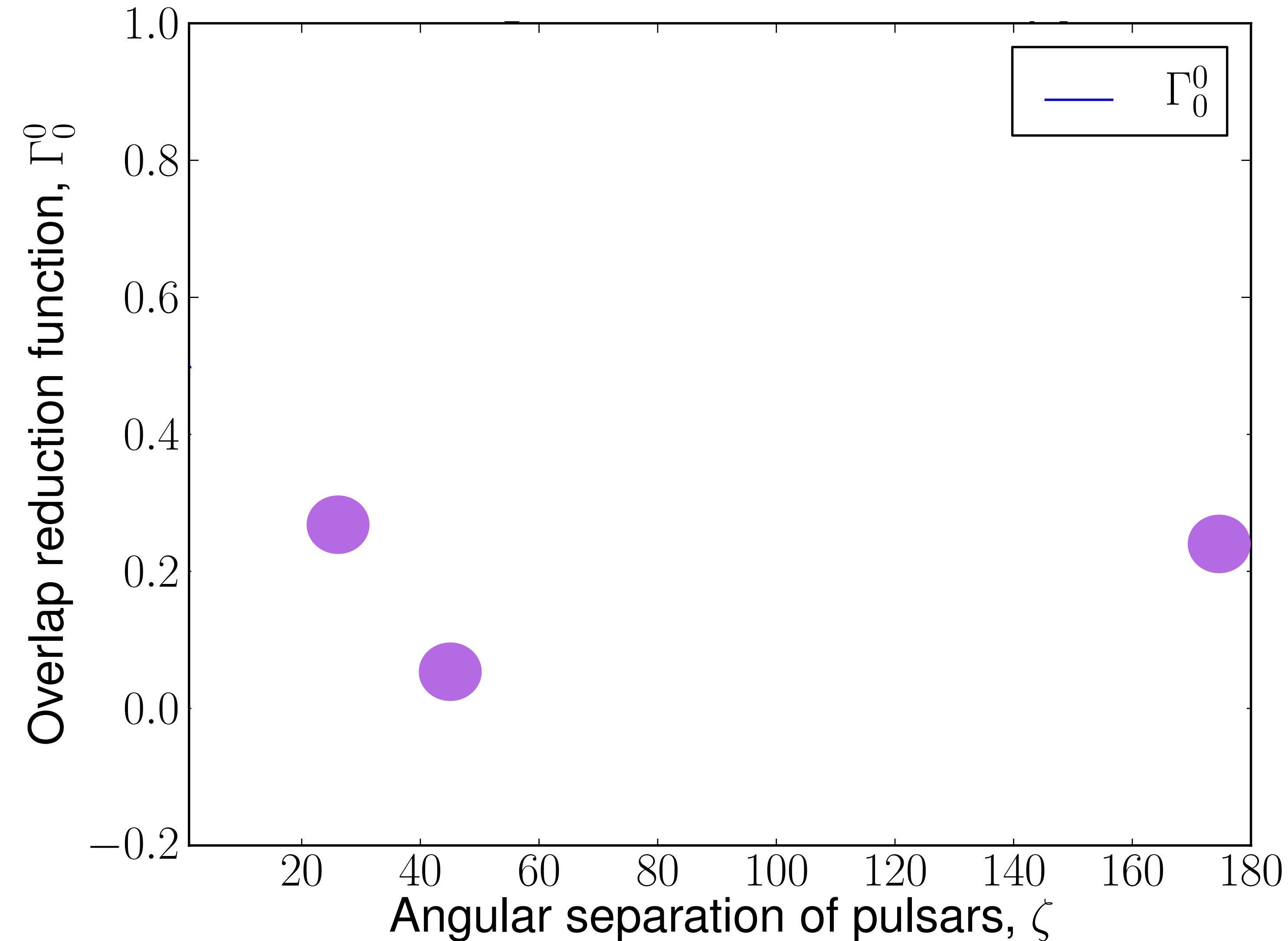
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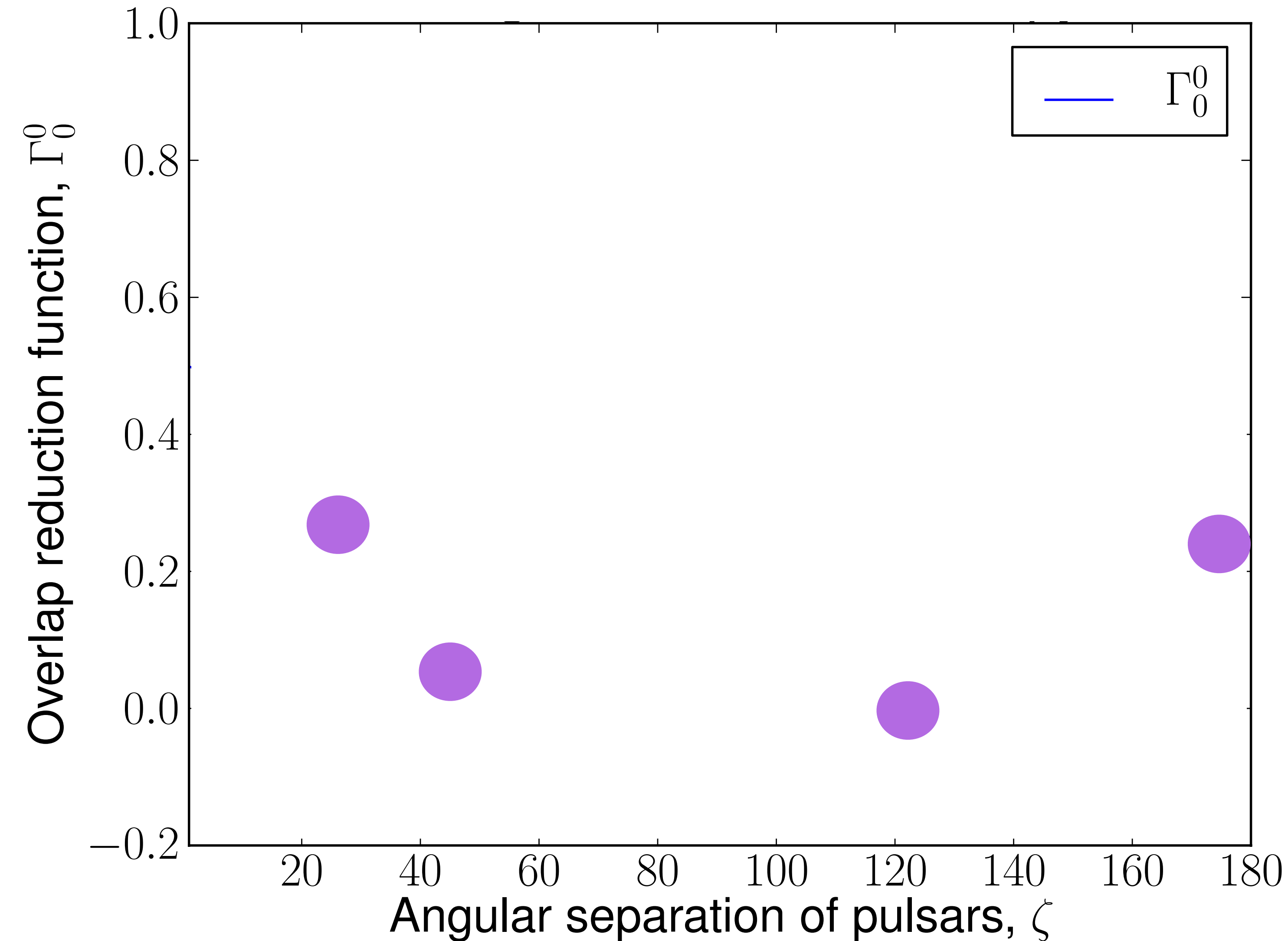
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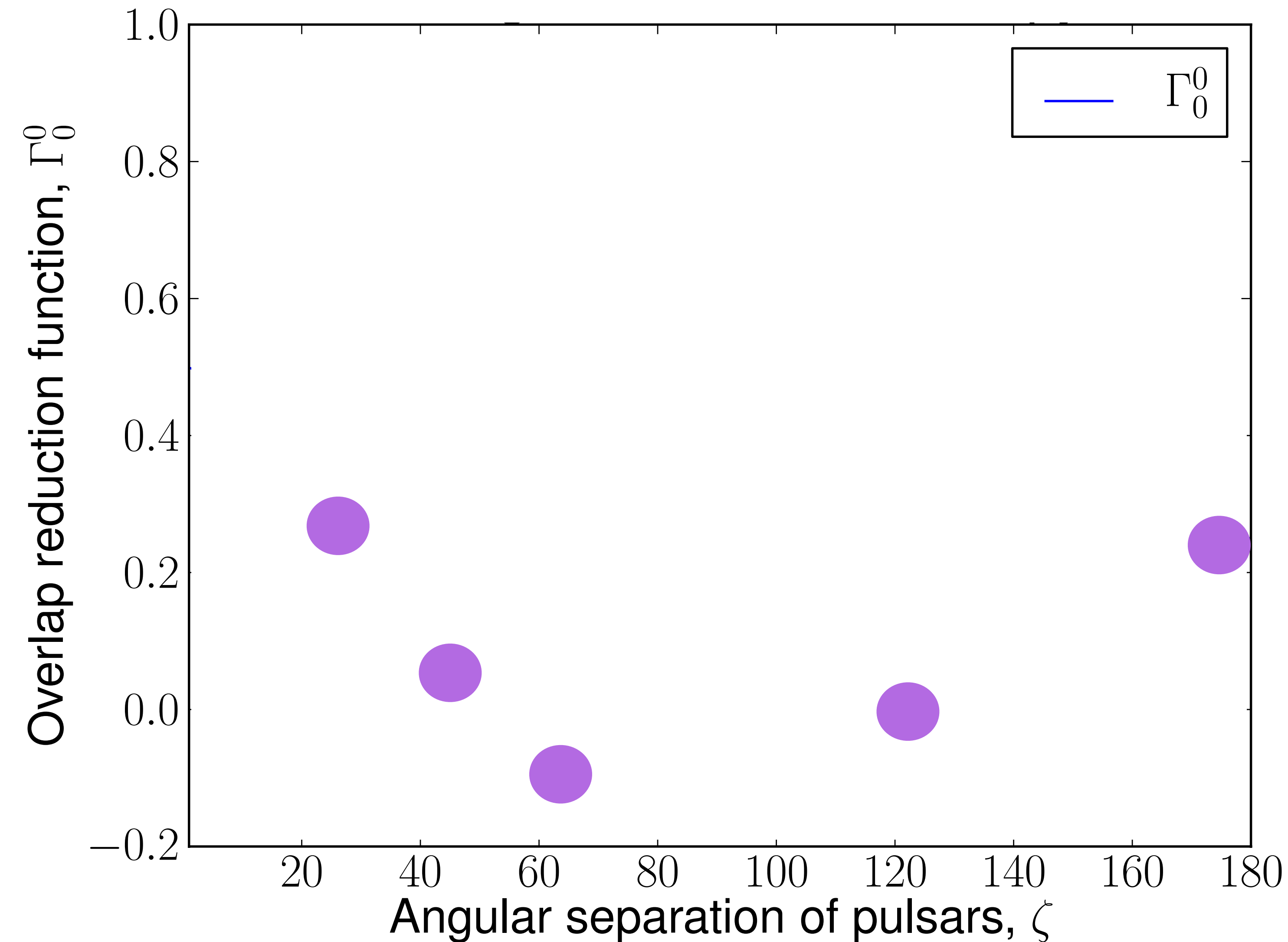
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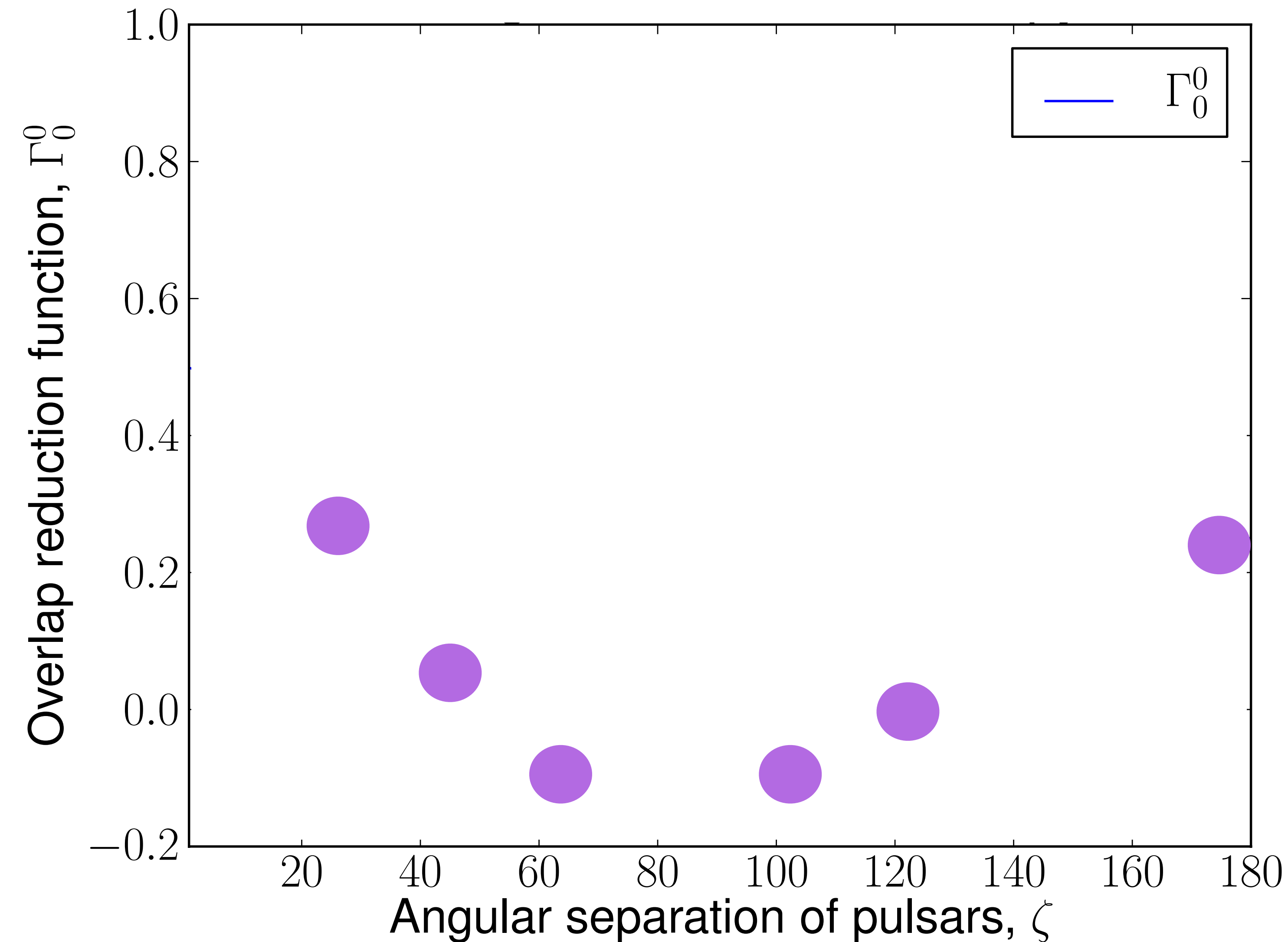
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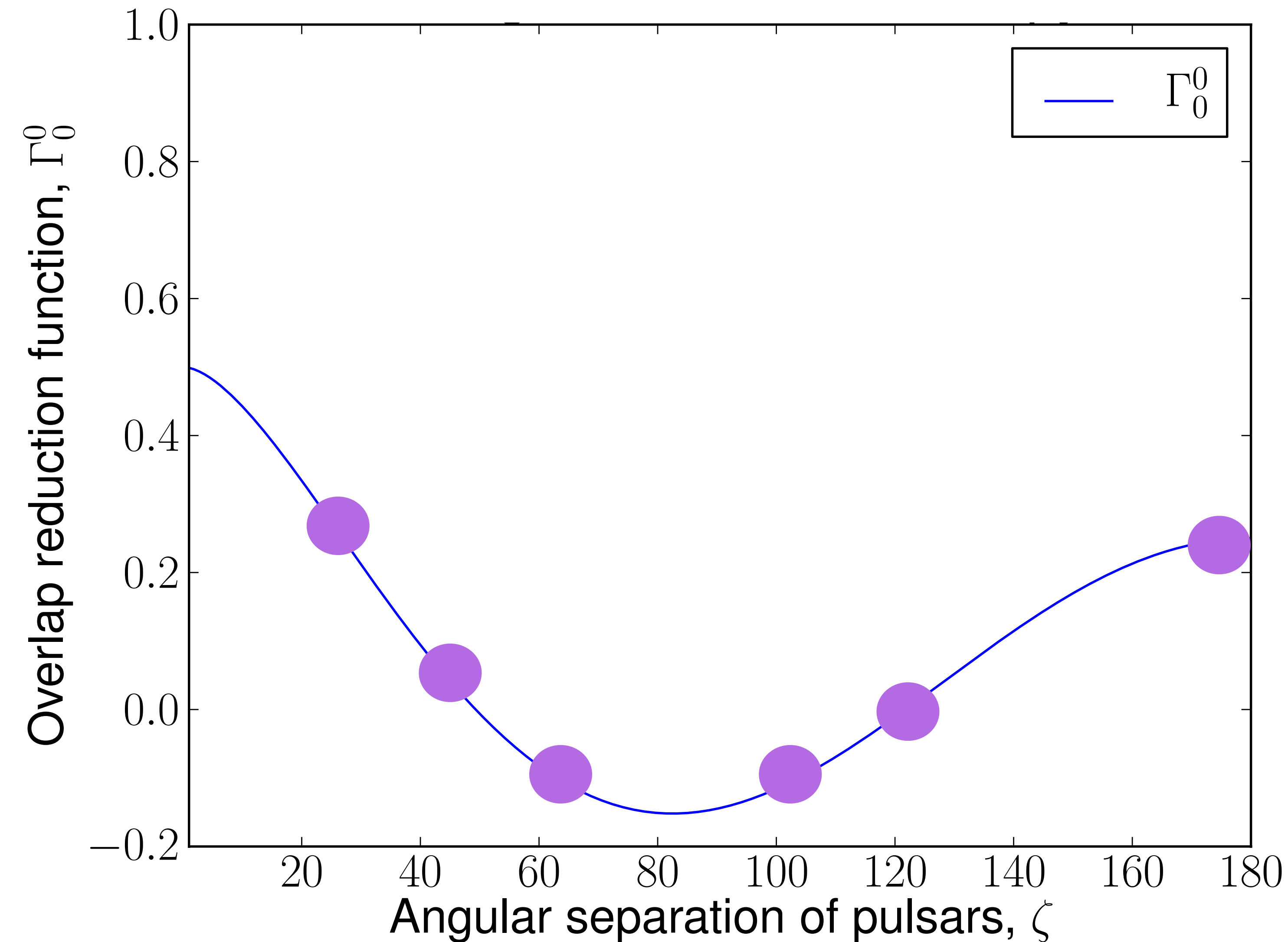
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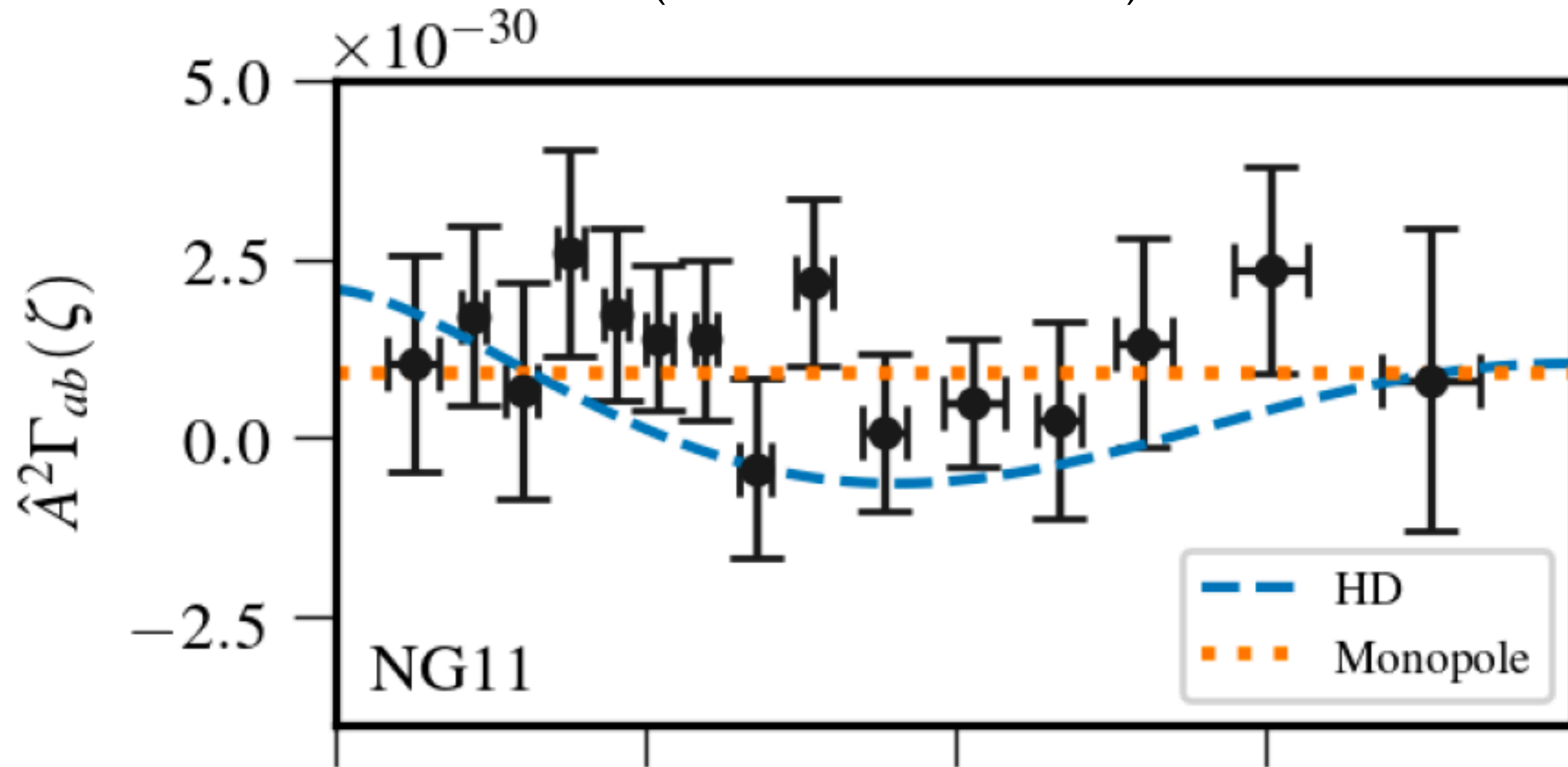


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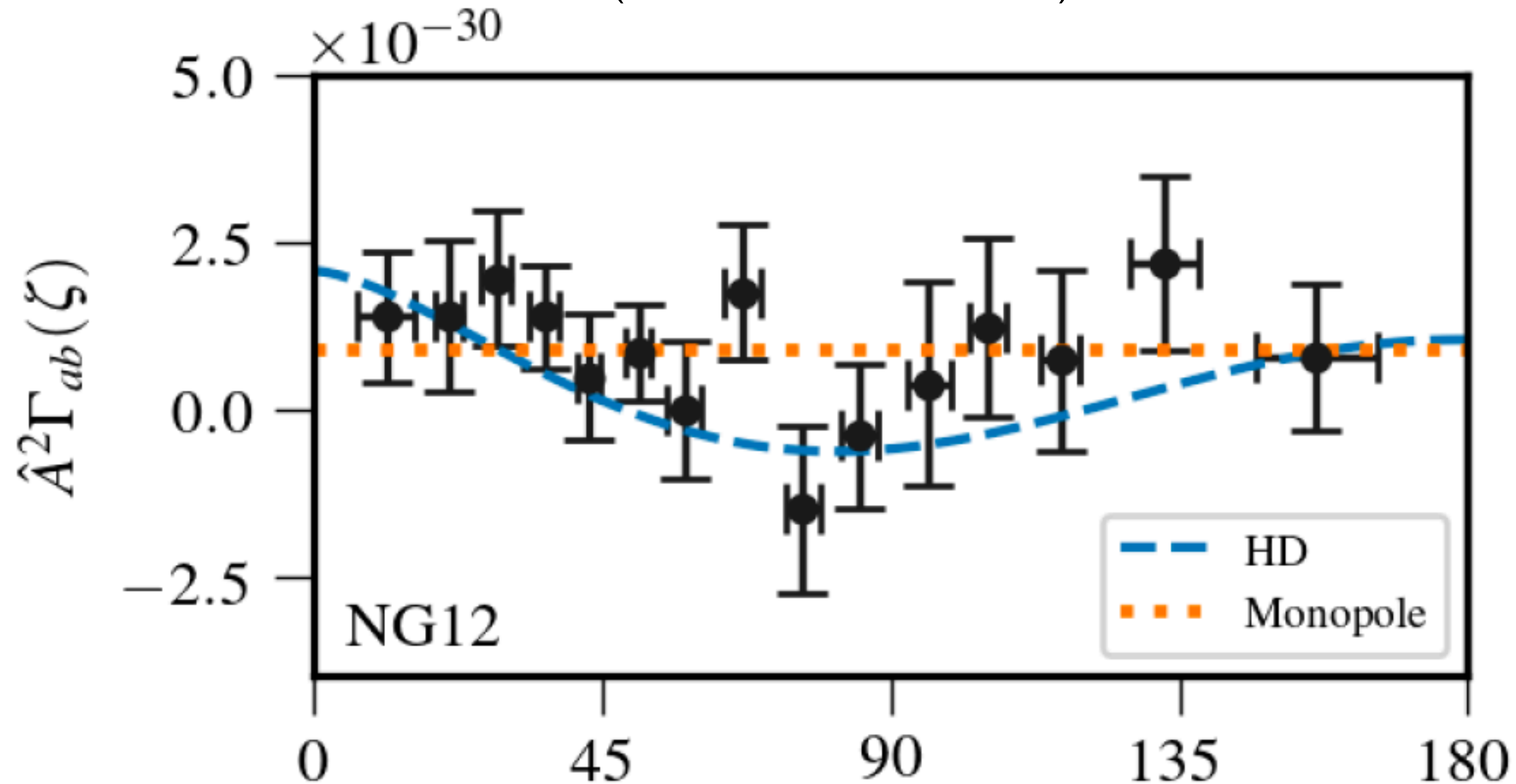
Is there a HD curve in the data?

(With cross-correlations)

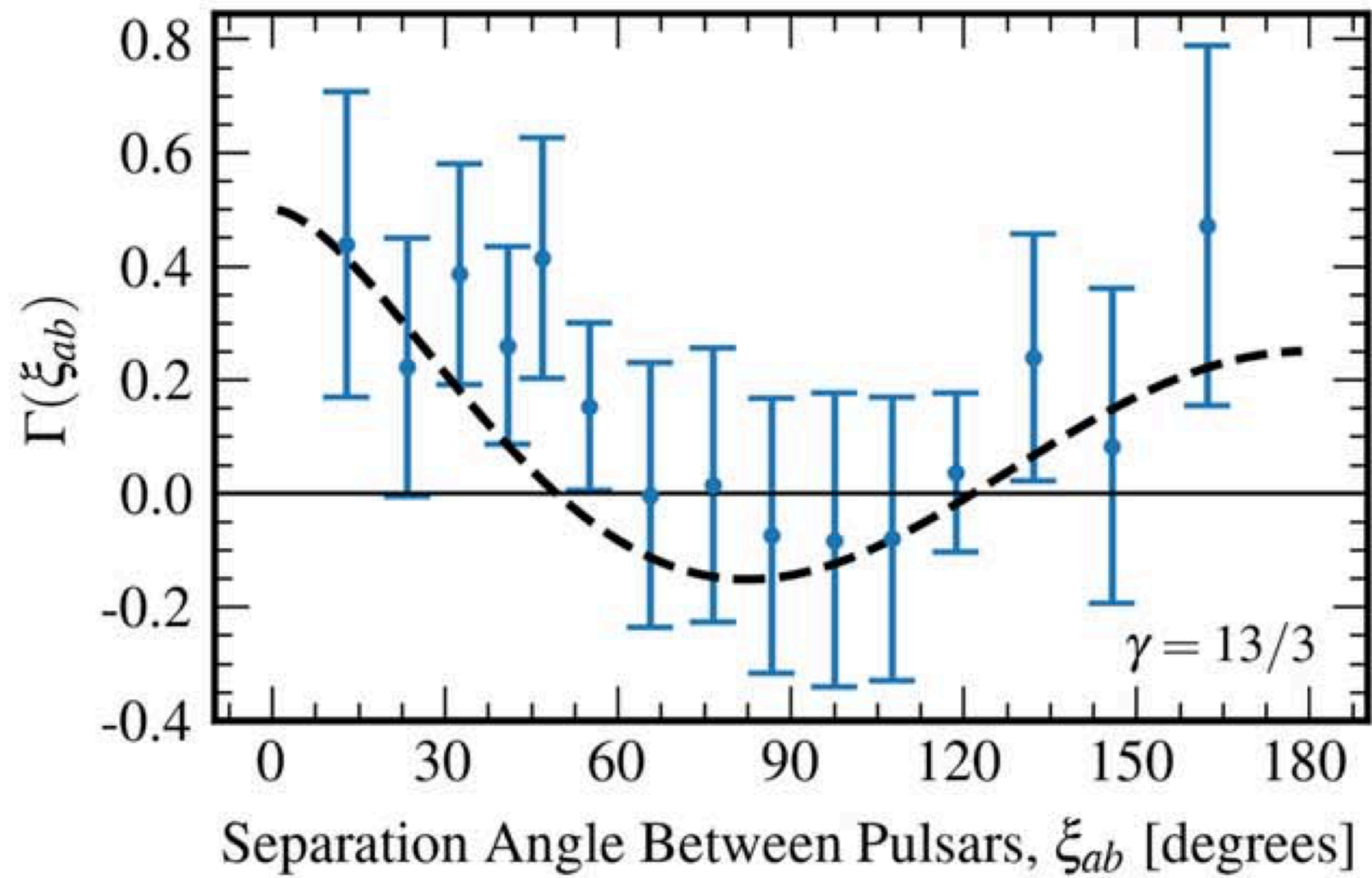


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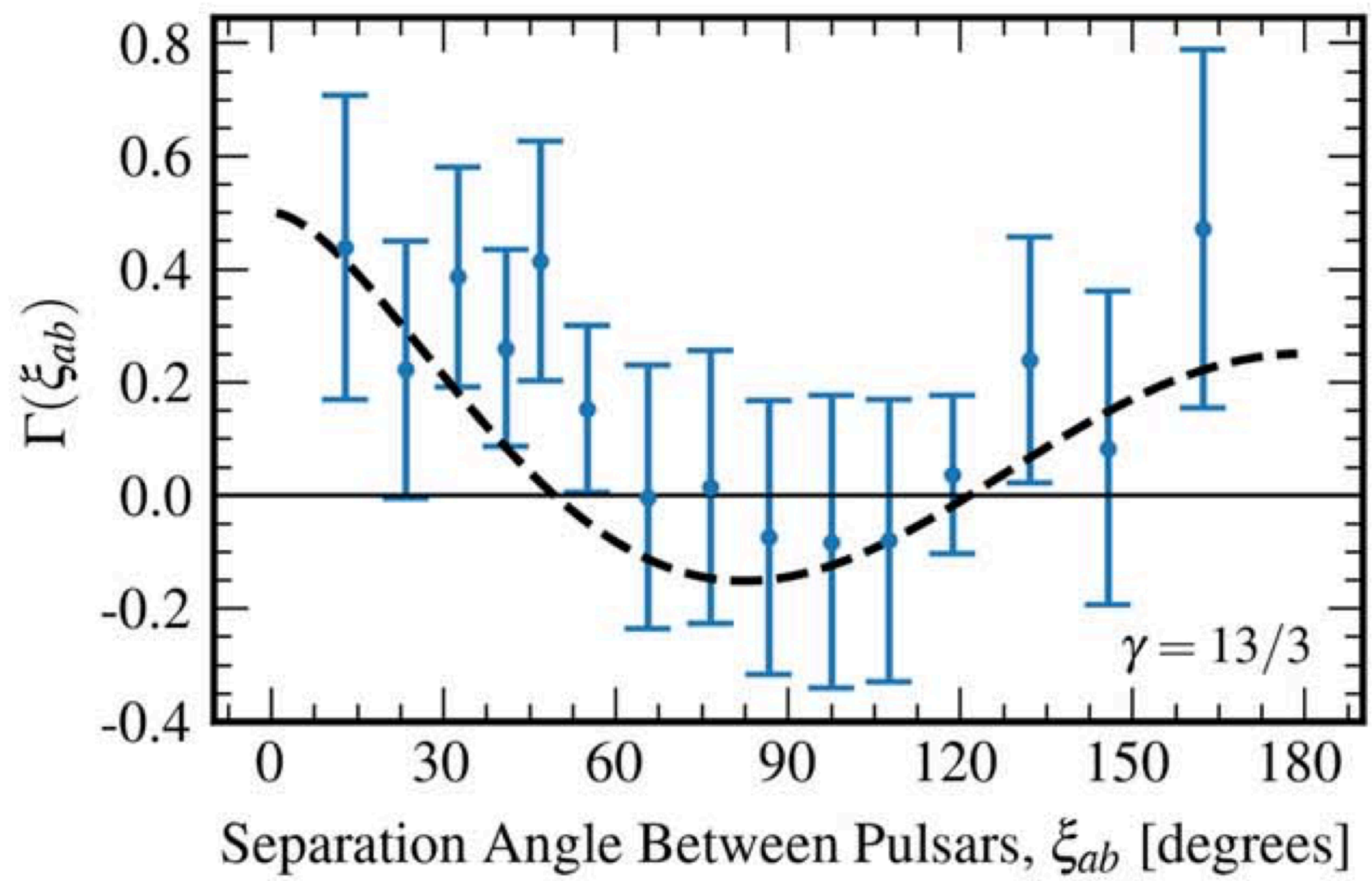
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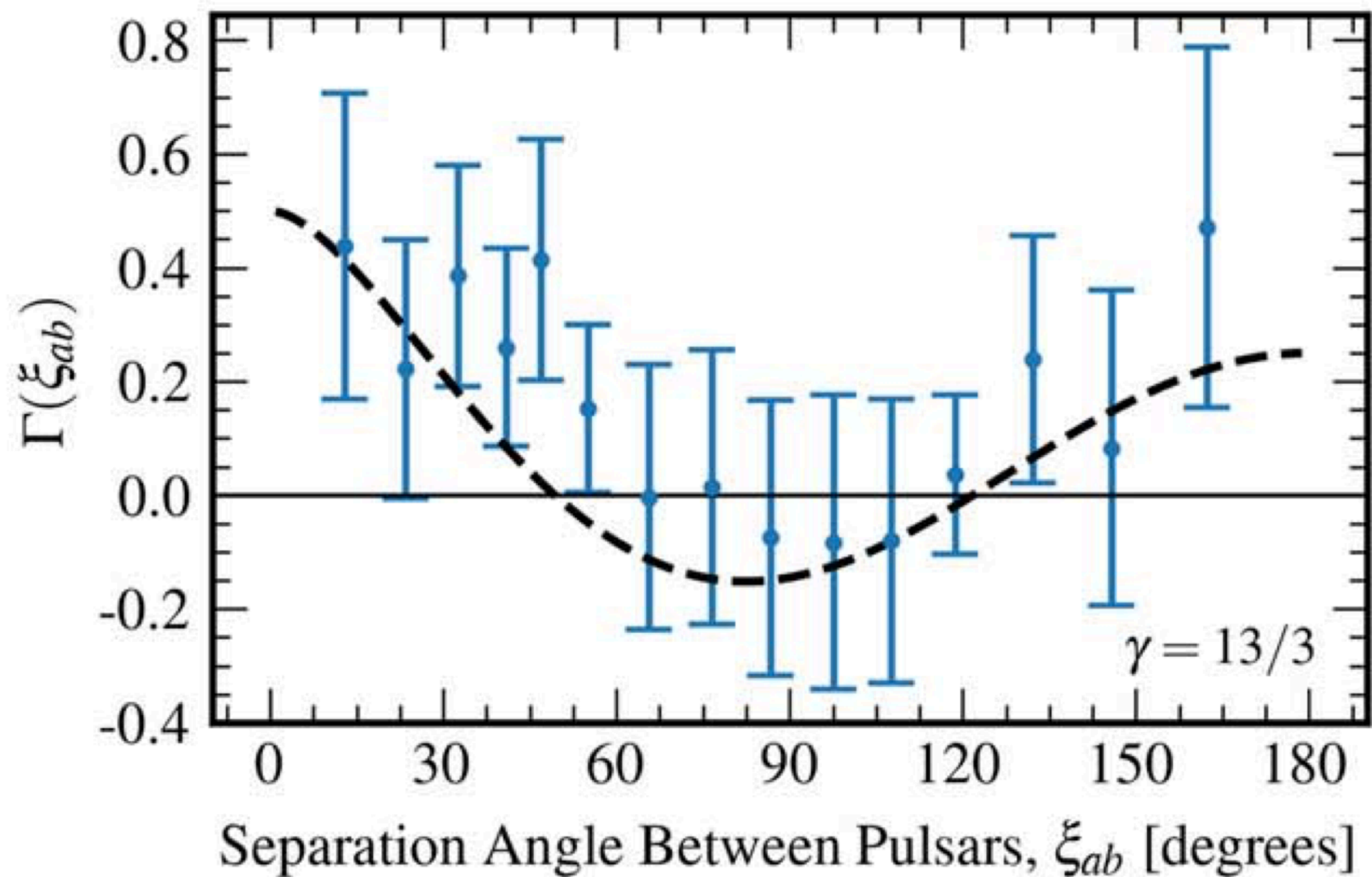


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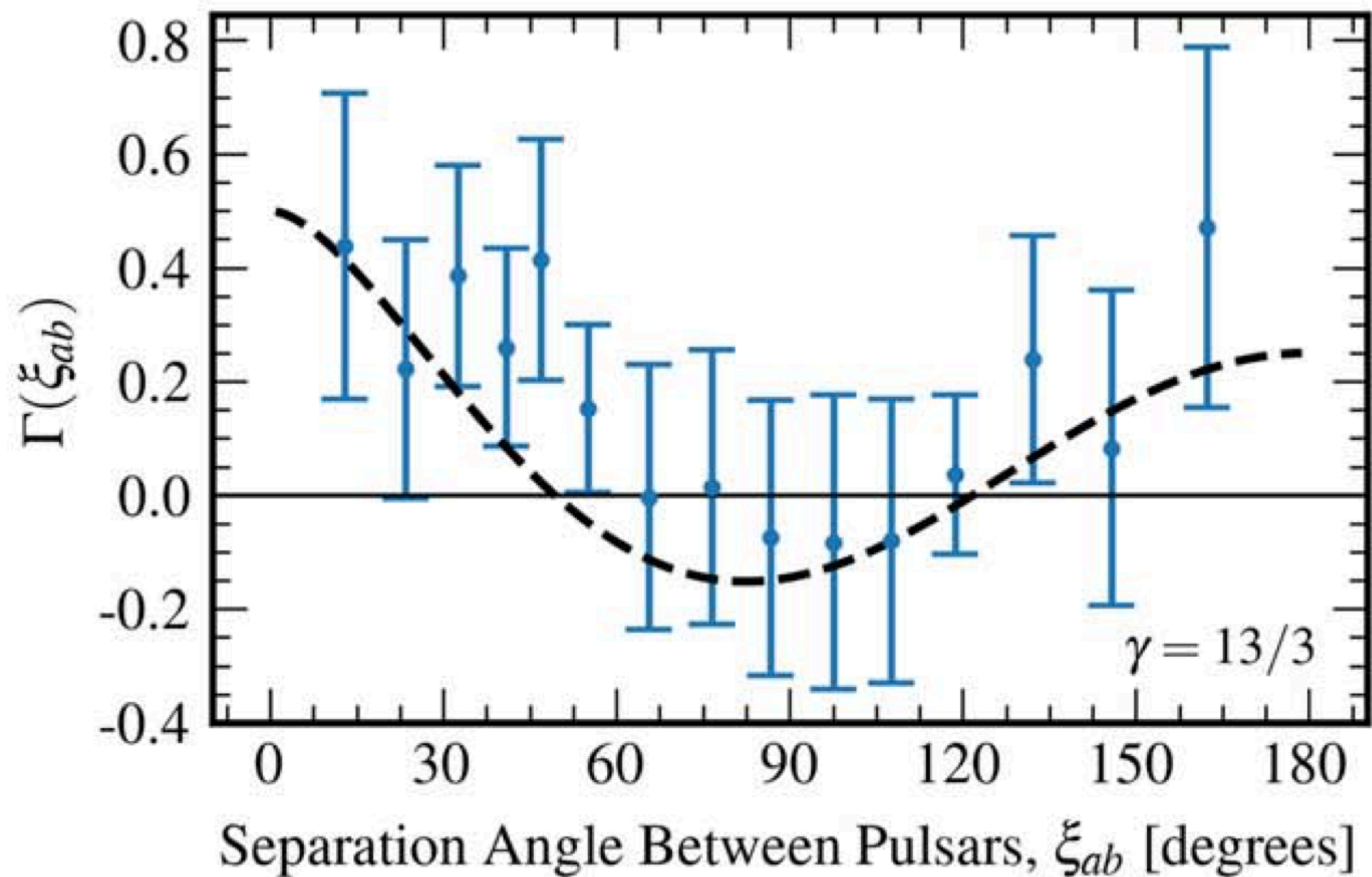
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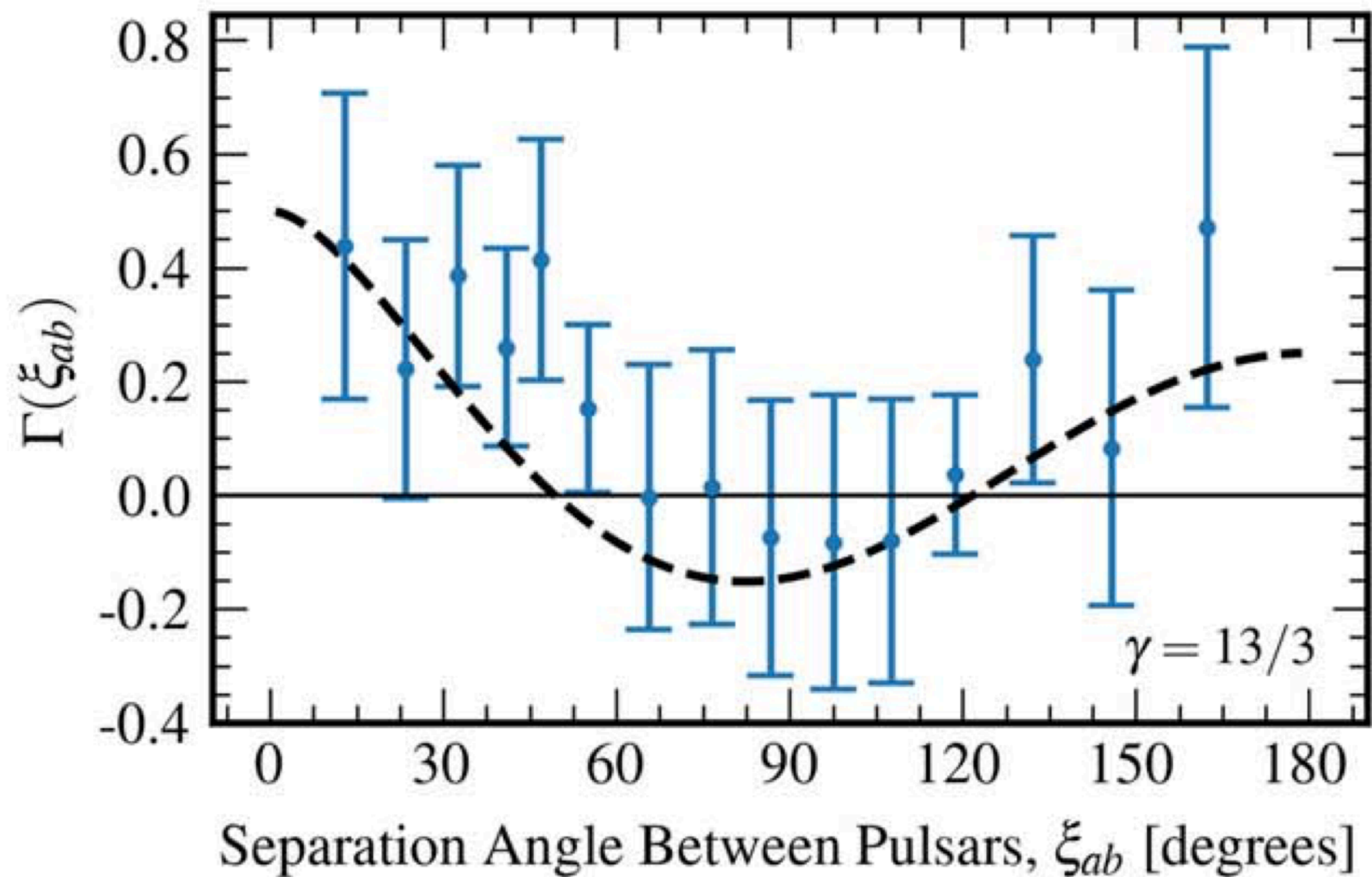
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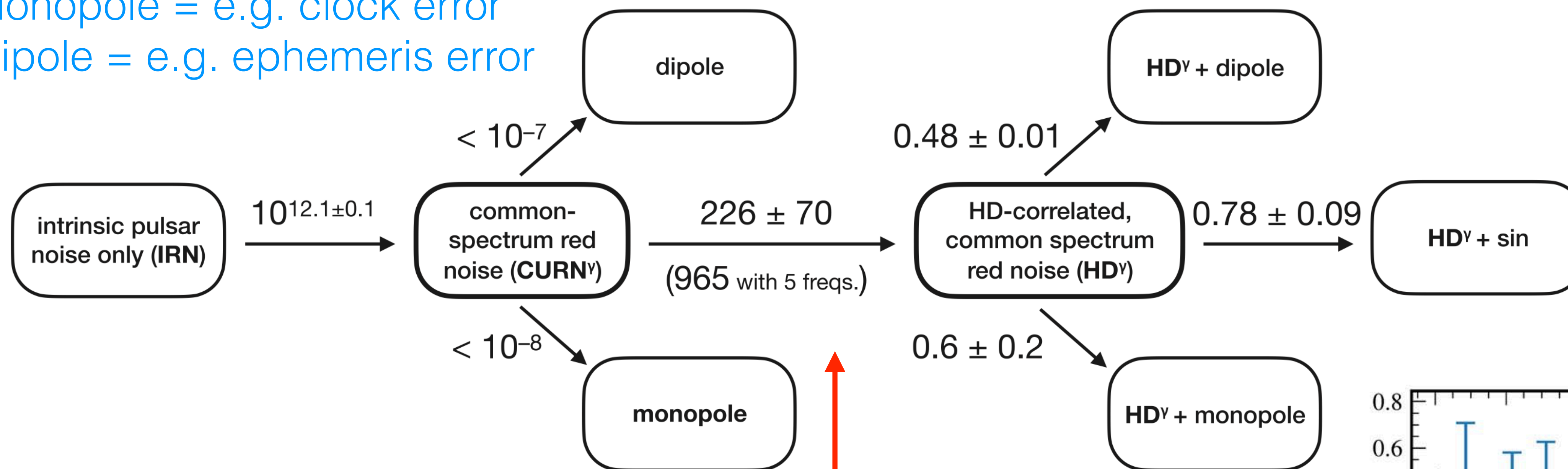
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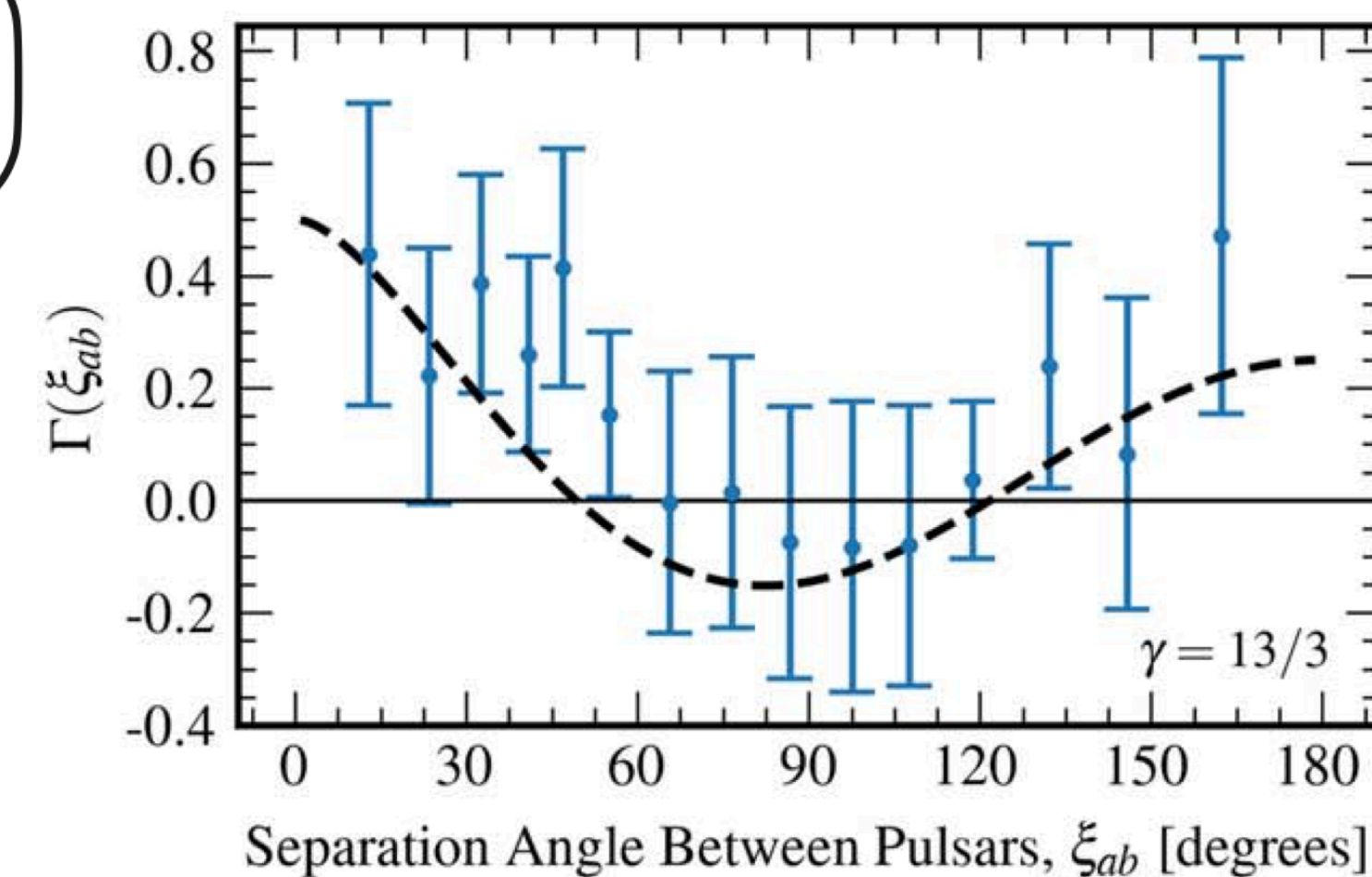
- 2211 pulsar pairs, binned
- 21 new pulsars WRT 12.5-yr
- 67 pulsars with $T > 3$ yrs
- **Looks pretty good... but...**
 - What about Bayes Factors?
 - What about h_c , amplitude?
 - What about other PTAs?

What is the evidence for the HD curve?

Monopole = e.g. clock error
 Dipole = e.g. ephemeris error

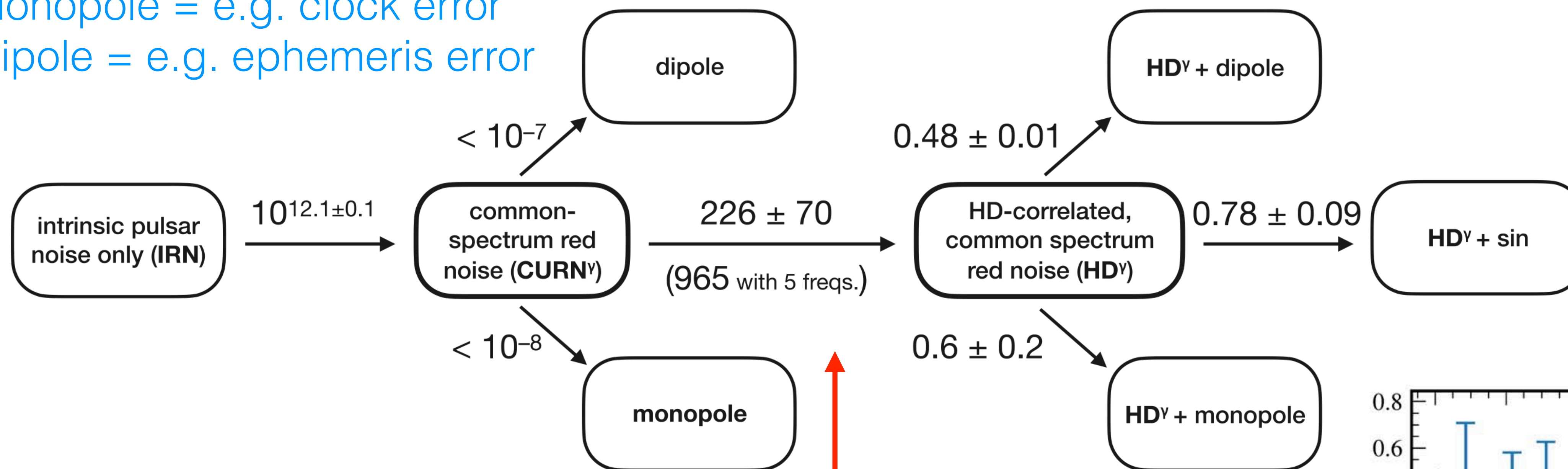


BF of up to 965 for HD correlations using 5 lowest frequencies

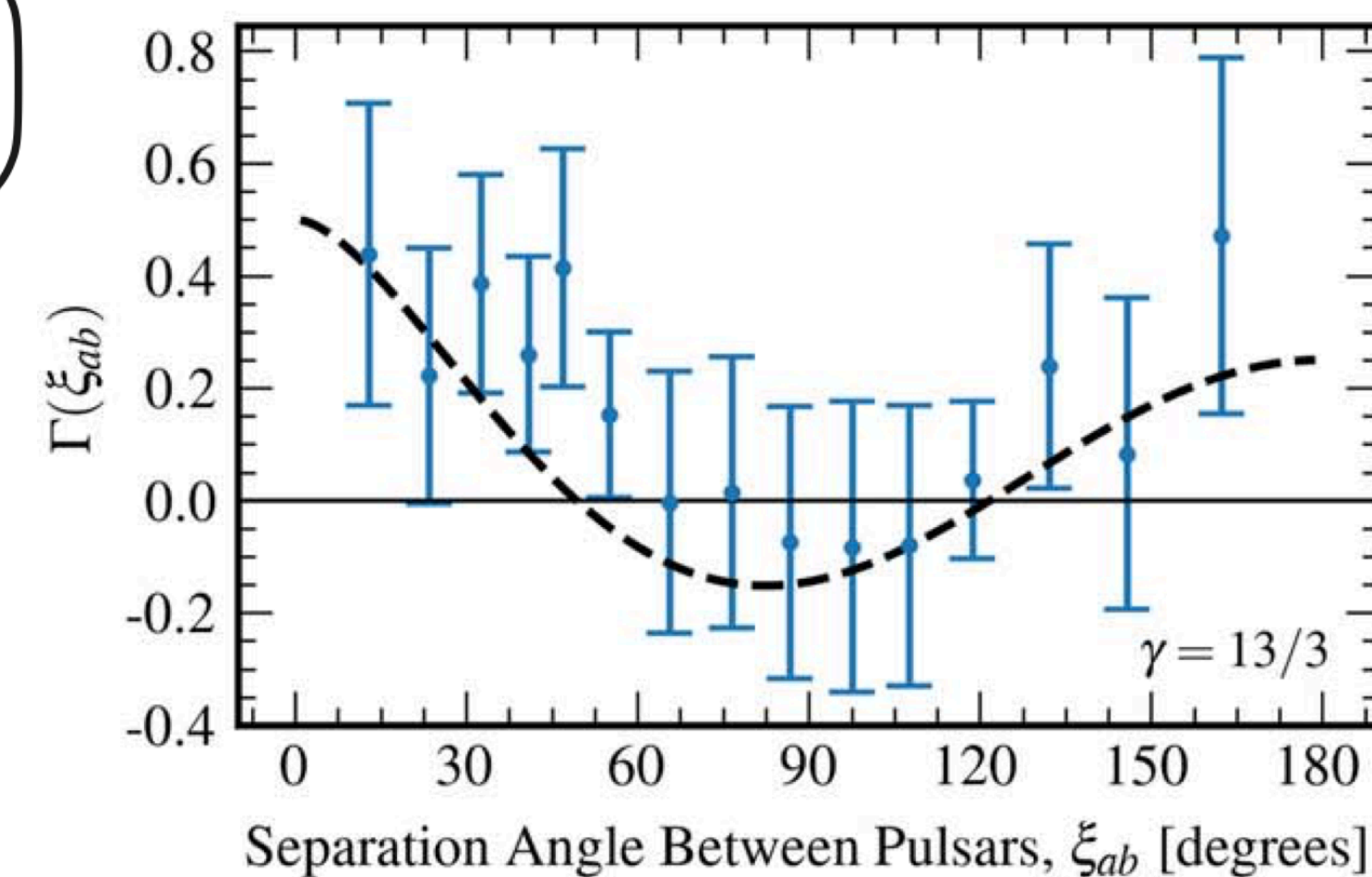


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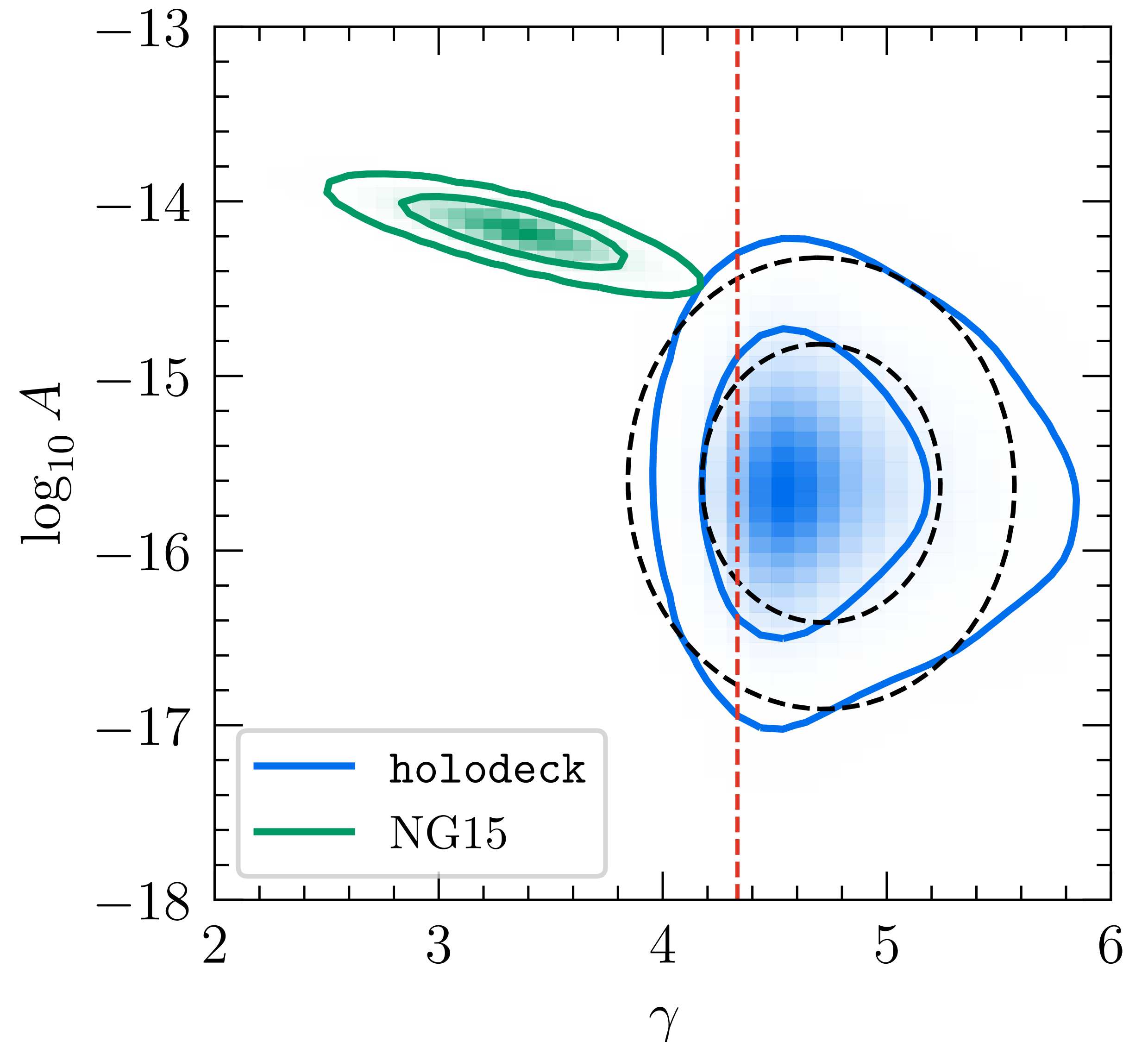


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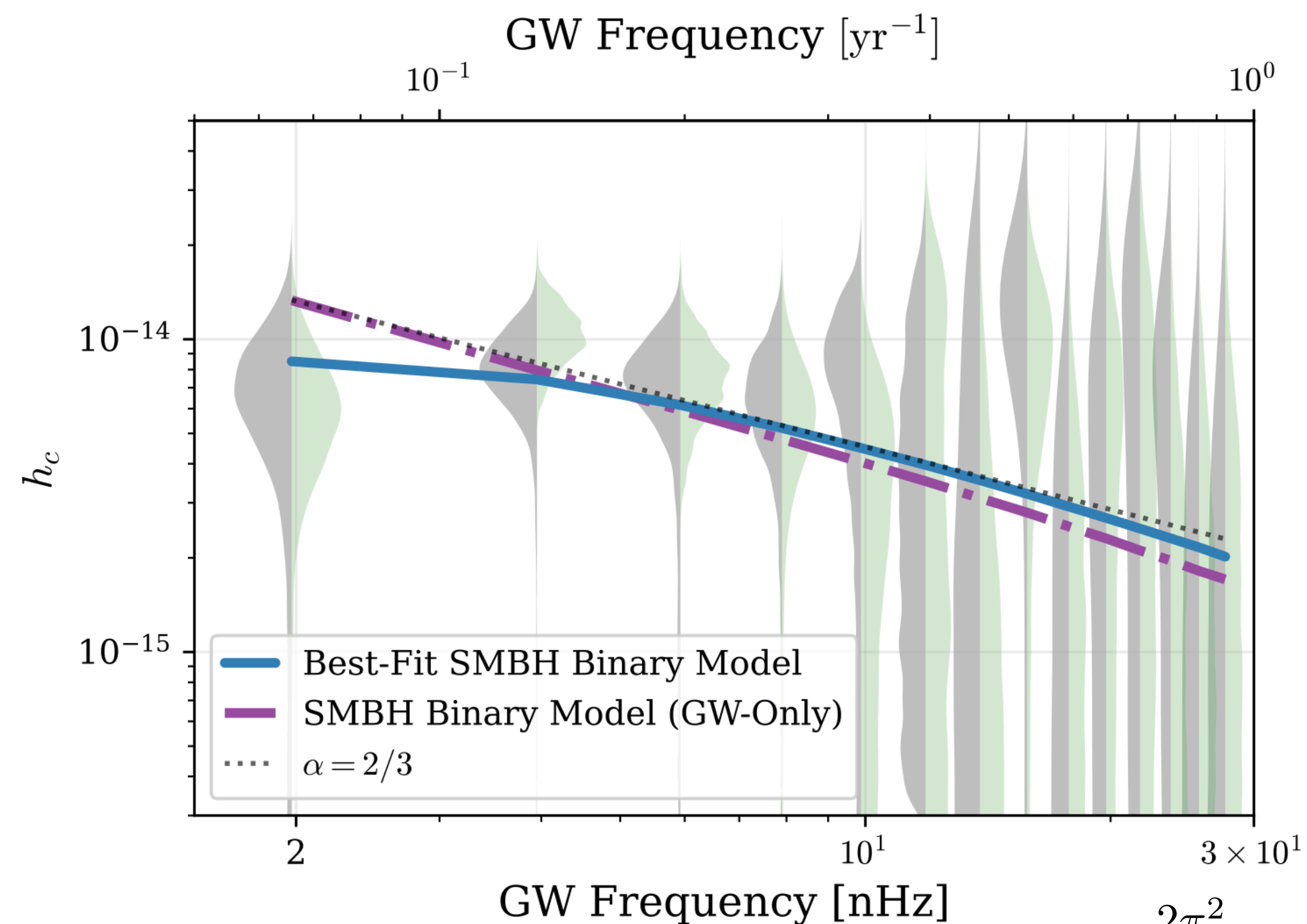
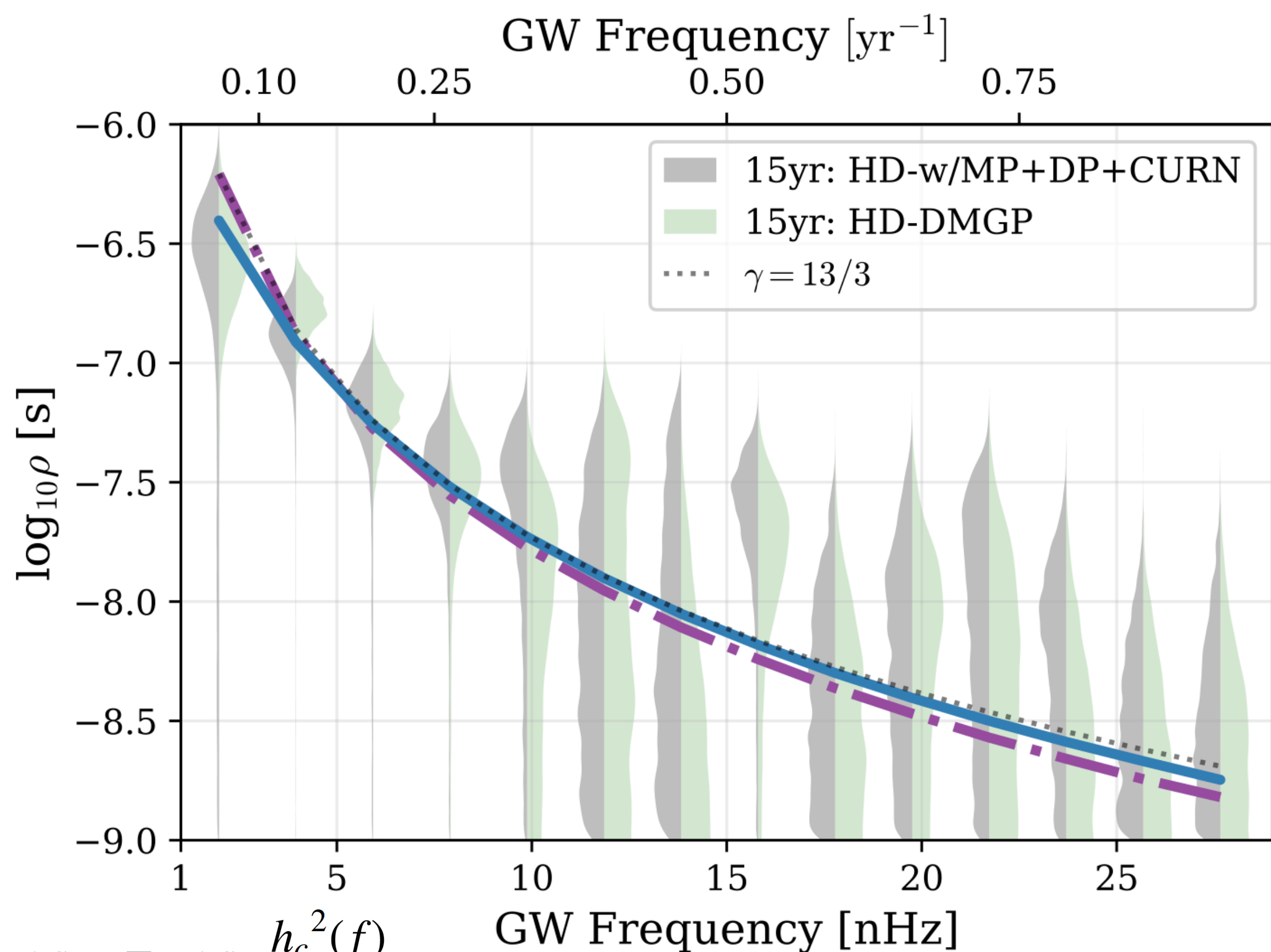


SMBHs and New Physics?

- Appears to be a tension with the spectral index, Gamma.
- For SMBHBs this is 4.33
- Still a lot of room for interpretation: caution needed
- Are we seeing more than one source of GWB?
- What else could be sourcing a nHz GWB?



What about the strain spectrum?

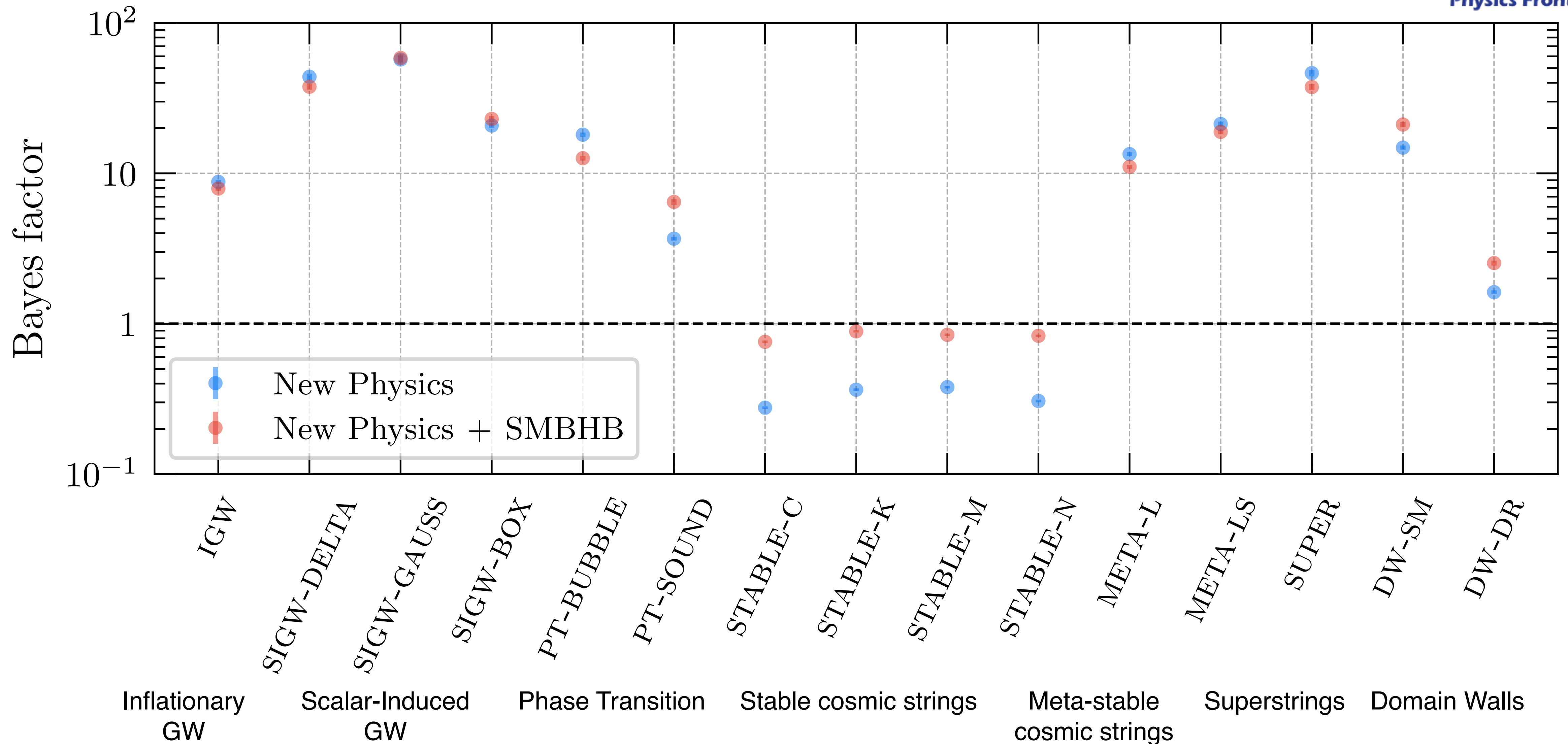


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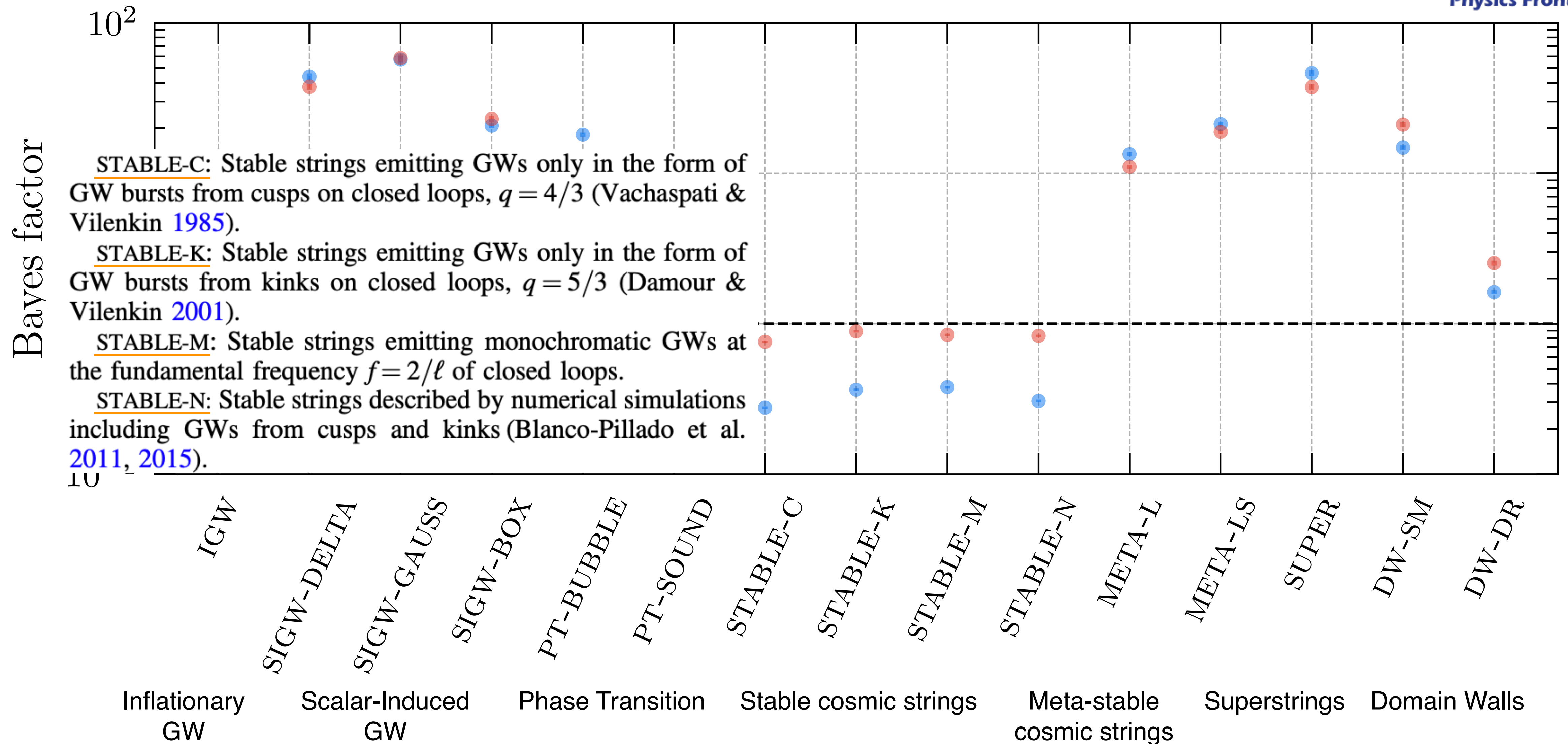
$$(\rho^2 \propto f^{-13/3} \text{ and } h_c \propto f^{-2/3})$$

$$\Omega_{\text{gw}}(f) = \frac{2\pi^2}{3H_0^2} f^2 h_c^2$$

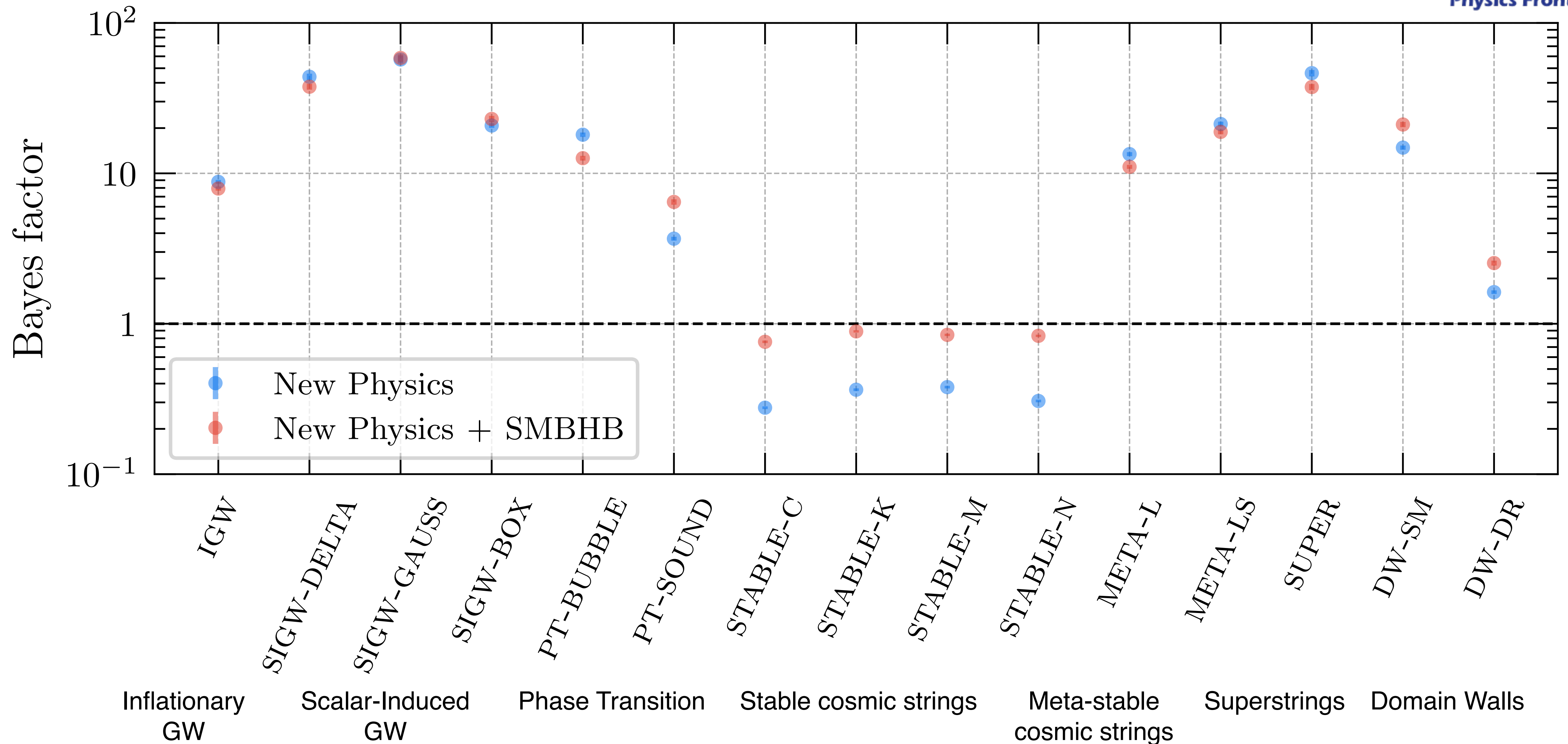
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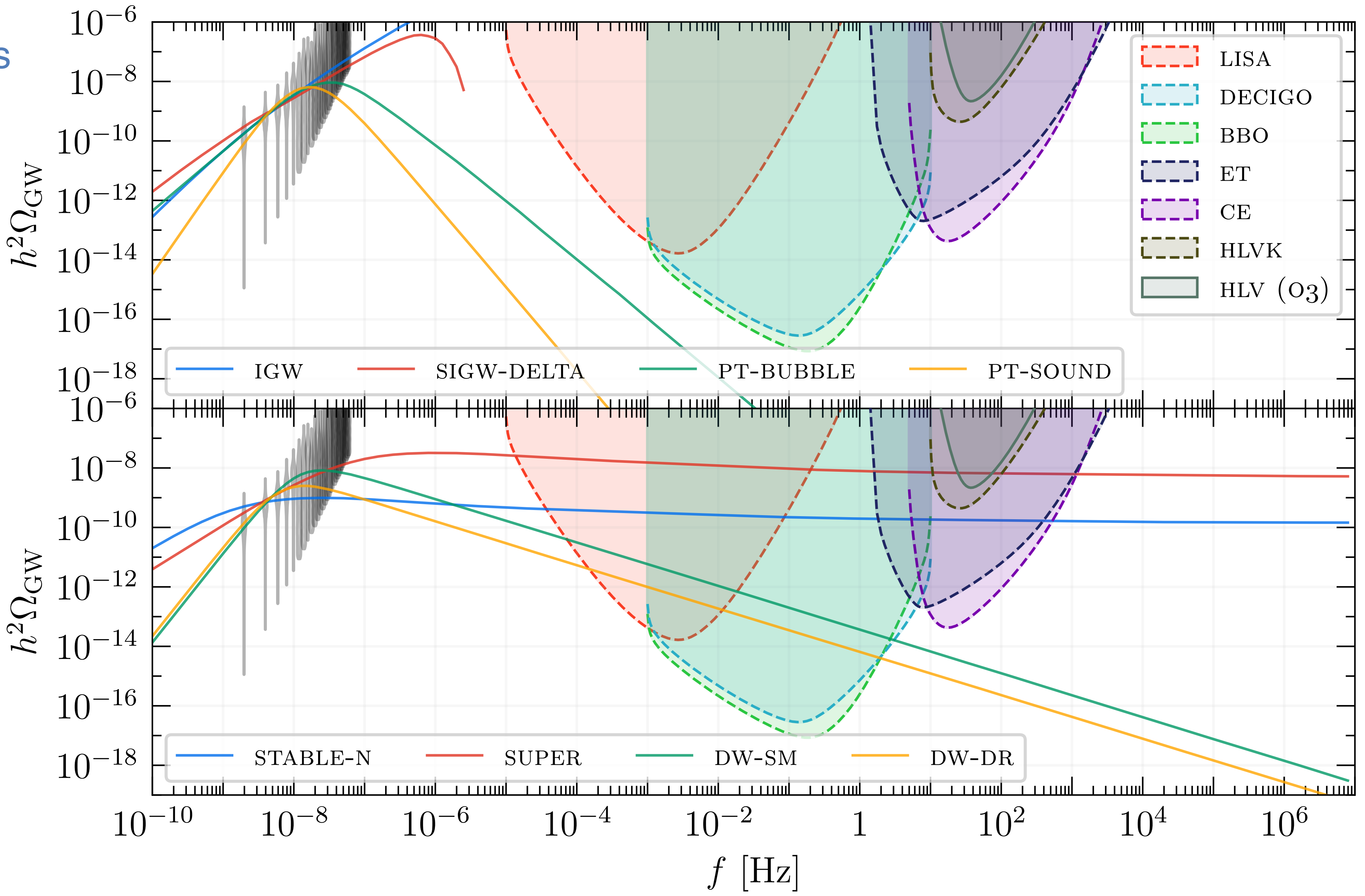
SMBHs and New Physics?



SMBHs and New Physics?



Assue 1 year Obs
Assume S/N=1

































Useful Eqs

$$S_{ab}(f) = \Gamma_{ab}(f) \frac{h_c^2(f)}{12\pi^2 f^3}$$





































$$\Omega_{\text{gw}}(f) = \frac{2\pi^2}{3H_0^2} f^2 h_c^2$$

99 citations as of this morning







































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- 1 2023arXiv230700746L 2023/07   
Nano-Hertz stochastic gravitational wave background from domain wall annihilation
Lu, Bo-Qiang; Chiang, Cheng-Wei
- 2 2023ApJ...951L...8A 2023/07   
The NANOGrav 15 yr Data Set: Evidence for a Gravitational-wave Background
Agazie, Gabriella; Anumarlapudi, Akash; Archibald, Anne M. *and 112 more*
- 3 2023arXiv230704691B 2023/07   
Metastable cosmic strings
Buchmuller, Wilfried; Domcke, Valerie; Schmitz, Kai
- 4 2023arXiv230701072X 2023/07   
Implications of Nano-Hertz Gravitational Waves on Electroweak Phase Transition in the Singlet Dark Matter Model
Xiao, Yang; Yang, Jin Min; Zhang, Yang
- 5 2023arXiv230702544A 2023/07   
Falsifying Pati-Salam models with LIGO
Athron, Peter; Balázs, Csaba; Gonzalo, Tomás E. *and 1 more*
- 6 2023arXiv230700537B 2023/07   
Inflationary origin of gravitational waves with λ -less WIMP dark matter in the light of recent PTA results
Borah, Debasish; Jyoti Das, Suruj; Samanta, Rome
- 7 2023arXiv230701457G 2023/07   
Scrutinizing the Primordial Black Holes Interpretation of PTA Gravitational Waves and JWST Early Galaxies
Gouttenoire, Yann; Trifinopoulos, Sokratis; Valogiannis, Georgios *and 1 more*
- 8 2023arXiv230704582B 2023/07   
NANOGrav spectral index $\gamma = 3$ from melting domain walls
Babichev, E.; Gorbunov, D.; Ramazanov, S. *and 2 more*
- 9 2023arXiv230705455Y 2023/07   
Can gravitational wave background feel wiggles in spacetime?
Ye, Gen; Silvestri, Alessandra
- 10 2023arXiv230702322U 2023/07   
Axion-Gauge Dynamics During Inflation as the Origin of Pulsar Timing Array Signals and Primordial Black Holes
Unal, Caner; Papageorgiou, Alexandros; Obata, Ippei

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1	2023arXiv230700746L	2023/07	  		  
	Nano-Her Lu, Bo-Qia	11	2023arXiv230700722B	2023/07	Implications for the Supermassive Black Hole Binaries from the NANOGrav 15-year Data Set Bi, Yan-Chen; Wu, Yu-Mei; Chen, Zu-Cheng <i>and 1 more</i>
2	2023ApJ...951				
	The NANOGrav Agazie, Ga	12	2023arXiv230701086L	2023/07	  
					A collider test of nano-Hertz gravitational waves from pulsar timing arrays Li, Shao-Ping; Xie, Ke-Pan
3	2023arXiv230700656B				
	Metastability Buchmuller	13	2023arXiv230700656B	2023/07	  
					Scale of Dirac leptogenesis and left-right symmetry in the light of recent PTA results Barman, Basabendu; Borah, Debasish; Jyoti Das, Suruj <i>and 1 more</i>
4	2023arXiv230700572W				
	Implications for the Xiao, Yang	14	2023arXiv230700572W	2023/07	  
					Exploring the Implications of 2023 Pulsar Timing Array Datasets for Scalar-Induced Gravitational Waves and Primordial Black Holes Wang, Sai; Zhao, Zhi-Chao; Li, Jun-Peng <i>and 1 more</i>
5	2023arXiv230701653A				
	Falsifying Athron, Peter	15	2023arXiv230701653A	2023/07	  
					Translating nano-Hertz gravitational wave background into primordial perturbations taking account of the cosmological QCD phase transition Abe, Katsuya T.; Tada, Yuichiro
6	2023arXiv230701188C				
	Inflationary PTA results Borah, Debajyoti	16	2023arXiv230701188C	2023/07	  
					Dark energy, D-branes, and Pulsar Timing Arrays Chowdhury, Debika; Tasinato, Gianmassimo; Zavala, Ivonne
7	2023arXiv230702549J				
	Scrutinizing Gouttenoir	17	2023arXiv230702549J	2023/07	  
					From the tabletop to the Big Bang: Analogue vacuum decay from vacuum initial conditions Jenkins, Alexander C.; Braden, Jonathan; Peiris, Hiranya V. <i>and 3 more</i>
8	2023arXiv230701154W				
	NANOGrav Babichev, Ilya	18	2023arXiv230701154W	2023/07	  
					Can gravitational waves be produced by accreting binary black holes produced by eccentric minidisks? Westernacher-Schneider, John Ryan; Zrake, Jonathan; MacFadyen, Andrew <i>and 1 more</i>
9	2023arXiv230703481N				
	Can gravitational waves be produced by accreting binary black holes produced by eccentric minidisks? Ye, Gen; Sathyaprakash, Sathyaprakash	19	2023arXiv230703481N	2023/07	  
					New Early Dark Energy as a solution to the H_0 and S_8 tensions Niedermann, Florian; Sloth, Martin S.
10	2023arXiv230703091C				
	Axion-Galaxies Unal, Cane	20	2023arXiv230703091C	2023/07	  
					NANOGrav meets Hot New Early Dark Energy and the origin of neutrino mass Cruz, Juan S.; Niedermann, Florian; Sloth, Martin S.
		21	2023arXiv230702067K	2023/07	  
					Primordial black holes from second order density perturbations as probes of the small-scale primordial power spectrum Kuang, Yu-Ting; Zhou, Jing-Zhi; Chang, Zhe <i>and 2 more</i>

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2	2023ApJ...951		22	2023arXiv230703121S	2023/07	  
	The NANOGrav 15-year Data Set			Constraining Post-Inflationary Axions with Pulsar Timing Arrays		
	Agazie, Ga		12	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Servant, Géraldine; Simakachorn, Peera		
3	2023arXiv230703121S		23	2023arXiv230703095Z	2023/07	  
	Metastability of Primordial Black Holes			Joint implications of BBN, CMB, and PTA Datasets for Scalar-Induced Gravitational Waves of Second and Third orders		
	Buchmuller, A.		13	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Zhu, Qing-Hua; Zhao, Zhi-Chao; Wang, Sai		
4	2023arXiv230703121S		24	2023arXiv230703163L	2023/07	  
	Implications of the NANOGrav 15-year Data Set for Primordial Black Holes			Probing the high temperature symmetry breaking with gravitational waves from domain walls		
	Xiao, Yang		14	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Li, Xiu-Fei		
5	2023arXiv230703121S		25	2023arXiv230701110K	2023/07	  
	Falsifying the Primordial Black Hole Hypothesis			Asymptotic tails of massive gravitons in light of pulsar timing array observations		
	Athron, Peter		15	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Konoplya, R. A.; Zhidenko, A.		
6	2023arXiv230703121S		26	2023arXiv230701093Z	2023/07	  
	Inflationary Primordial Black Hole Production			Detecting new fundamental fields with Pulsar Timing Arrays		
	Borah, Detlev		16	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Zhang, Chao; Dai, Ning; Gao, Qing <i>and 3 more</i>		
7	2023arXiv230703121S		27	2023arXiv230702259G	2023/07	  
	Scrutinizing the Primordial Black Hole Hypothesis			Did we hear the sound of the Universe boiling? Analysis using the full fluid velocity profiles and NANOGrav 15-year data		
	Gouttenoire, S.		17	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Ghosh, Tathagata; Ghoshal, Anish; Guo, Huai-Ke <i>and 5 more</i>		
8	2023arXiv230703121S		28	2023arXiv230701100A	2023/07	  
	NANOGrav 15-year Data Set			Fuzzy Dark Matter, the Dark Dimension, and the Pulsar Timing Array Signal		
	Babichev, Ilya		18	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Anchordoqui, Luis A.; Antoniadis, Ignatios; Lust, Dieter		
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	Can gravitational waves from Primordial Black Holes be detected?			Composite Hybrid Inflation: Dilaton and Waterfall Pions		
	Ye, Gen; S. H. H.		19	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Cacciapaglia, Giacomo; Cheong, Dhong Yeon; Deandrea, Aldo <i>and 2 more</i>		
10	2023arXiv230703121S		30	2023arXiv230702399F	2023/07	  
	Axion-Galaxies			Cosmological Background Interpretation of Pulsar Timing Array Data		
	Unal, Cane		20	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Figuroa, Daniel G.; Pieroni, Mauro; Ricciardone, Angelo <i>and 1 more</i>		
			31	2023arXiv230703184D	2023/07	  
				The split majoron model confronts the NANOGrav signal		
			21	2023arXiv230703121S		
				Di Bari, Pasquale; Hossain Rahat, Moinul		
			32	2023arXiv230704694S	2023/07	  
				Supercooling in Radiative Symmetry Breaking: Theory Extensions, Gravitational Wave Detection and Primordial Black Holes		
				Salvio, Alberto		

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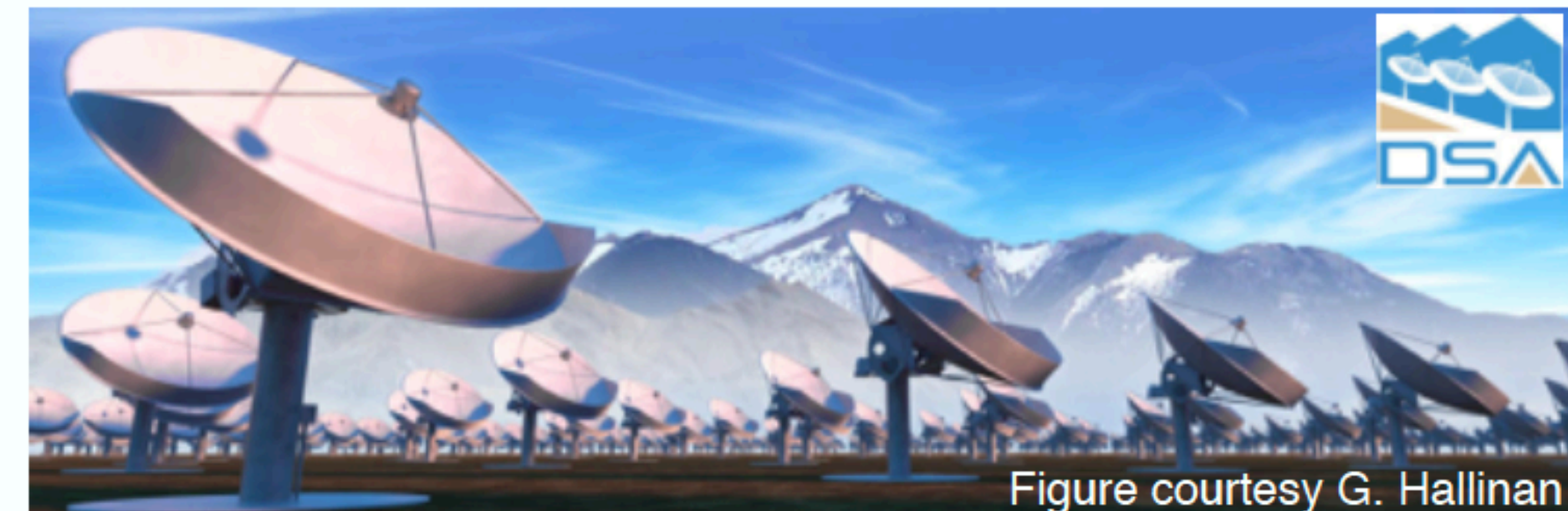
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Telescopes ++

- The Arecibo 305-m telescope tragically collapsed on Dec 1, 2020
- Restructured observing program: GBT (primarily 1.5 GHz), CHIME (400-800 MHz), VLA (1-4 GHz)
- GBT ultra-wideband receiver (0.7-4.2 GHz) is planned to come online in early 2022
- Future facilities
 - Next-Generation Very Large Array
 - 2000-antenna Deep Synoptic Array (DSA-2000)
 - Possible future Arecibo facility



What is next?



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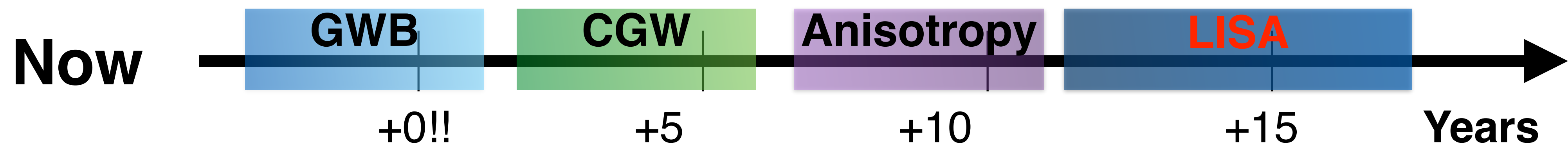




Summary

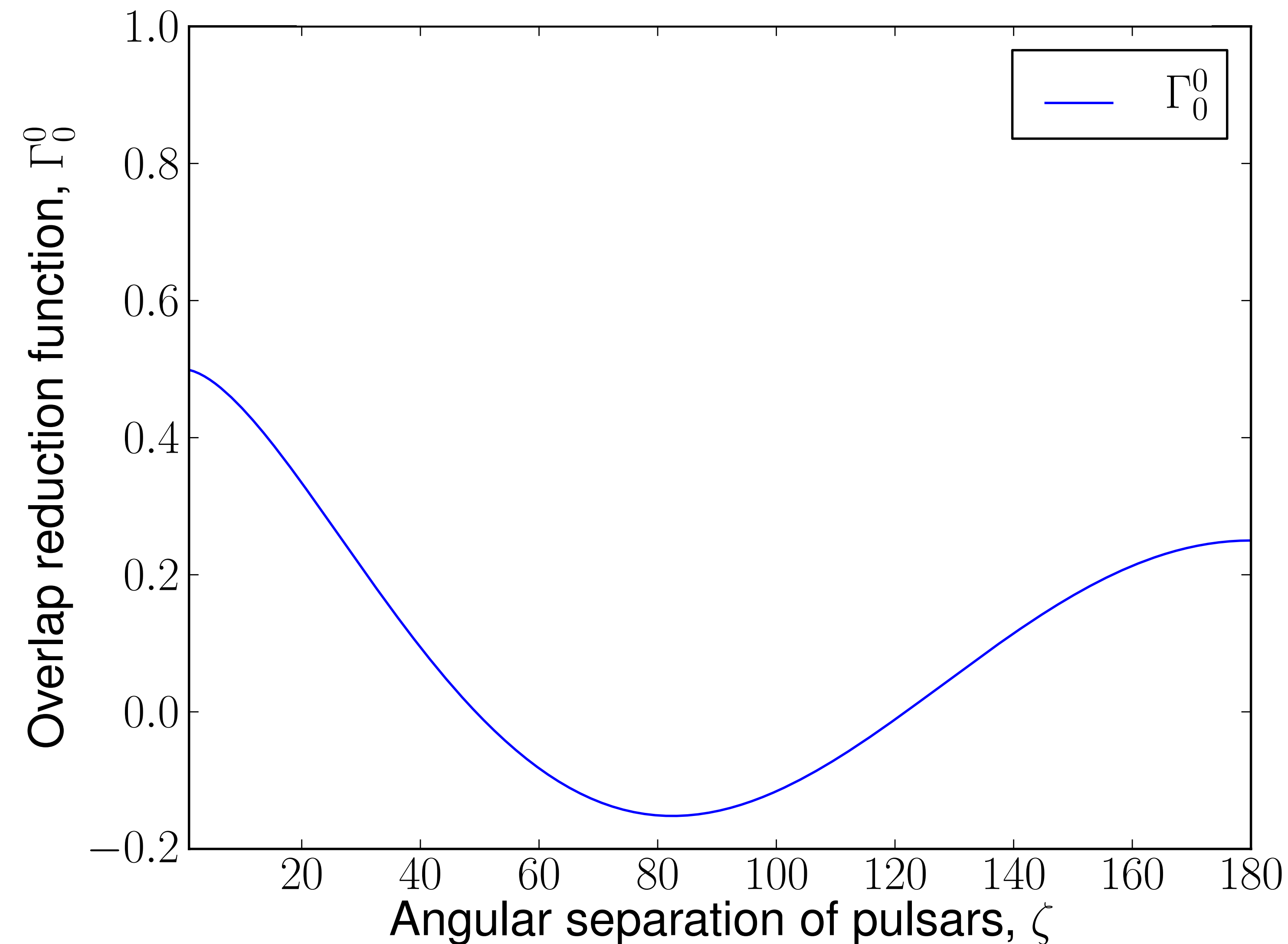


- PTA interdisciplinary and multimessenger science experiment: global radio campaigns, Gaia, fundamental physics, galaxy evolution, SMBH environments and more!
- **There is something in all the data:** common amplitude and evidence for HD correlations! Also in new EPTA and PPTA analyses (BF 60 Antoniadis et al. 2023; BF few Reardon et al. 2023; CPTA Xu et al. 2023, 4.6-sigma HD)
- Evidence for GWB? If so, **detection soon**, local nHz sources ~ **10 years**, **anisotropy to follow, and LISA!**
- **What's next? Everything!**



What is next?

Modify the correlations functions: beyond Hellings and Downs

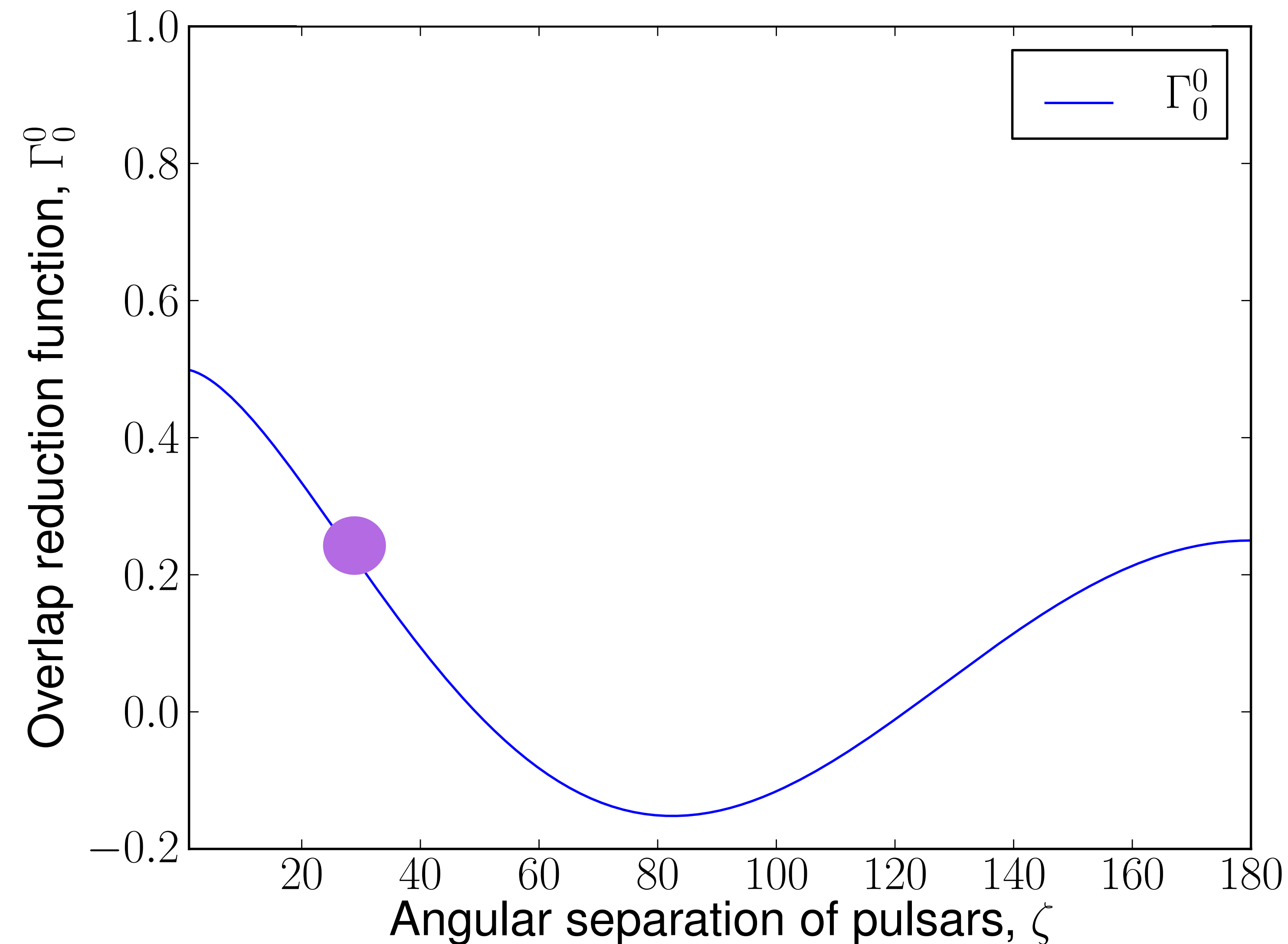


- Decompose on a basis of spherical harmonics, new correlation functions!
- Only valid if the sky is full of pulsars (Ali-Haïmoud et al. (2020; 2021))
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$$S_{ab}(f) = \Gamma_{ab}(f) \frac{h_c^2(f)}{12\pi^2 f^3}$$

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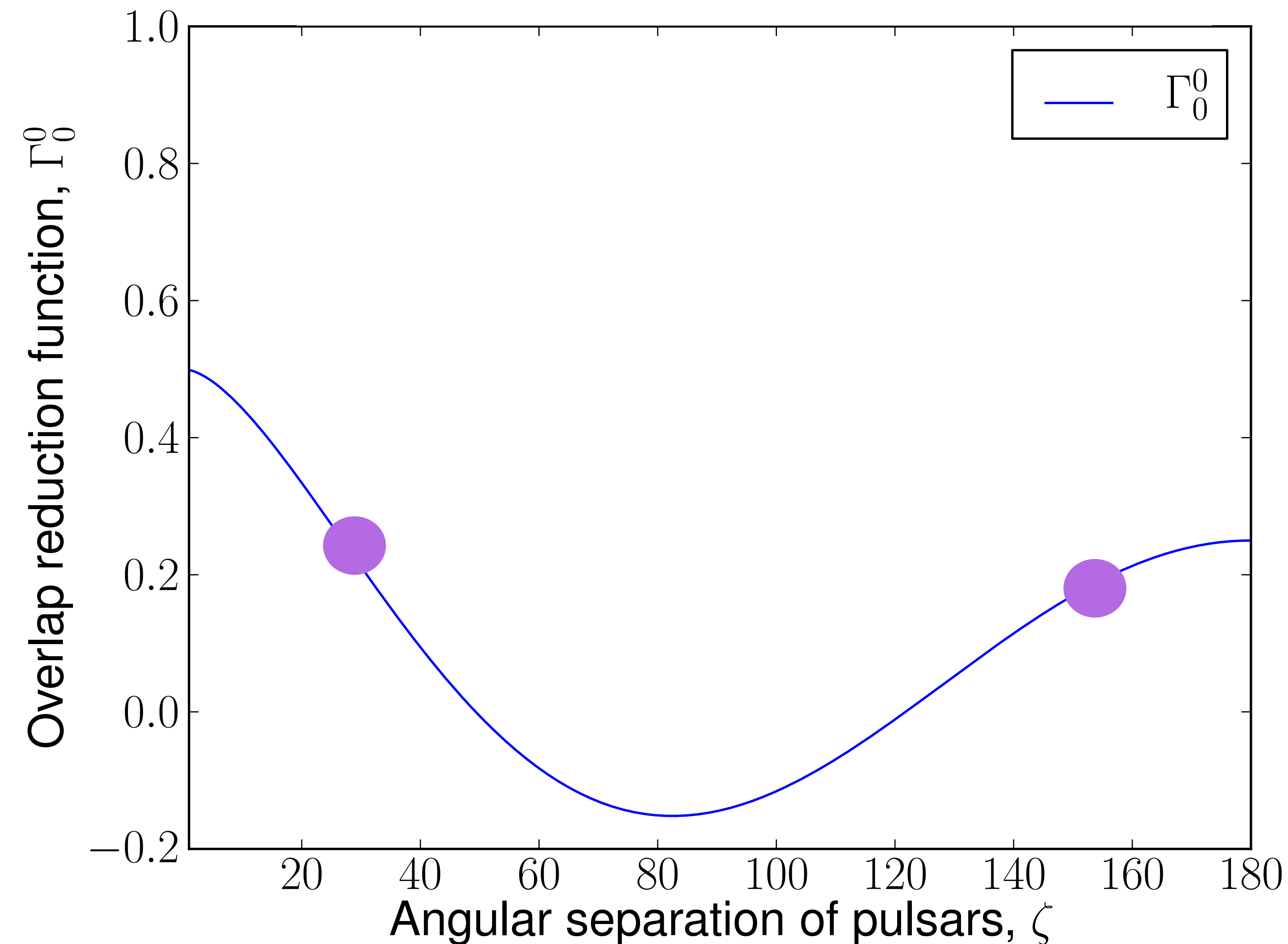


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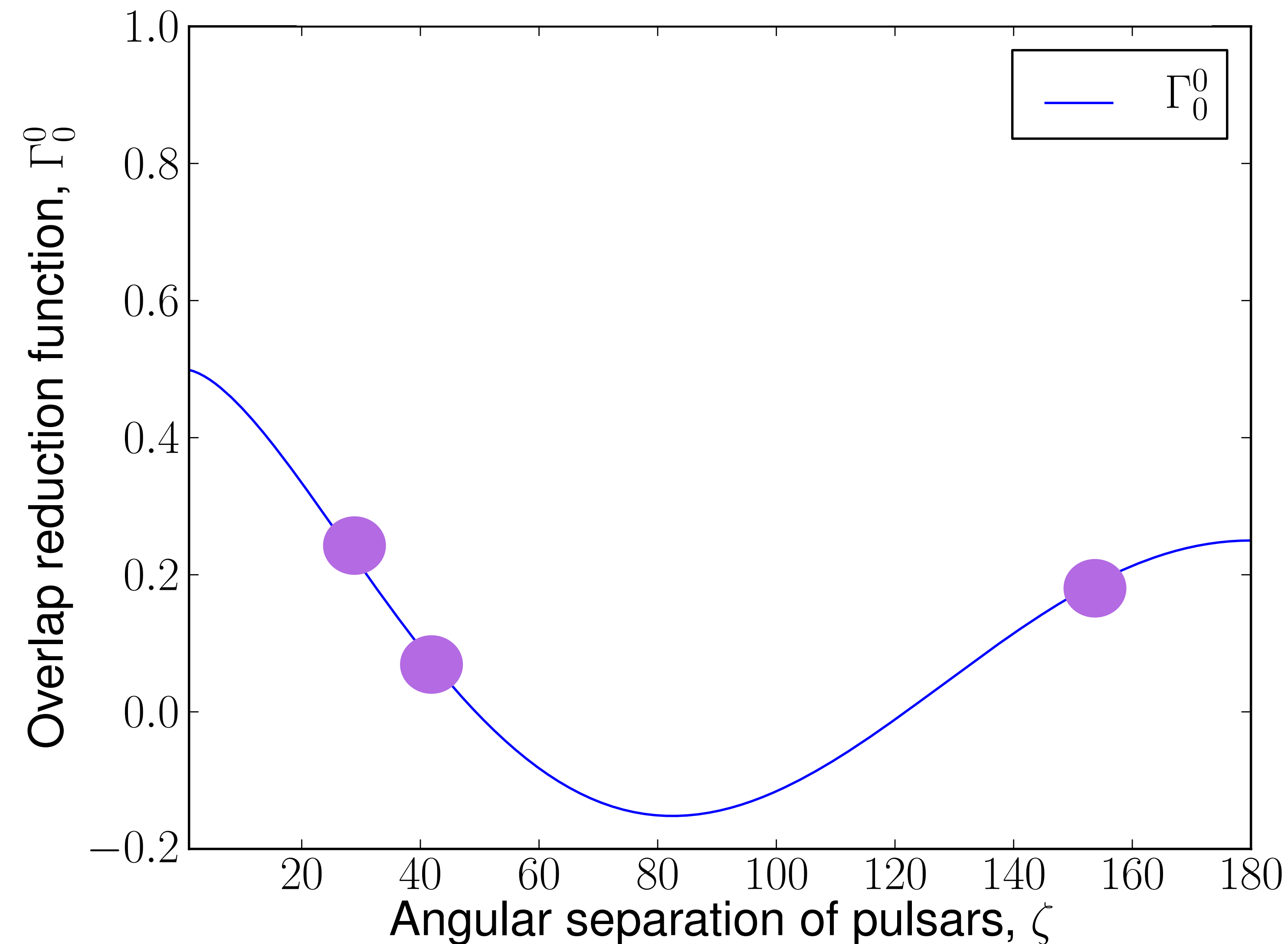


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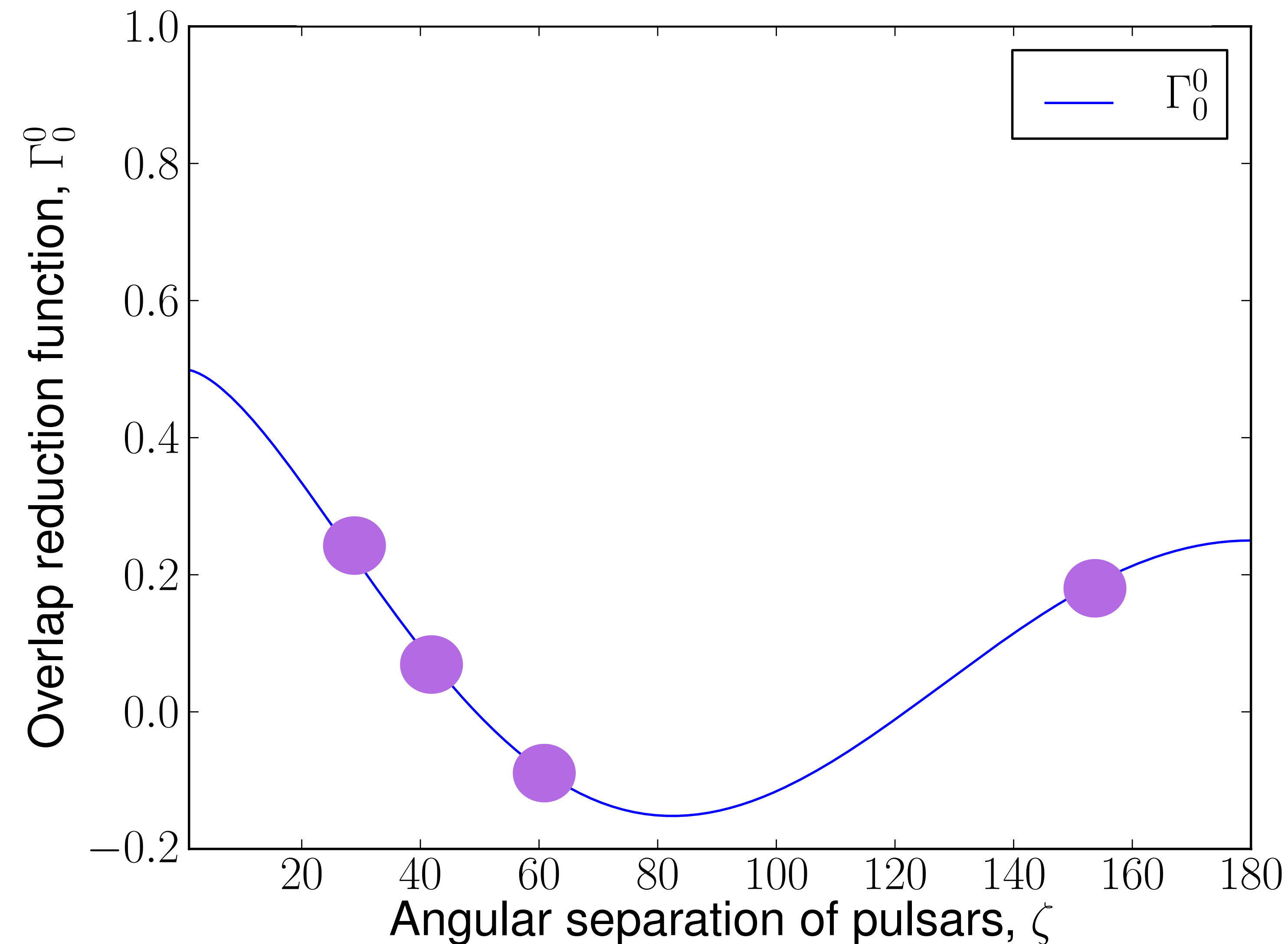


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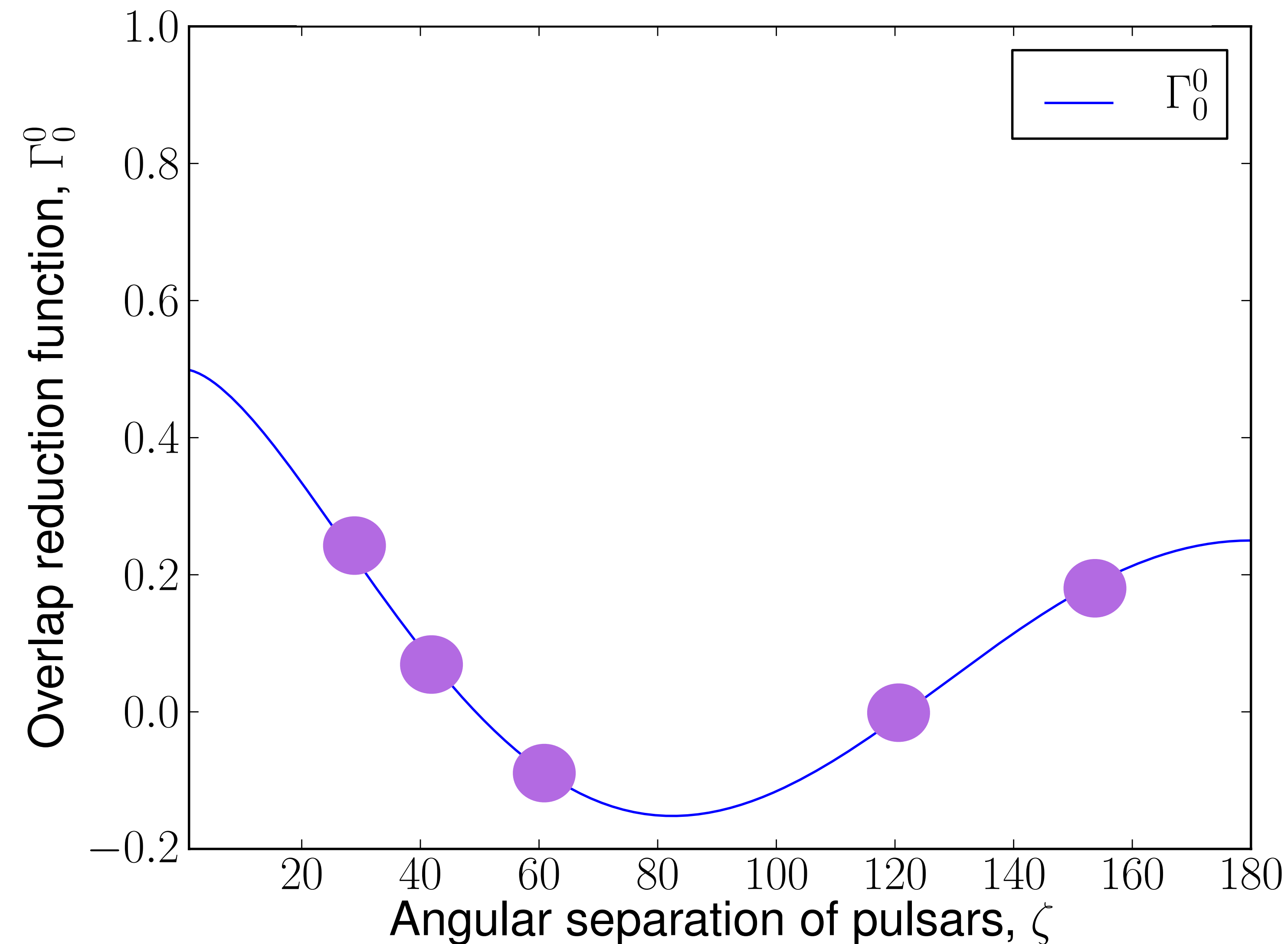


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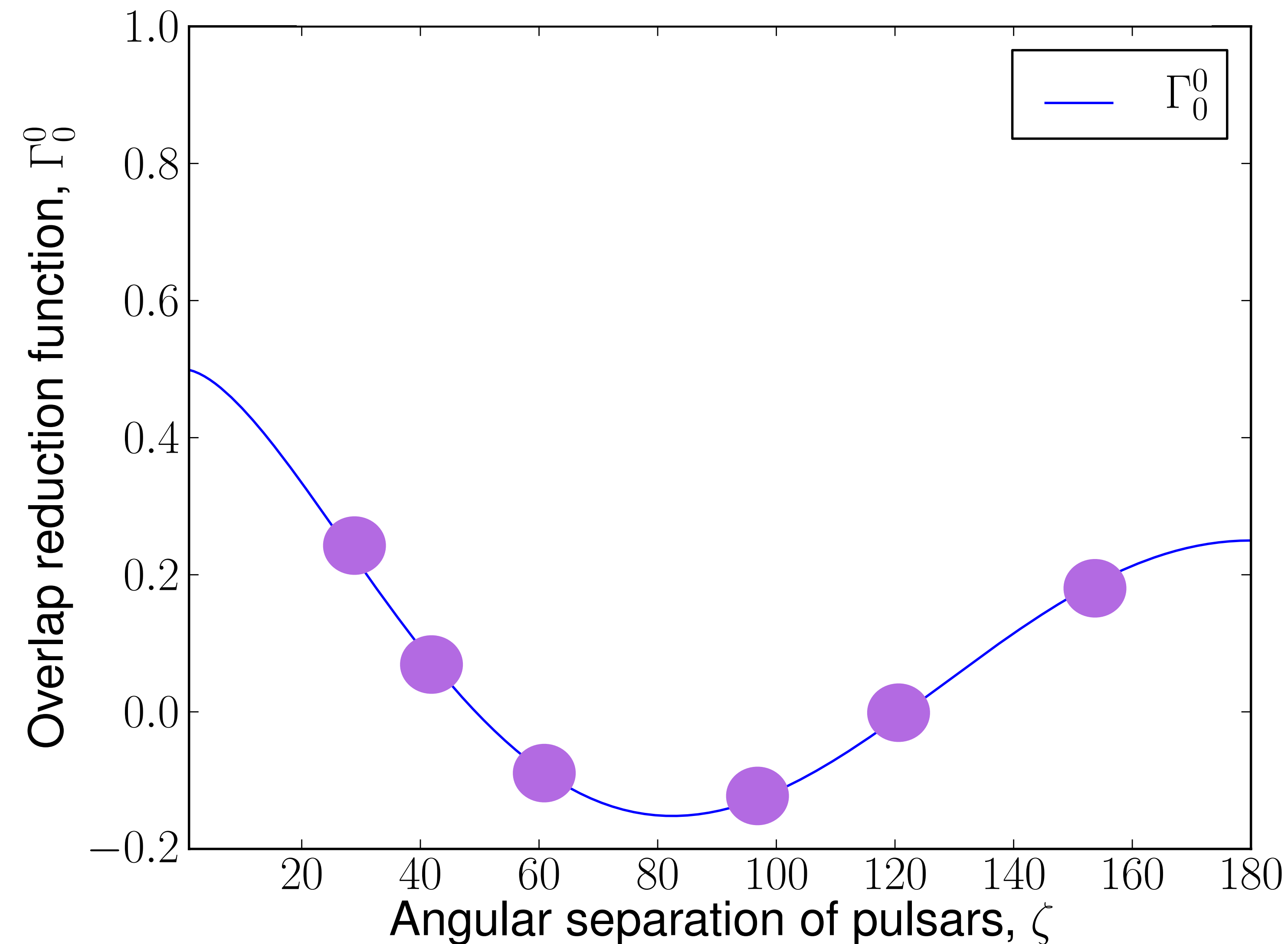


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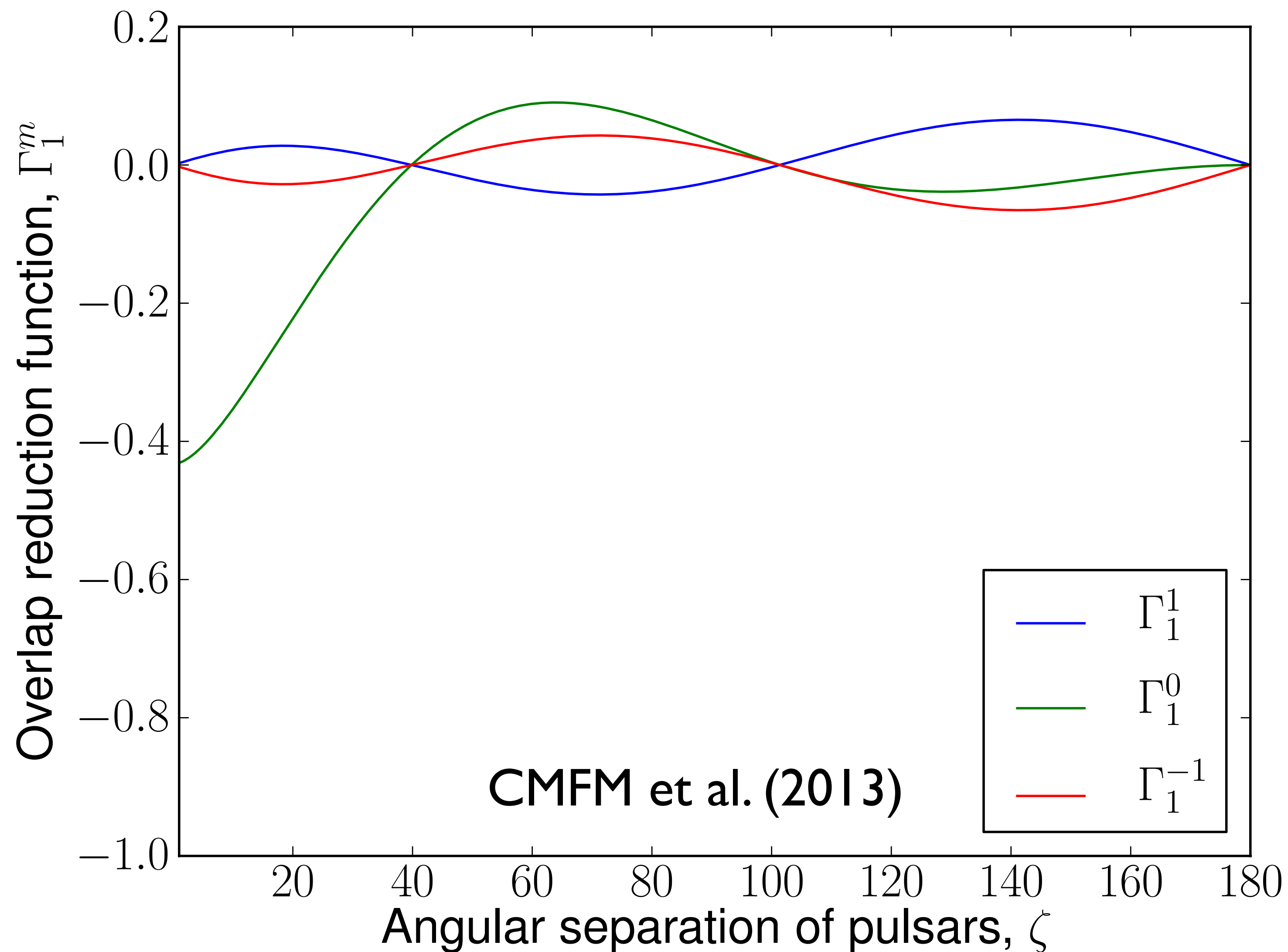


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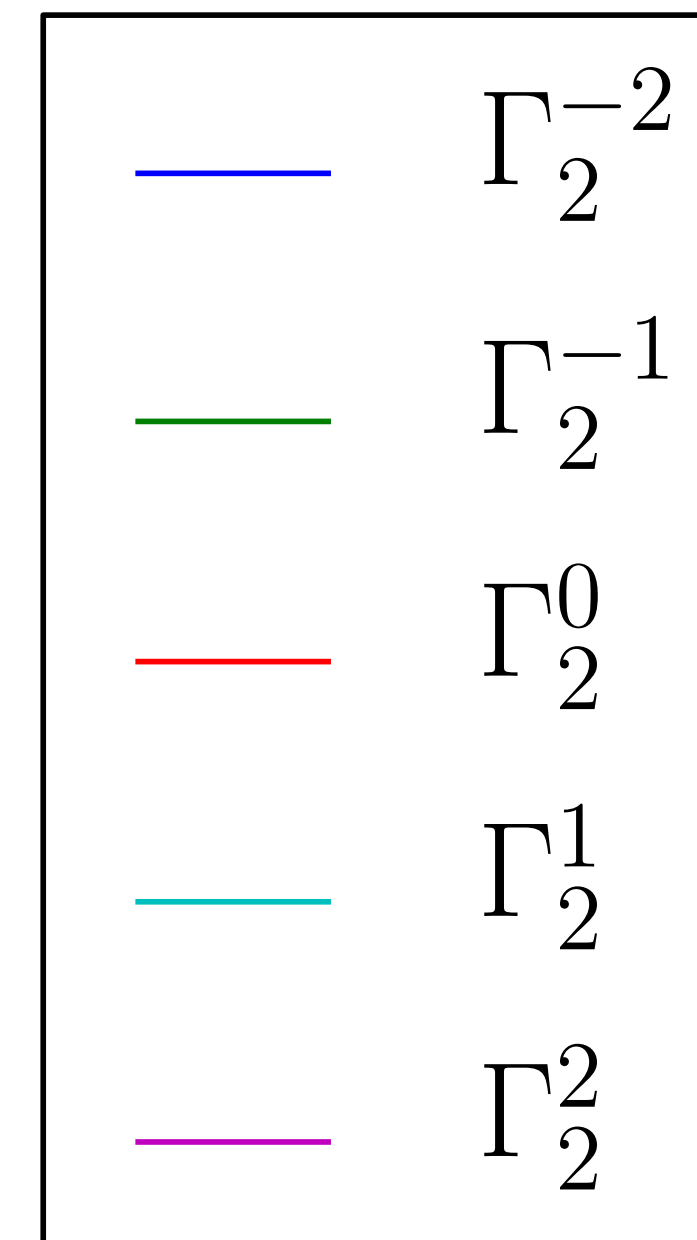
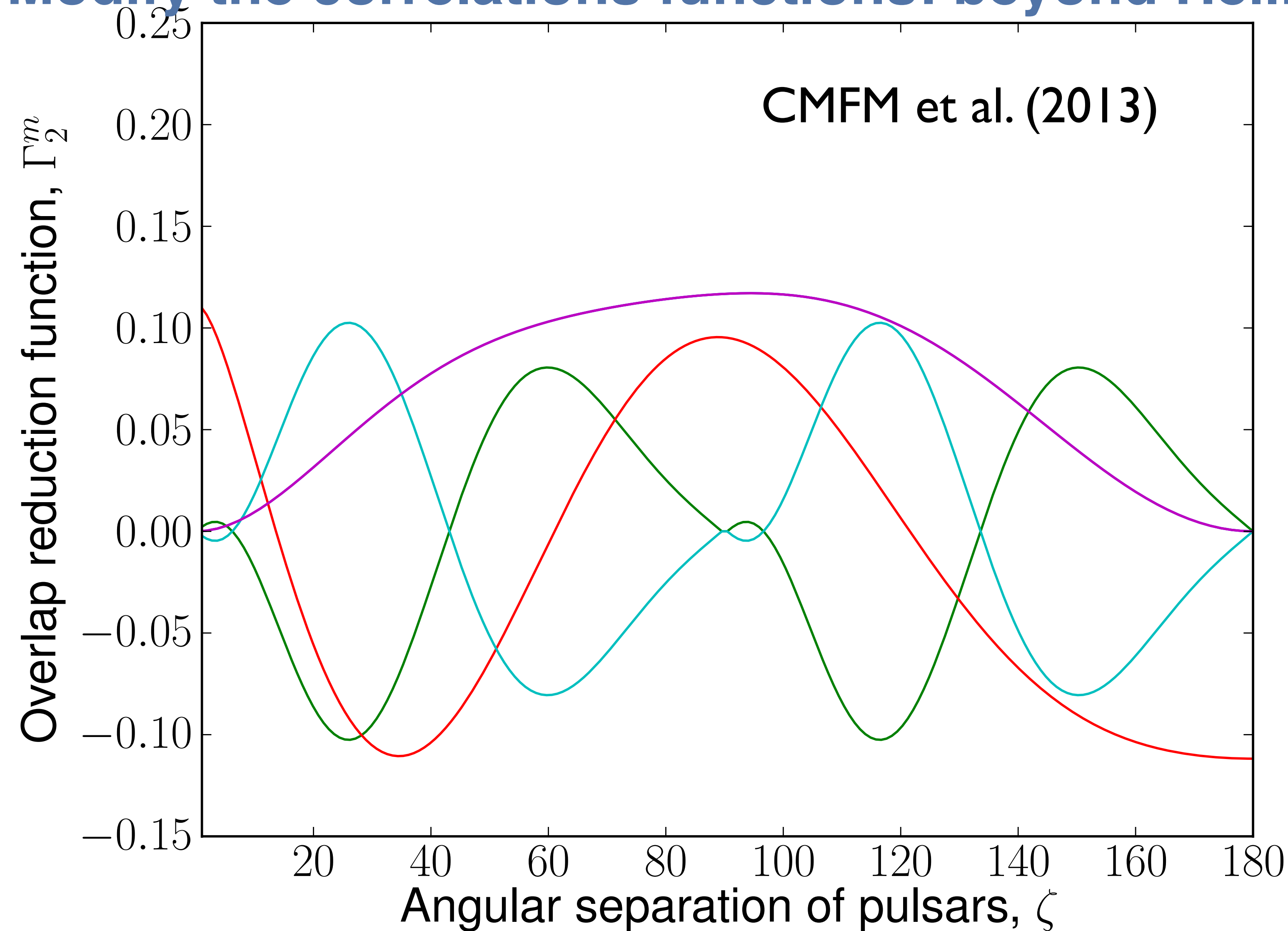


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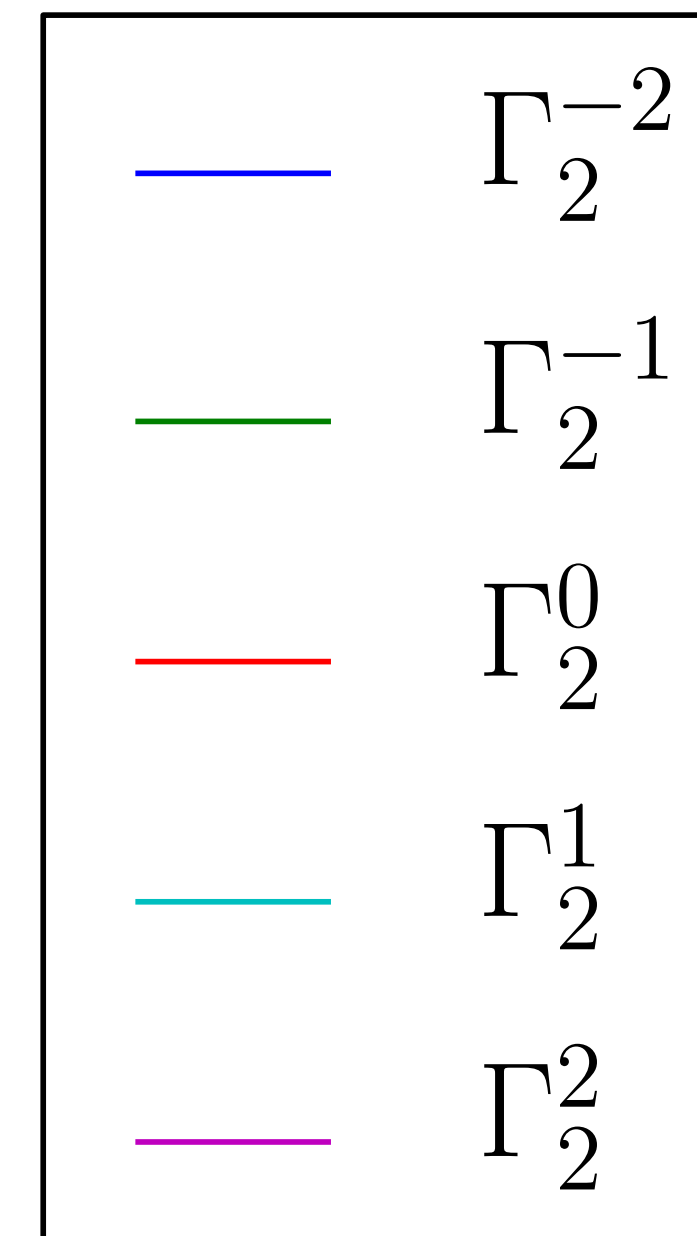
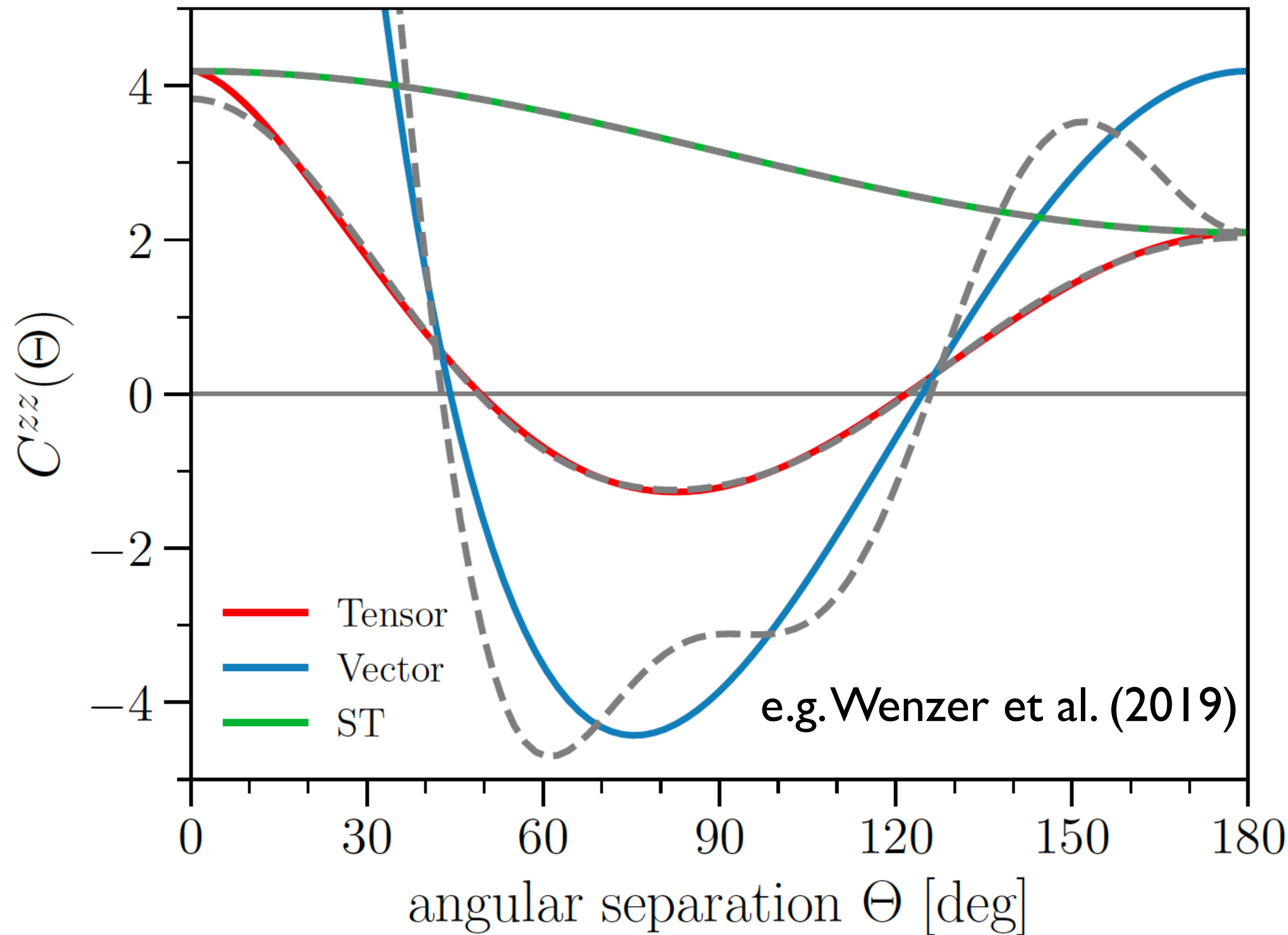


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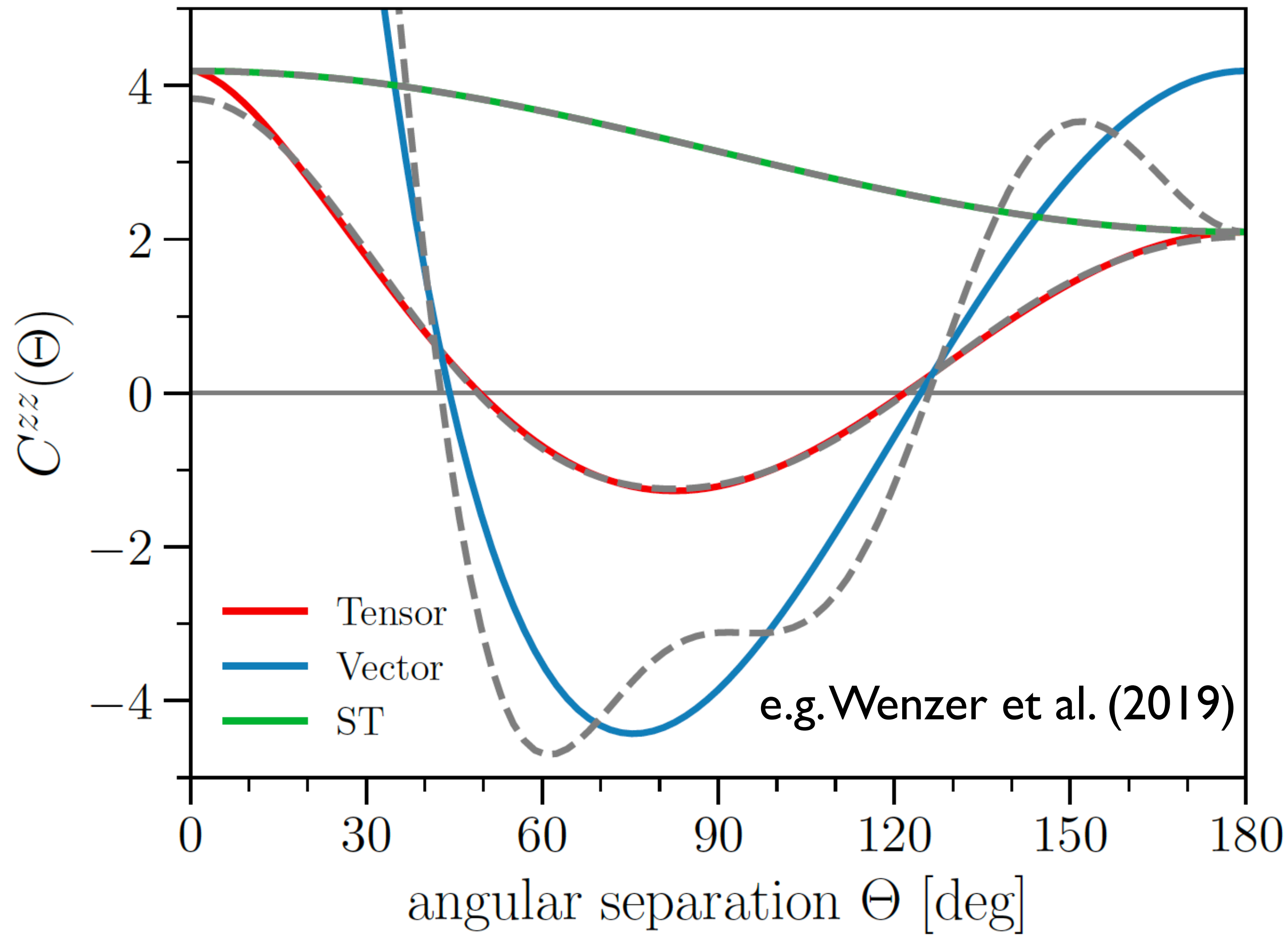
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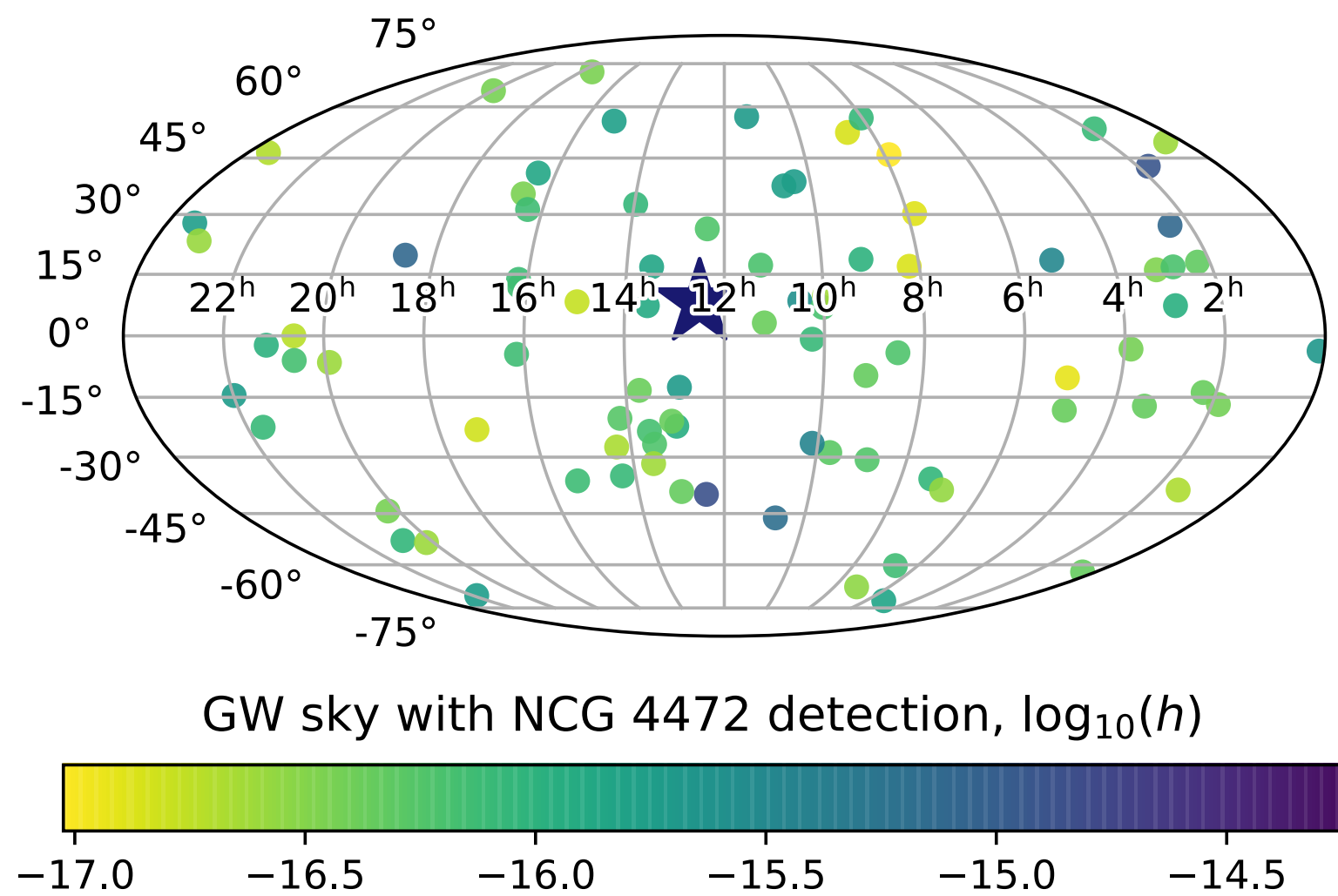
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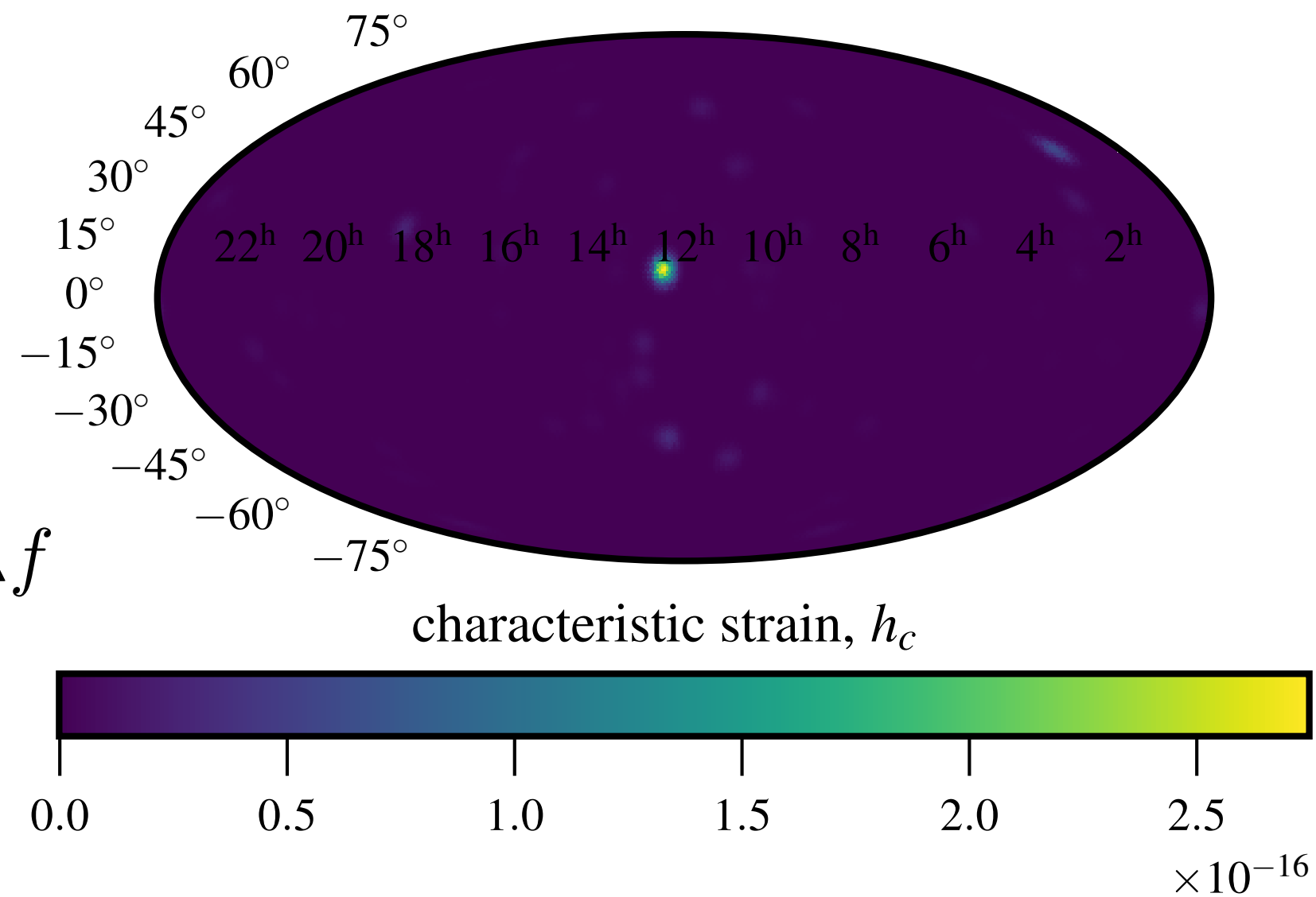
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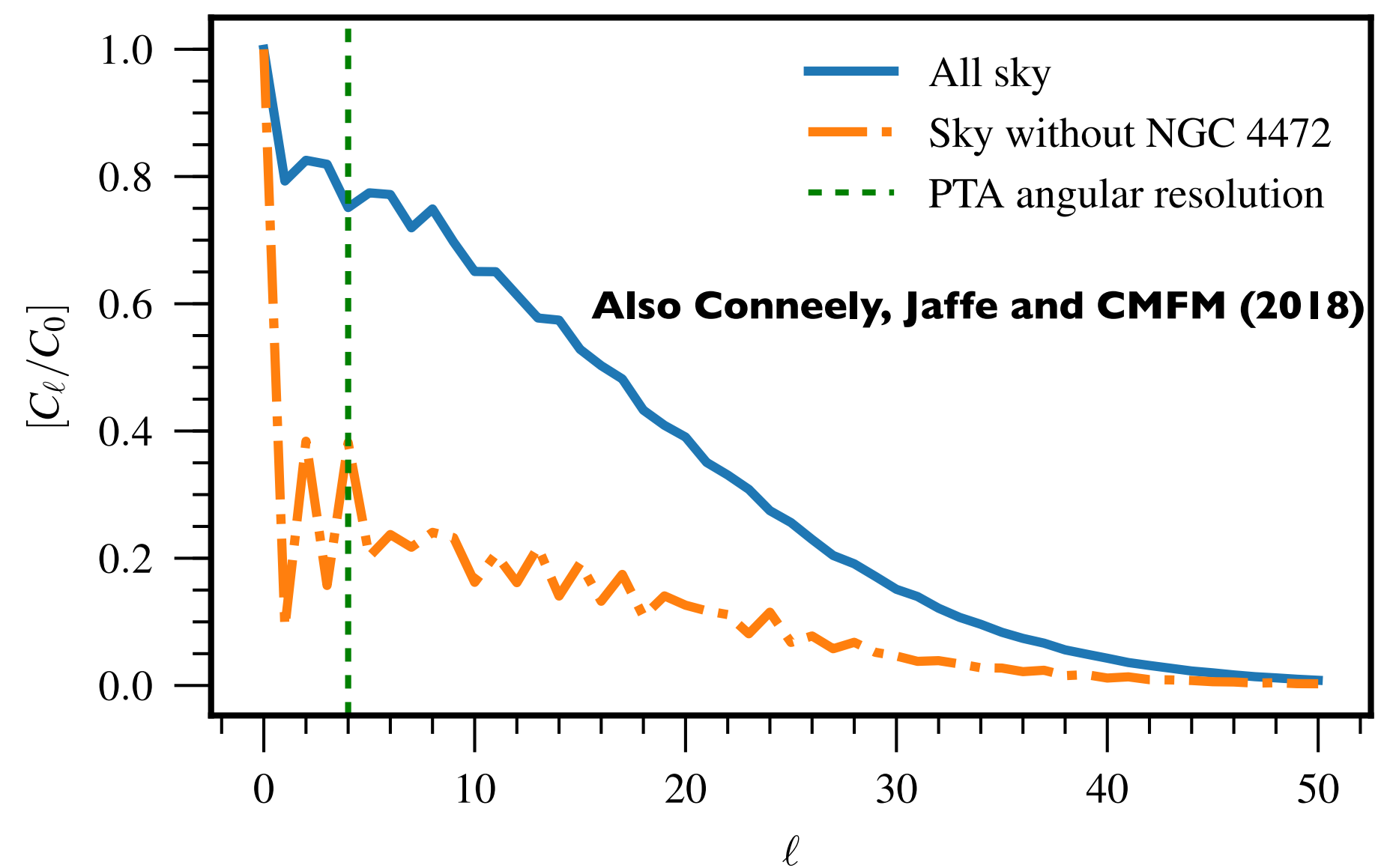
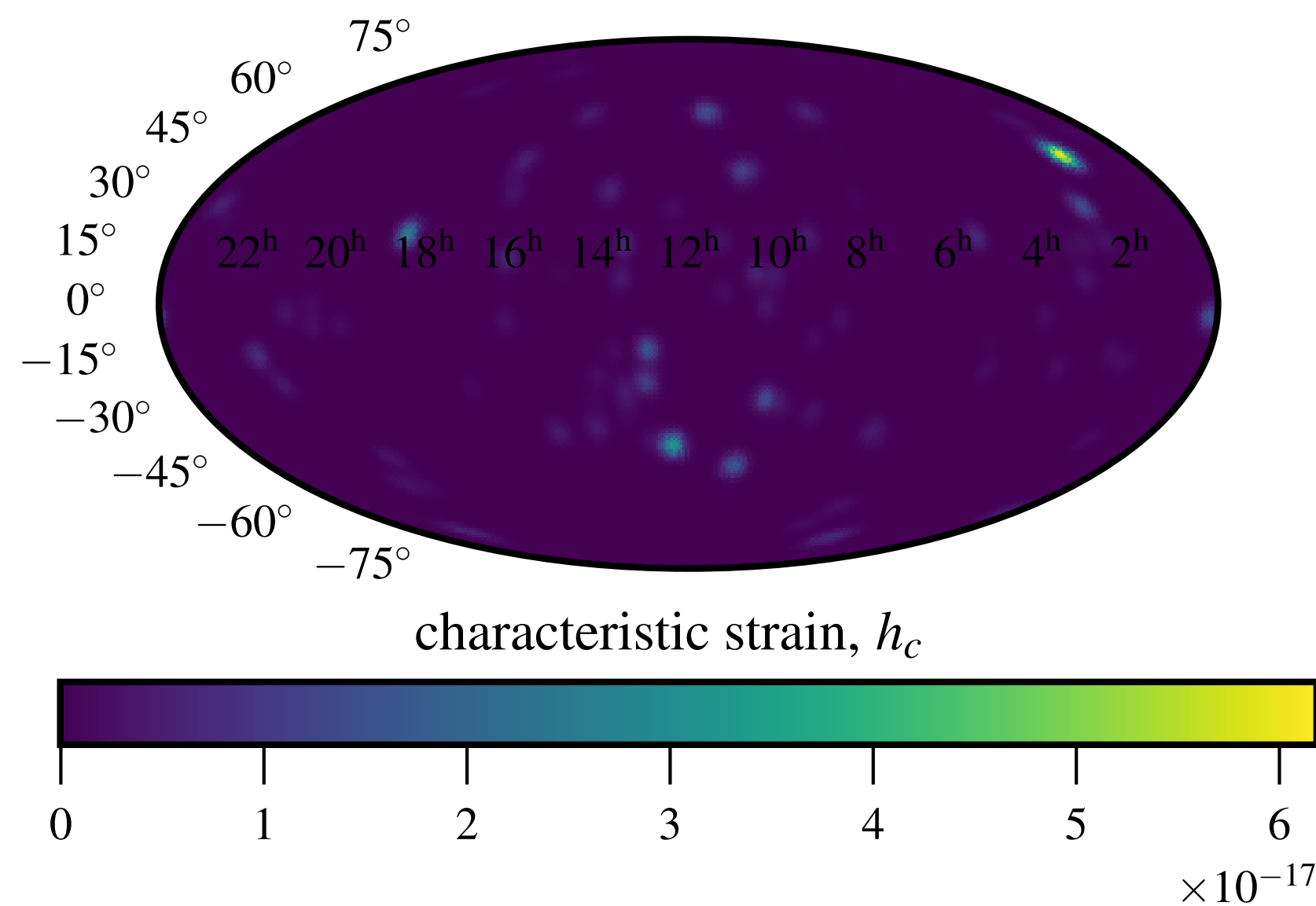
Building up the GWB and Anisotropy



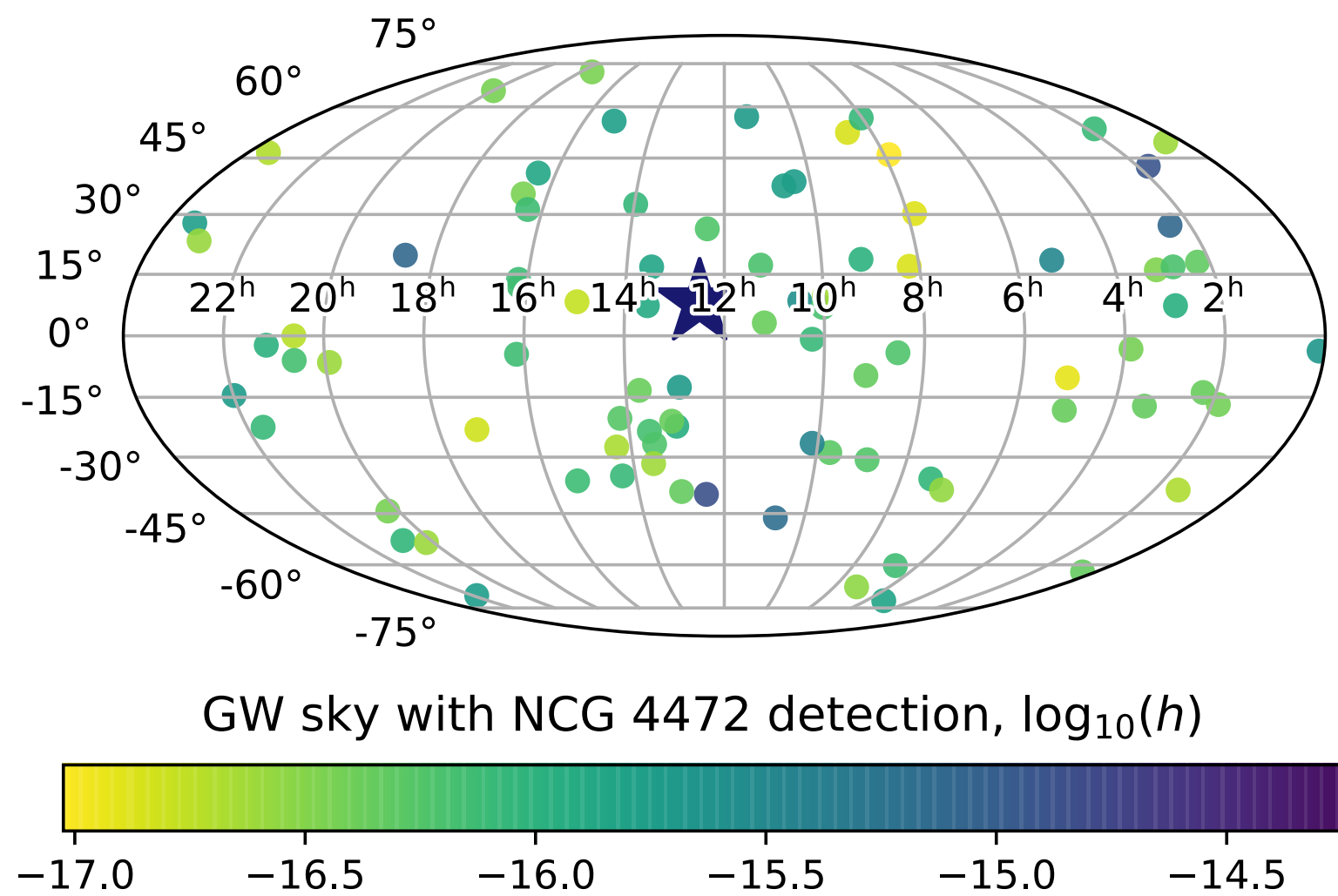
$$h_c^2 = \sum_k h_k^2 f_k / \Delta f$$



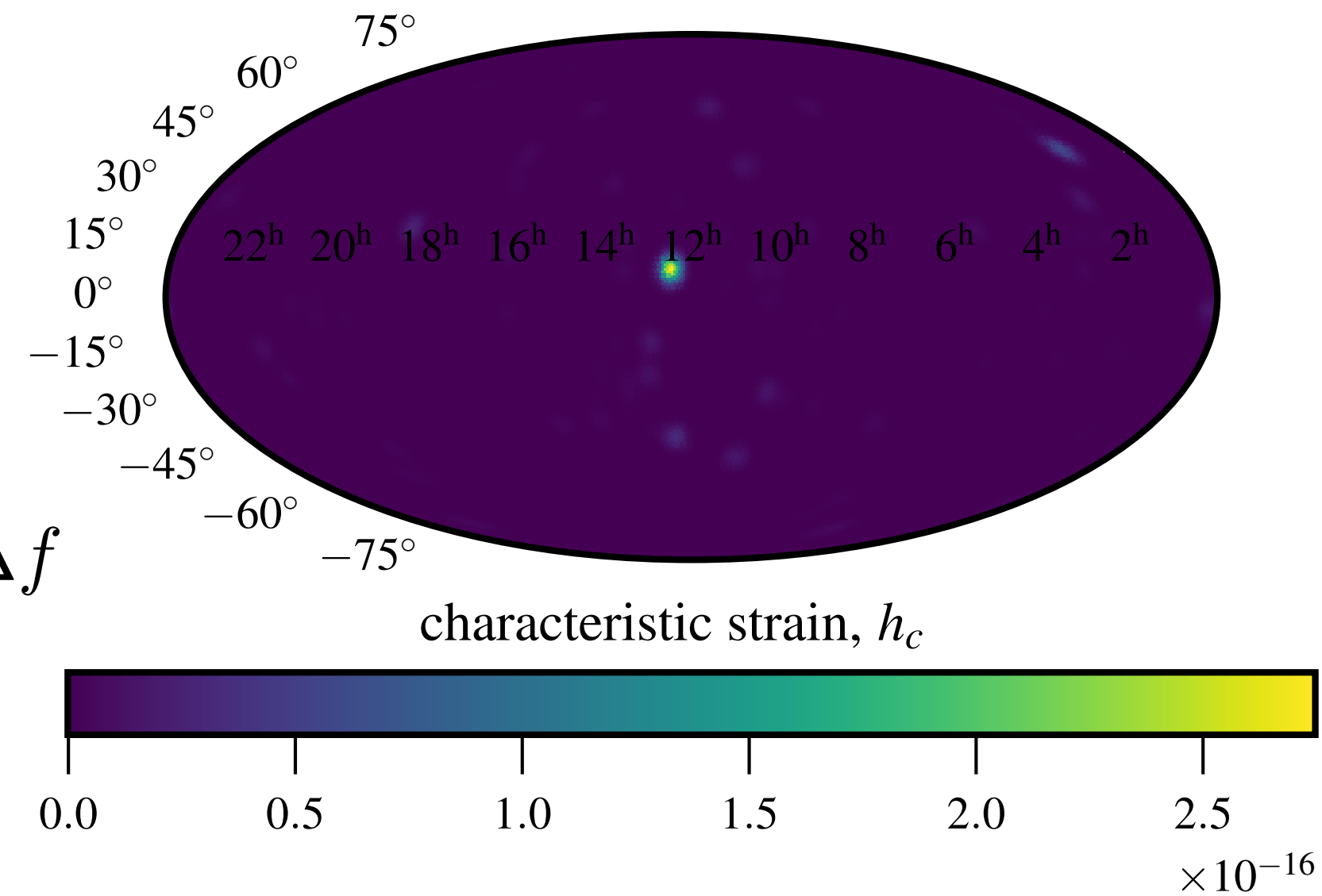
Techniques from
Babak + 2016;
Ali-Haimoud, Smith,
Mingarelli (2020, 2021)



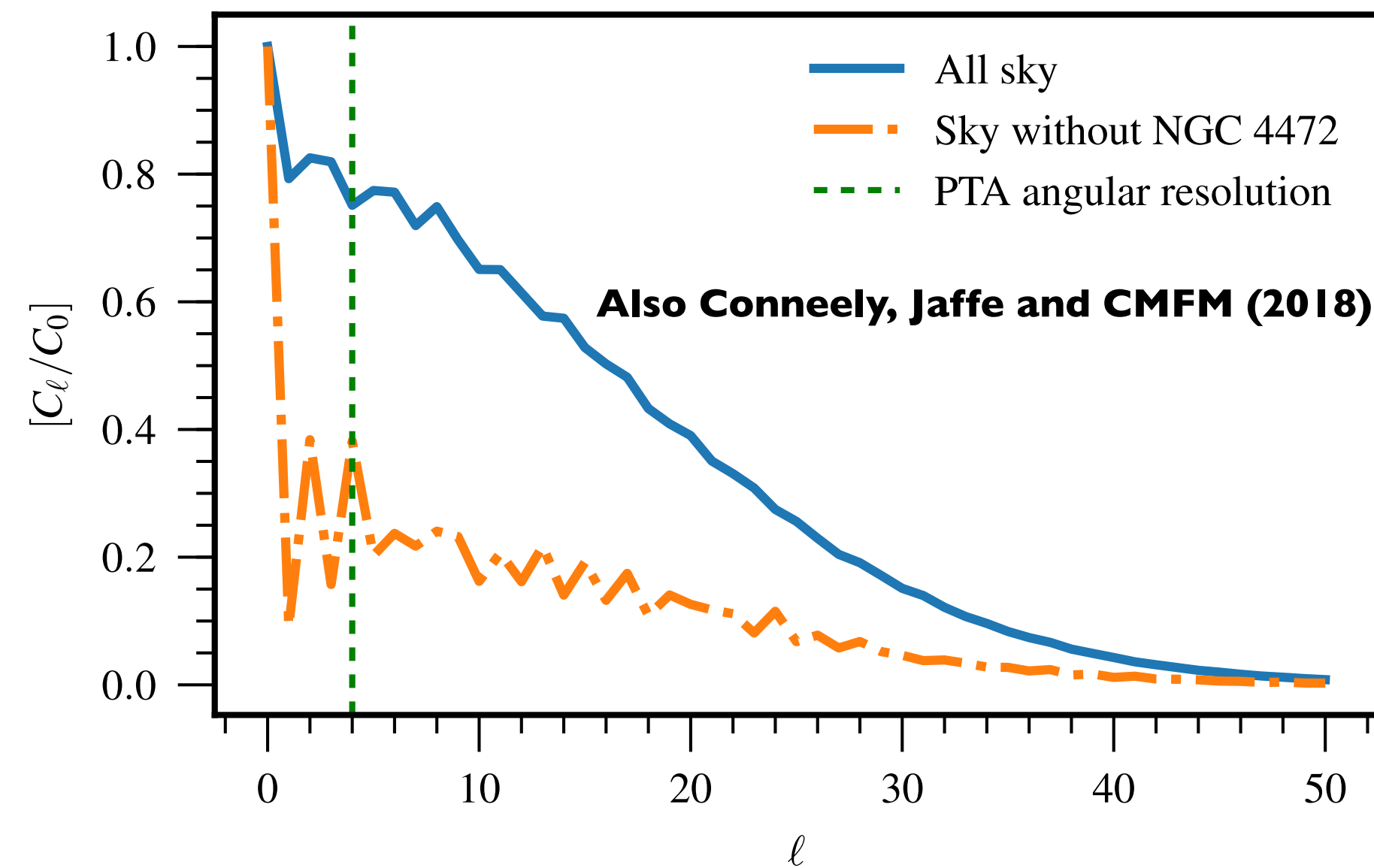
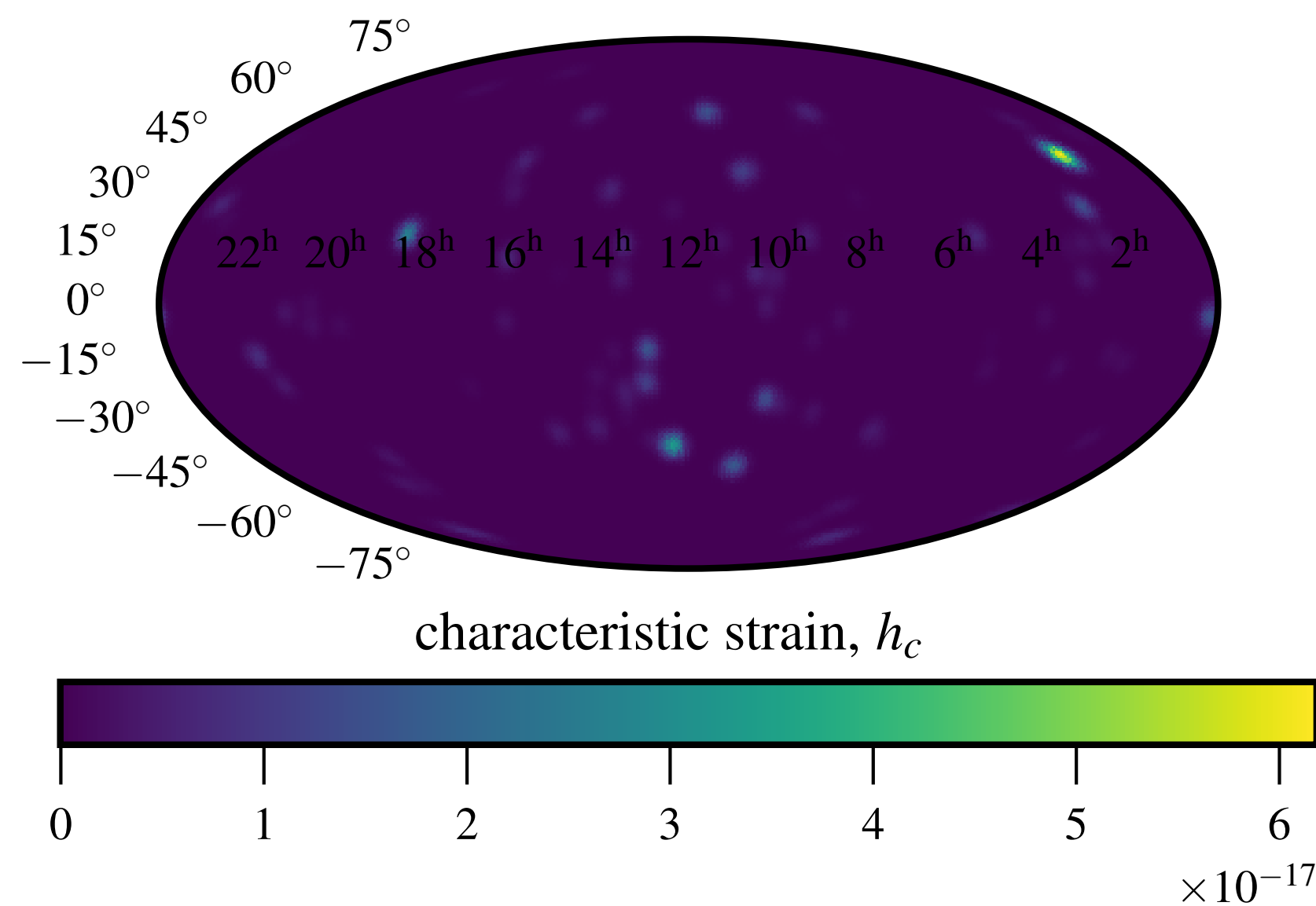
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Anisotropy
 $\propto 1/\sqrt{N}$
Constrain source
population