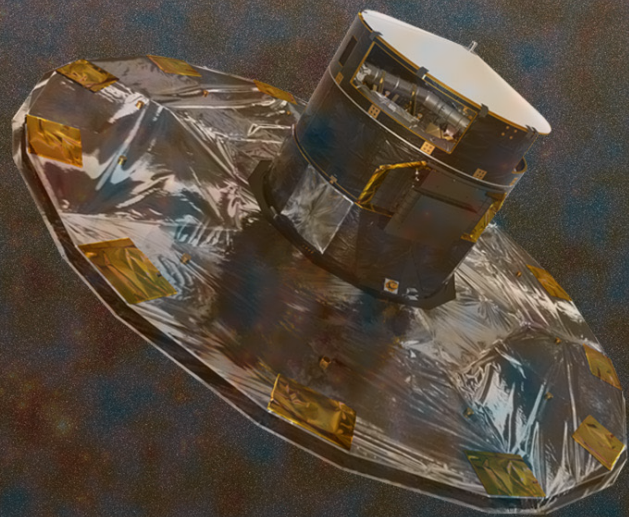


# Cosmology with Gaia quasars (Quaia)

with D. Alonso, K. Storey-Fisher, D. Hogg, A. C. Eilers, H.W. Rix...

## Giulio Fabbian

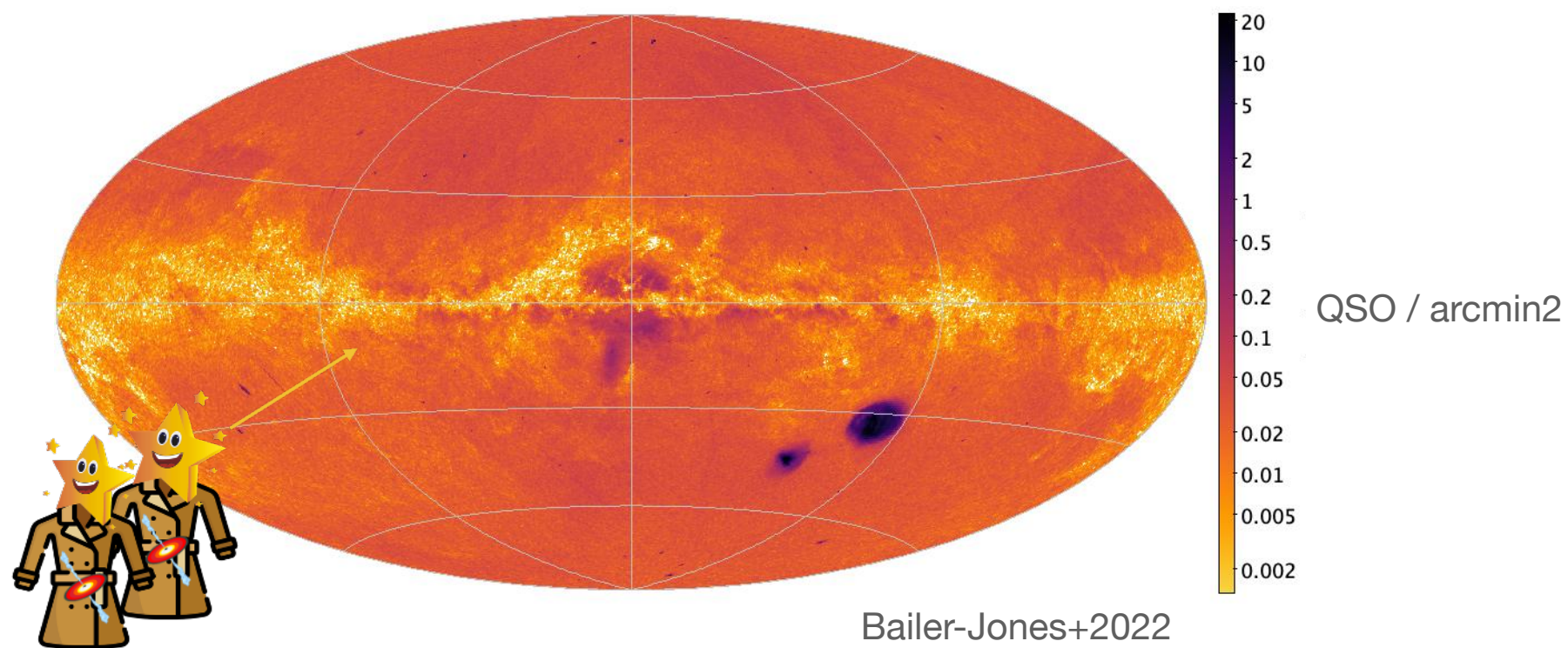
Marie Skłodowska Curie Global fellow





# Gaia: more than astrometry

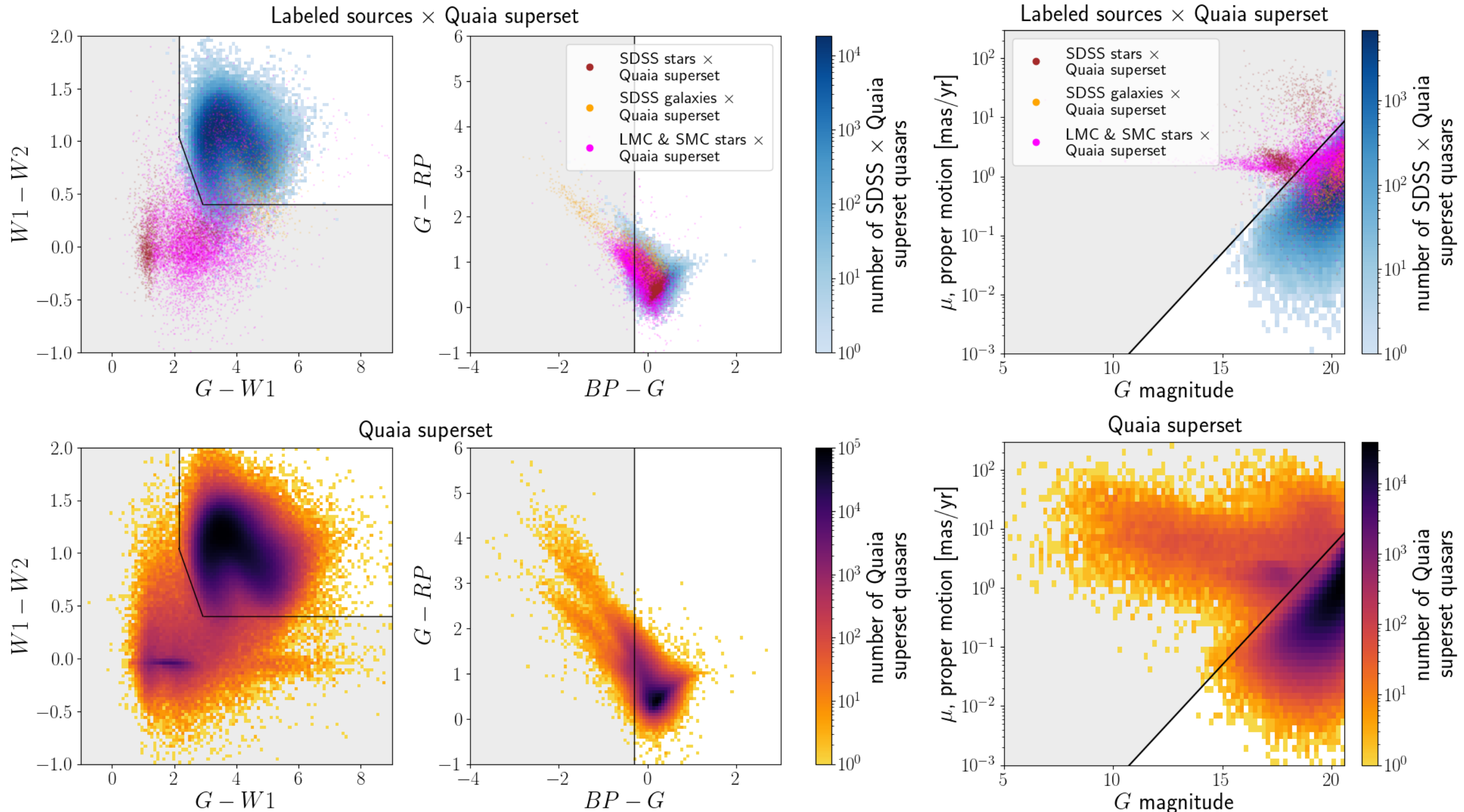
- Photometry, astrometry, slitless spectroscopy of point sources with  $30 \leq \lambda/\Delta\lambda \leq 100$  resolution, 21 mag. limit in G band.
- DR3 released 6.6 million quasar candidates with redshifts!



- Complete, low purity, as many are stars masquerading as QSO :/ but...
- Space-quality (e.g. no seeing, airmass): larger volume and cleaner selection function than any existing sample.

# Quaia: the cosmological QSO sample of Gaia

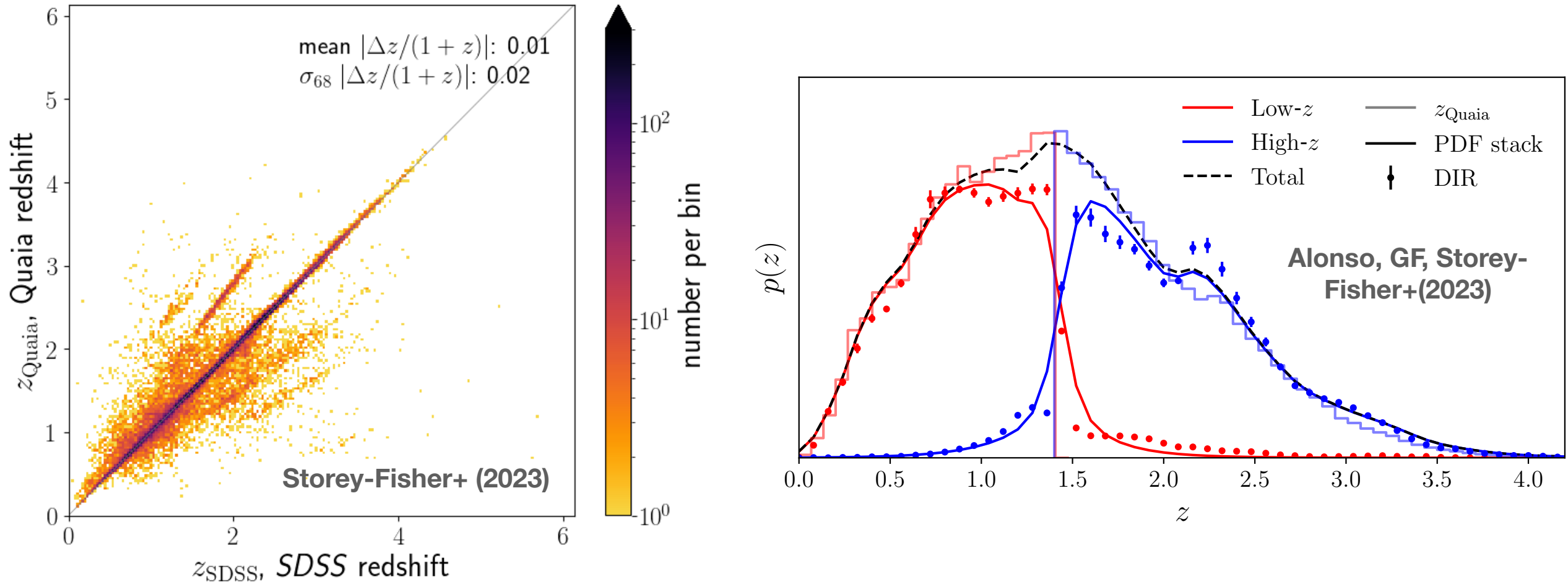
- unWISE + SDSS DR18 + cuts in color and proper motion = improved purity, low systematics



Storey-Fisher+ (2023)

# Quaia: improved redshift and final properties

- Multi-band kNN-based correction of redshifts achieving  $\sigma_z \approx 0.01(1+z)$

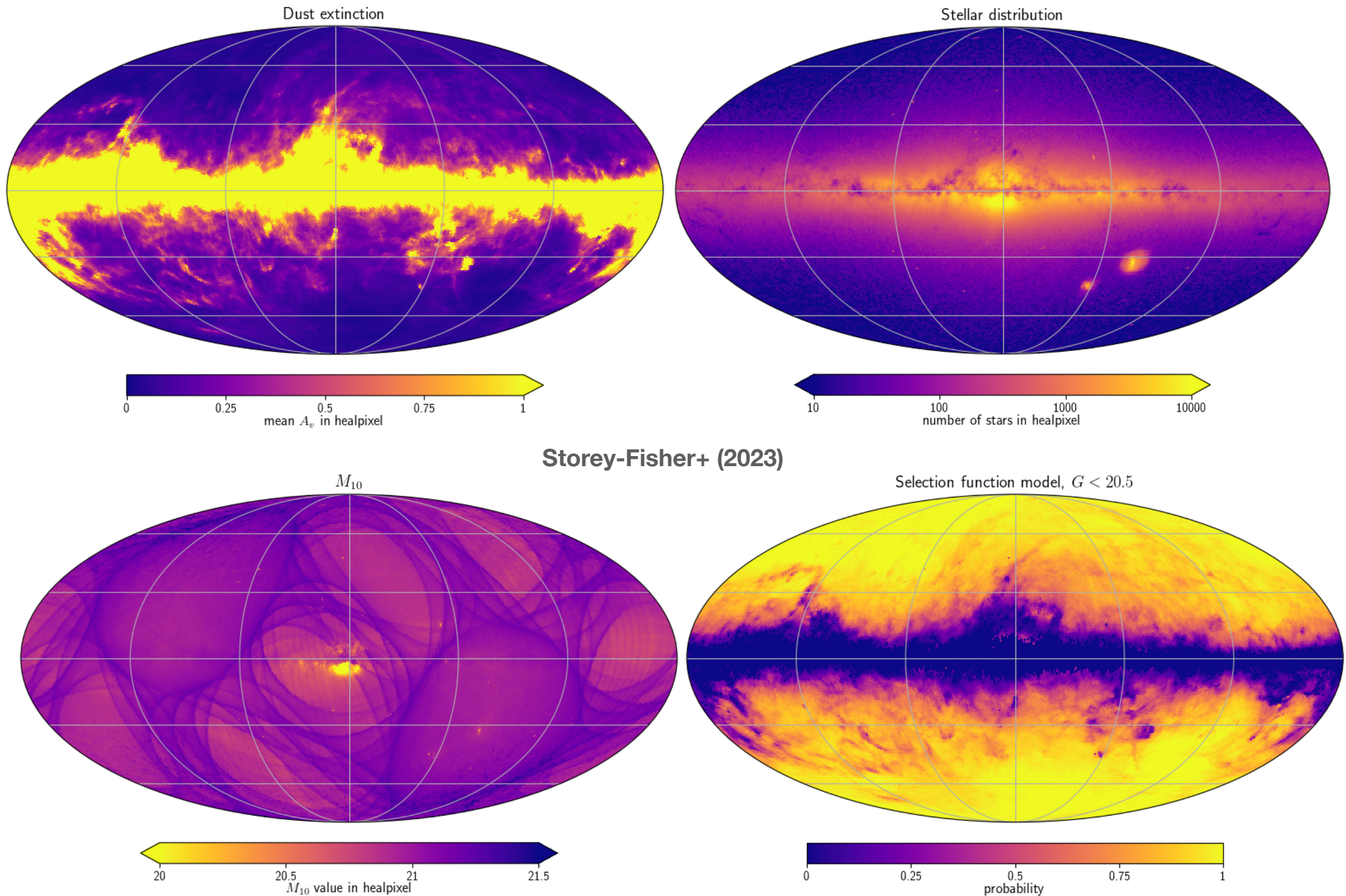


	$N$	$f_{\text{sky}}$	$\bar{n}$ , $\text{deg}^{-2}$	$V_{\text{span}}$ , $(h^{-1} \text{ Gpc})^3$	$V_{\text{eff}}$ , $(h^{-1} \text{ Gpc})^3$	$z_{\text{med}}$	$f( \delta z  < 0.01)$	$f( \delta z  < 0.1)$
<b>Quaia</b>	<b>1,209,833</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>41.50</b>	<b>138.46</b>	<b>7.01</b>	<b>1.47</b>	<b>0.61</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<i>Gaia</i> Purer	1,261,884	0.71	43.29	138.44	6.43	1.61	0.62	0.70
WISE-PS1	1,106,010	0.54	49.81	105.45	7.21	1.43	0.12	0.76
eBOSS	190,194	0.14	34.03	26.55	1.01	1.49		



# The selection function

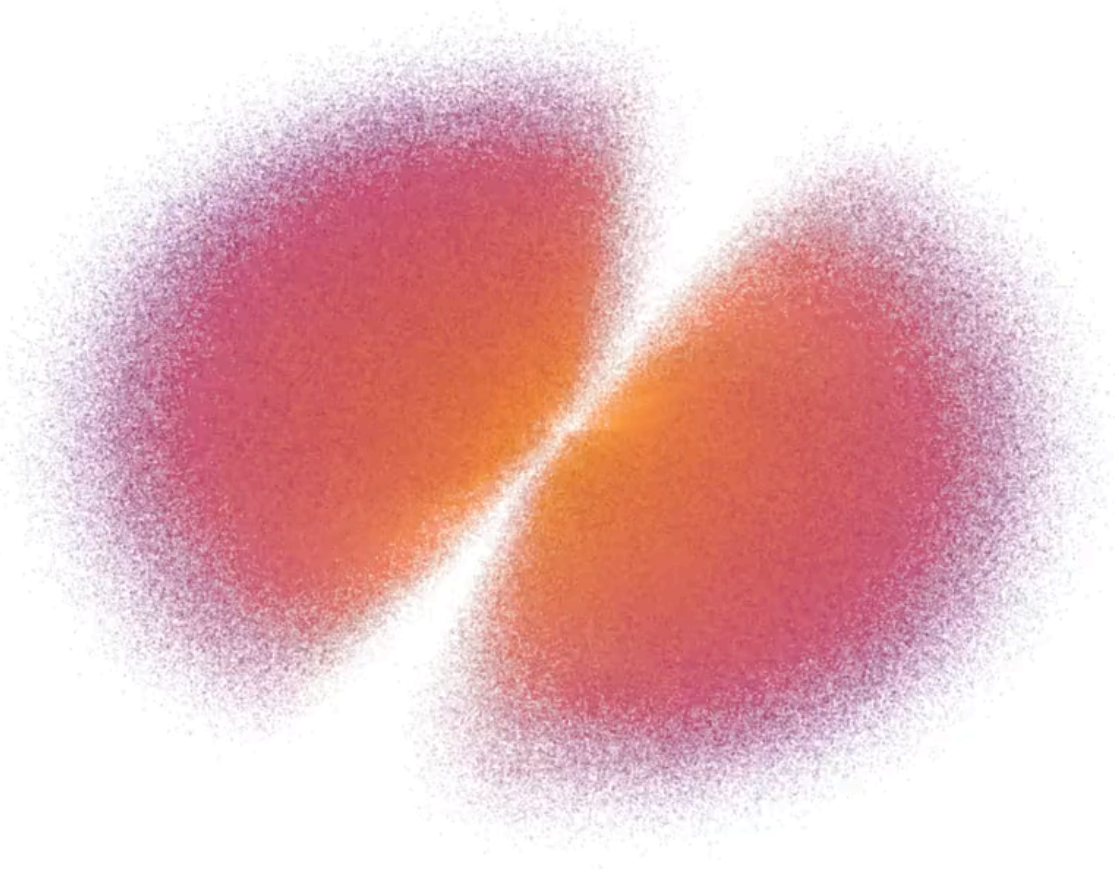
- Selection function corrects for scanning pattern, stars, extinction. Just a handful of templates!



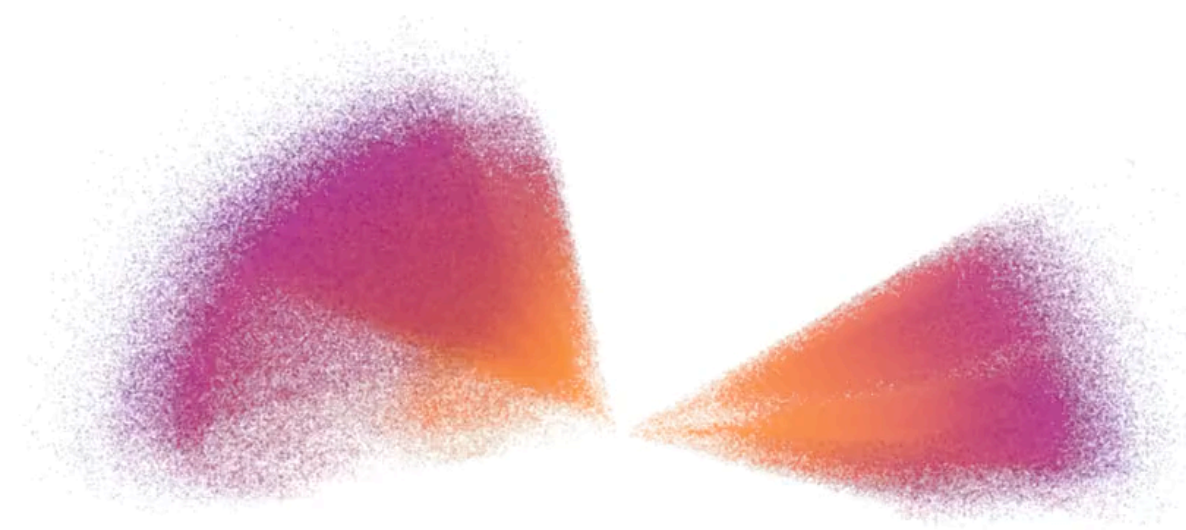


# How it compares?

Quaia



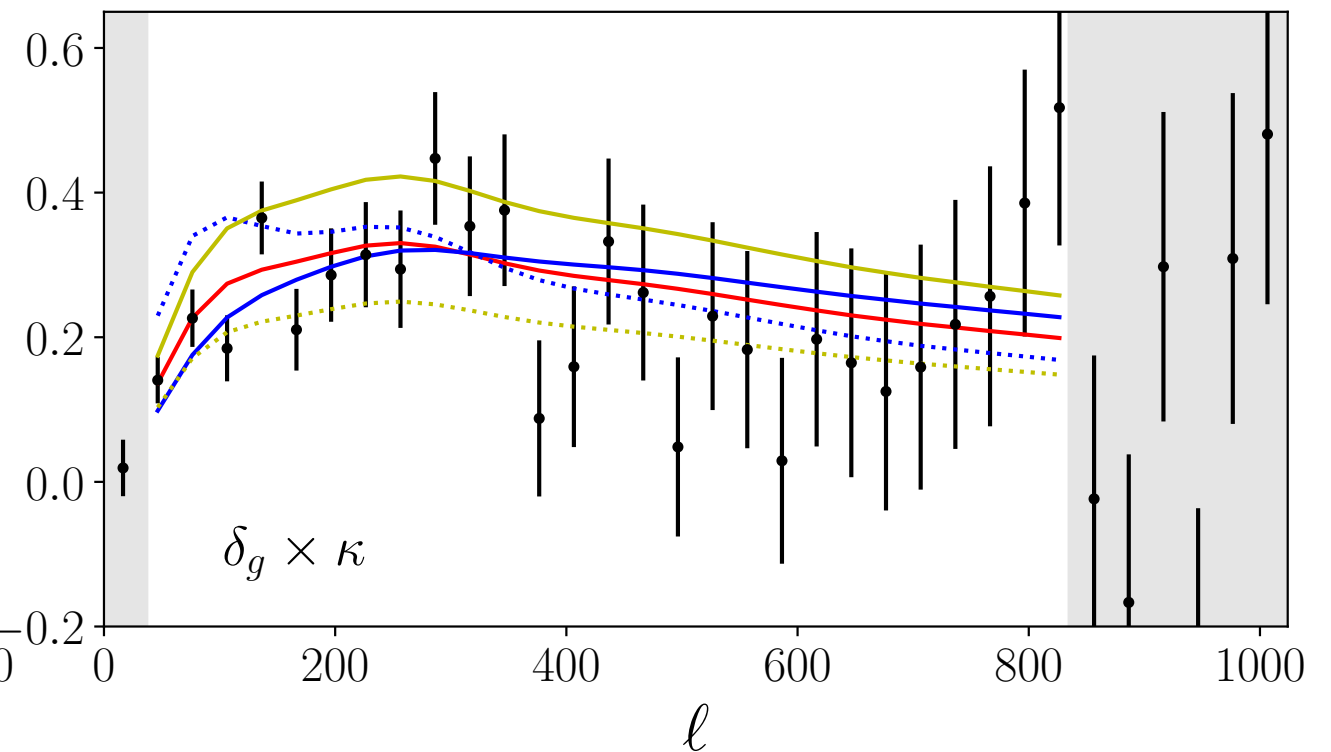
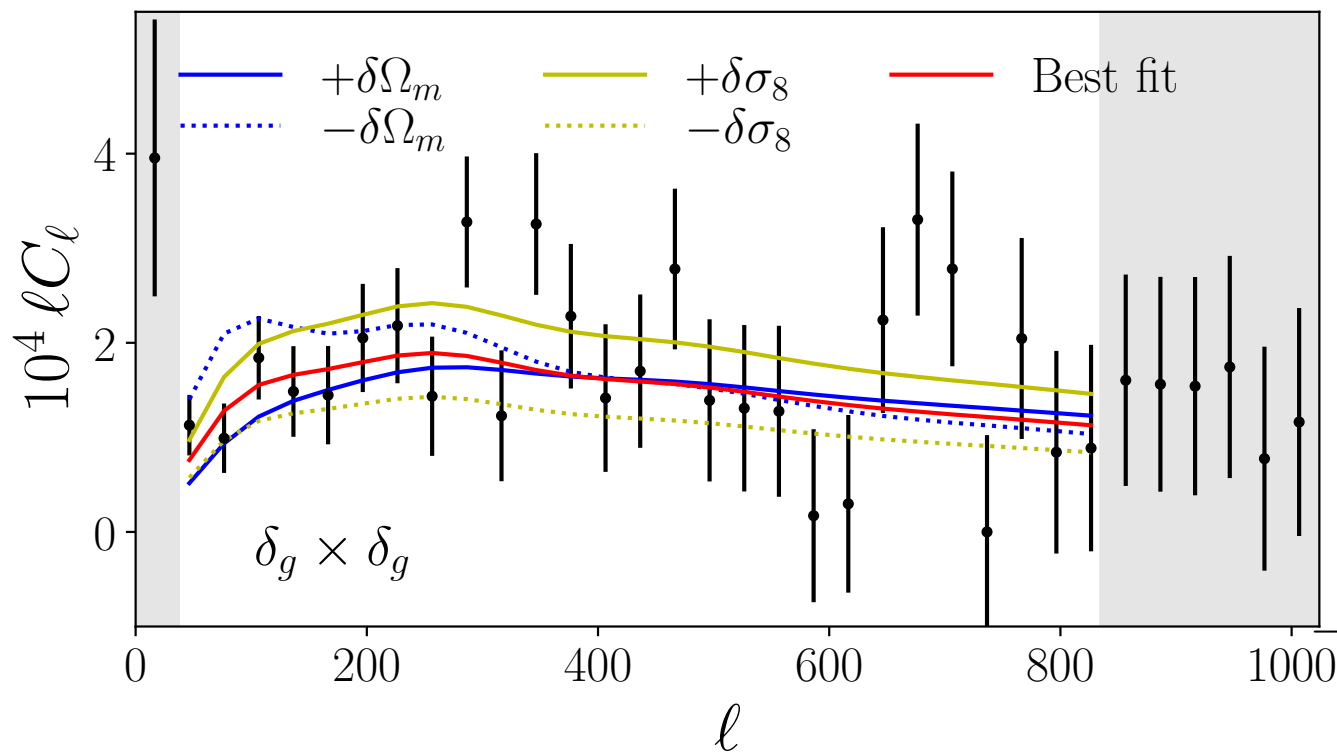
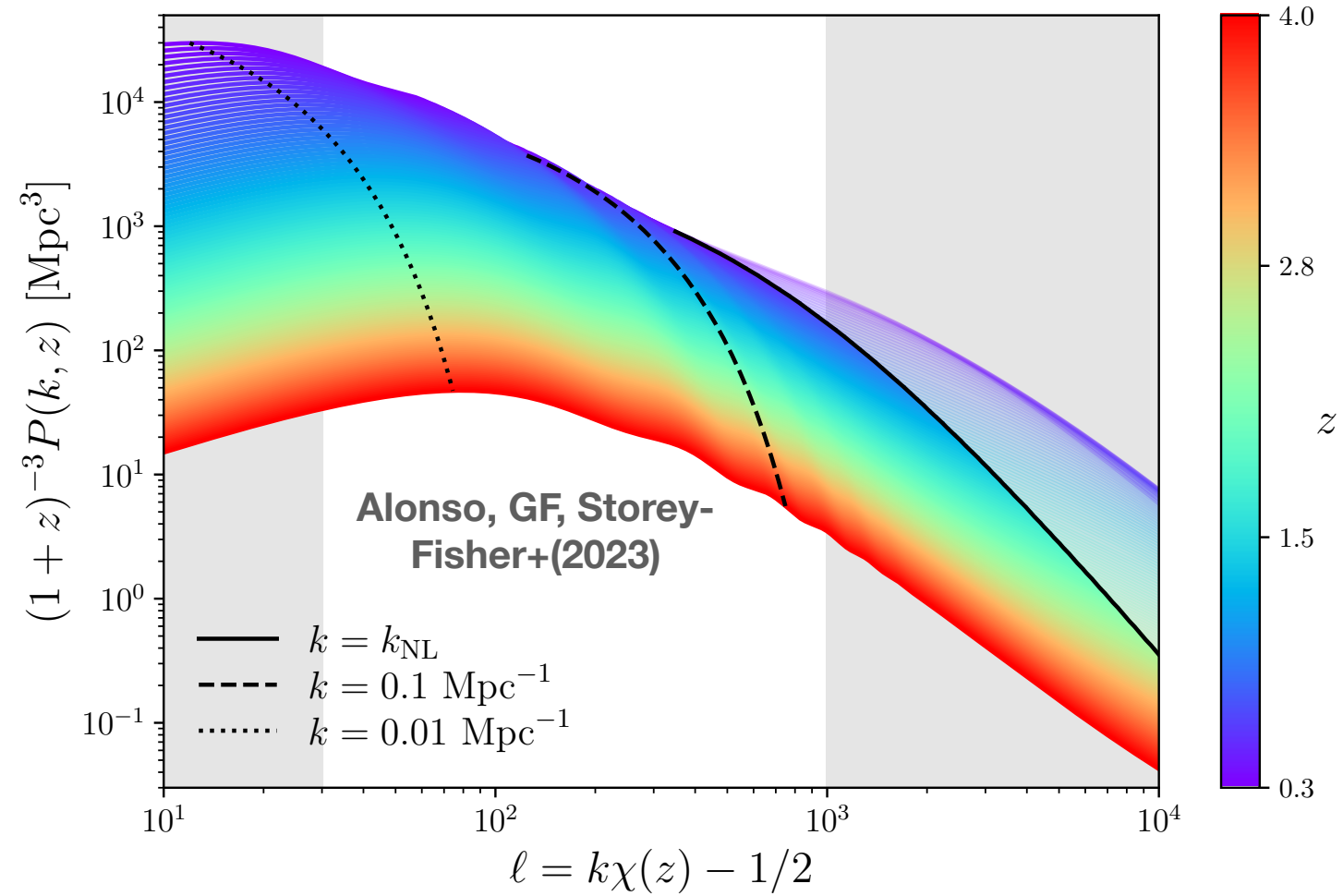
SDSS DR16Q





# What Quiaia can do for cosmology?

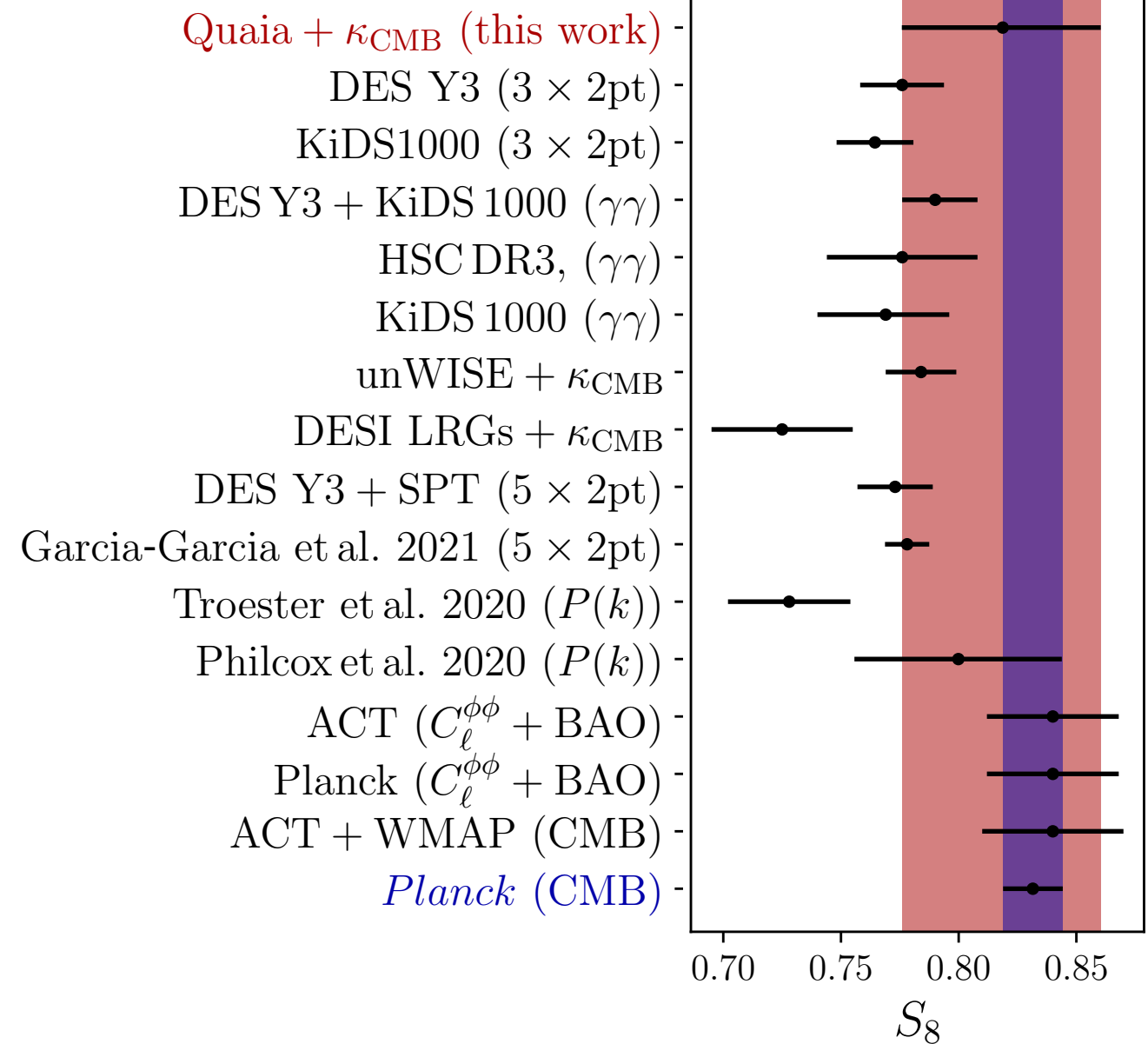
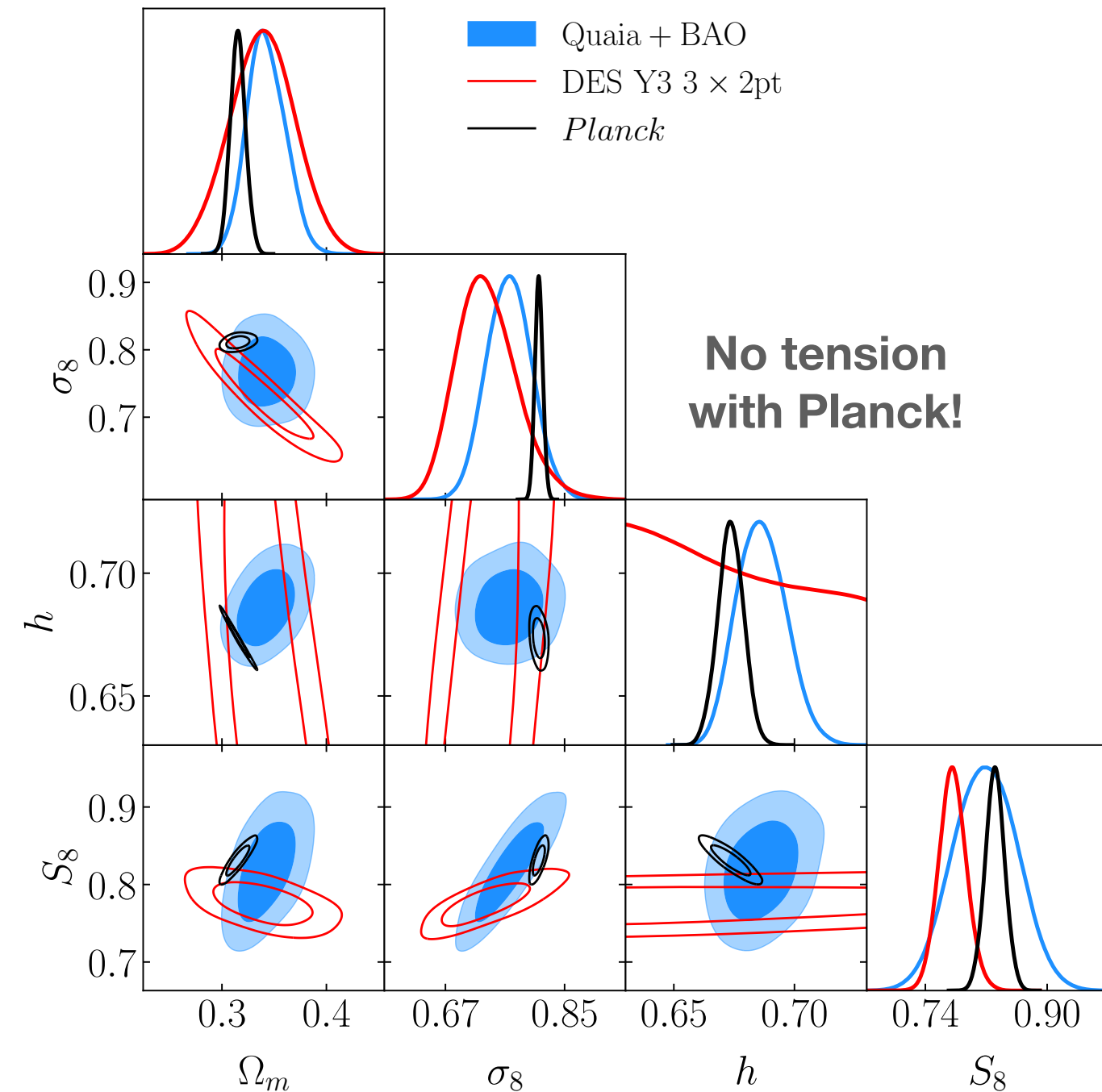
- Accurate redshifts and high redshift.
- Linear or quasi-linear scales.
- Non-degenerate  $\sigma_8, \Omega_m$  measurement
- Large volume and highly-biased tracers are good for





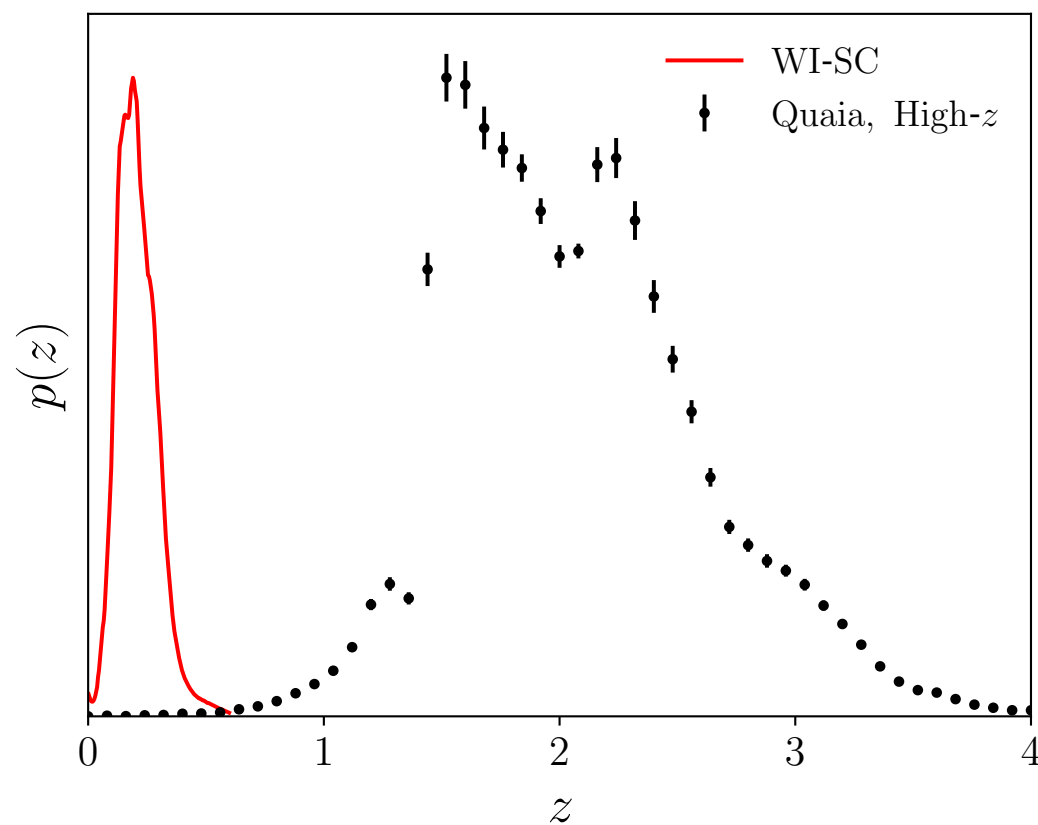
# Cosmology results

- 2 redshift bins, cross-correlation with Planck PR4 lensing  $C_\ell^{kg}$  and auto-correlation  $C_\ell^{gg}$ .
- Linear systematics deprojection (unimportant at  $\ell \gtrsim 40$ )

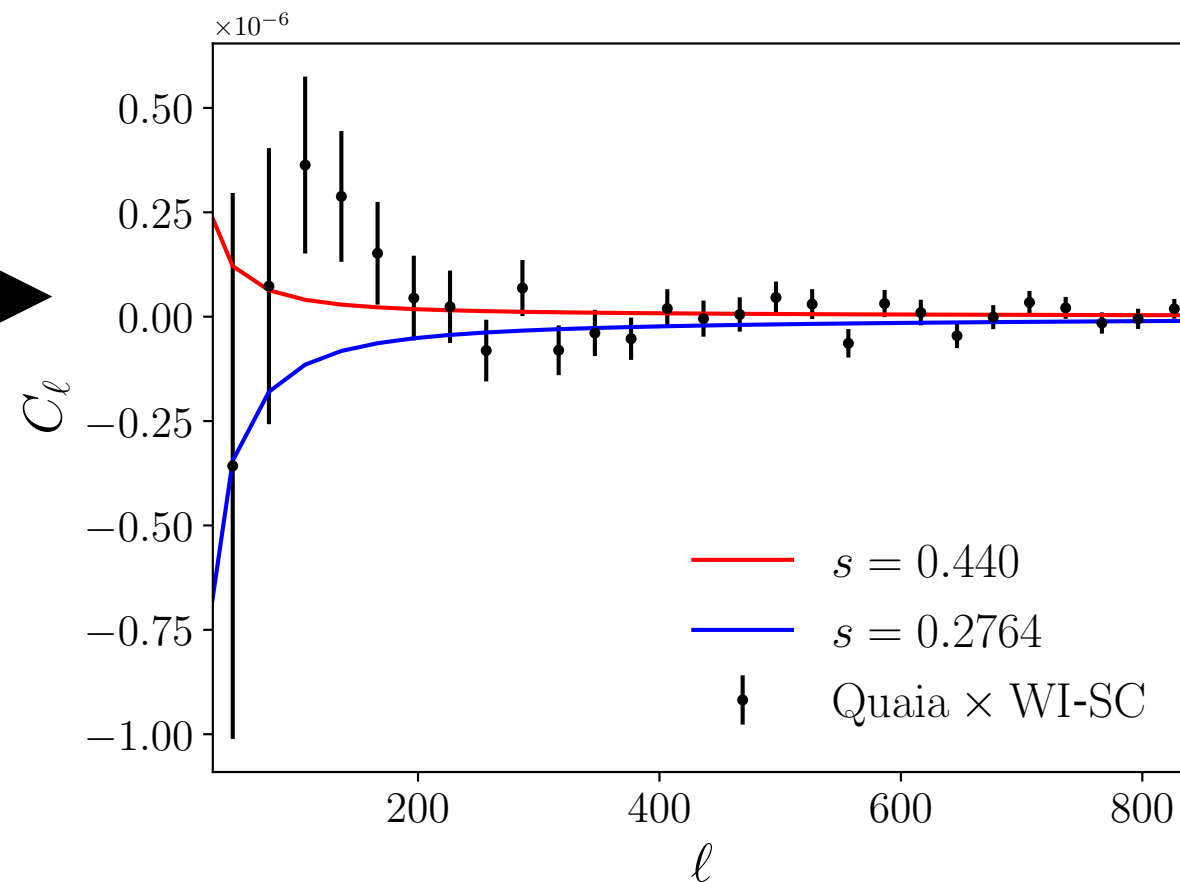




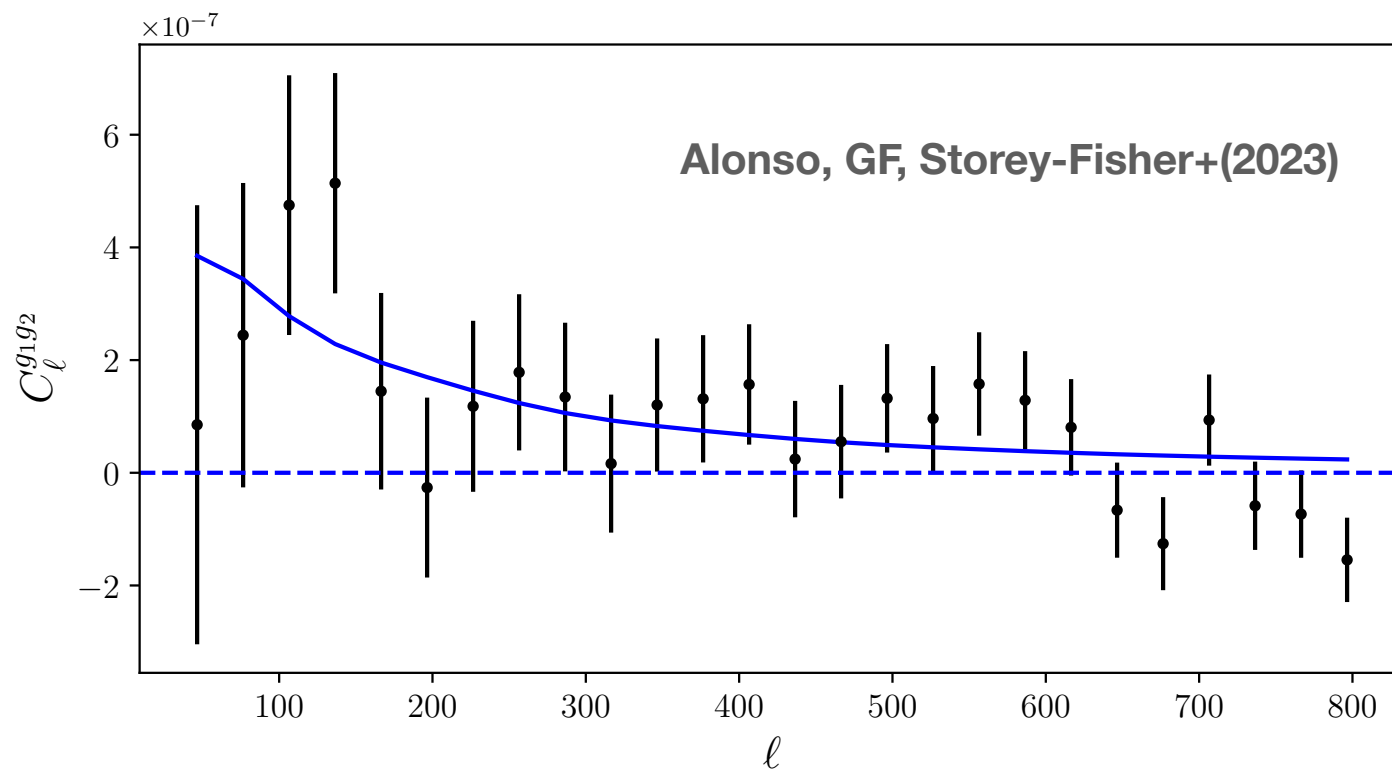
# Some robustness tests



If QSO are magnified



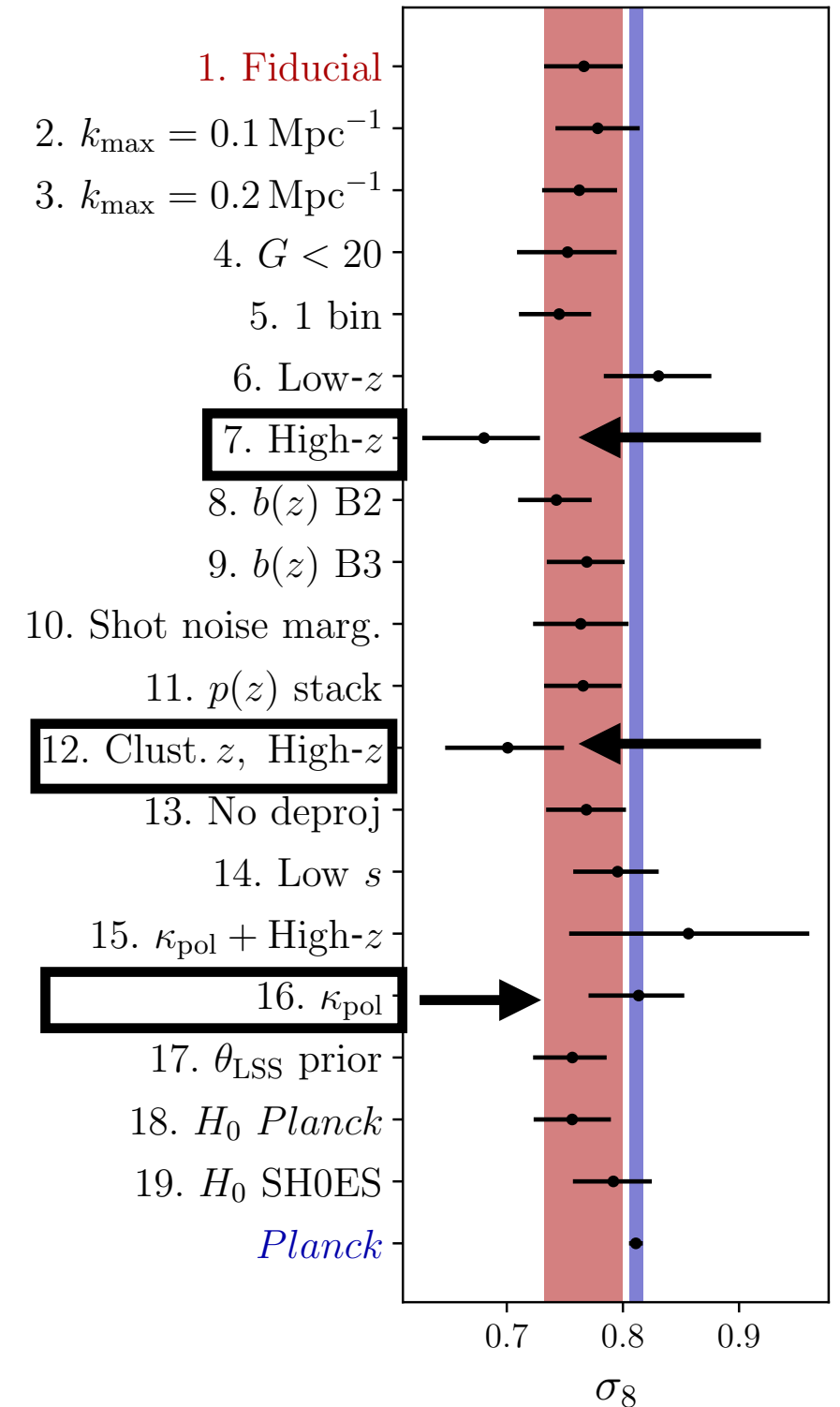
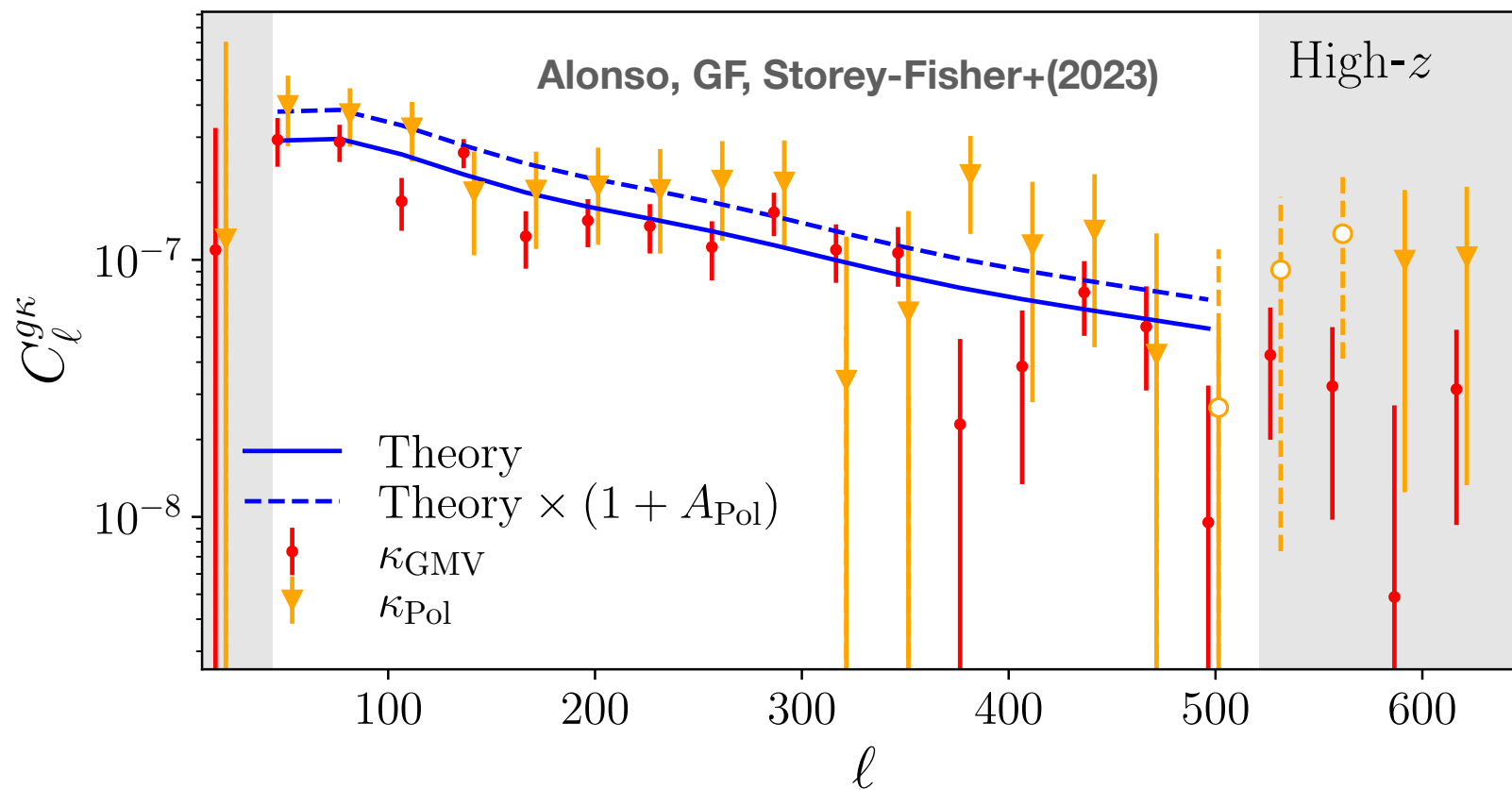
- Cross-correlation with low- $z$  galaxies supports estimates of magnification bias.
- Cross-bin correlation consistent with redshift error estimates.





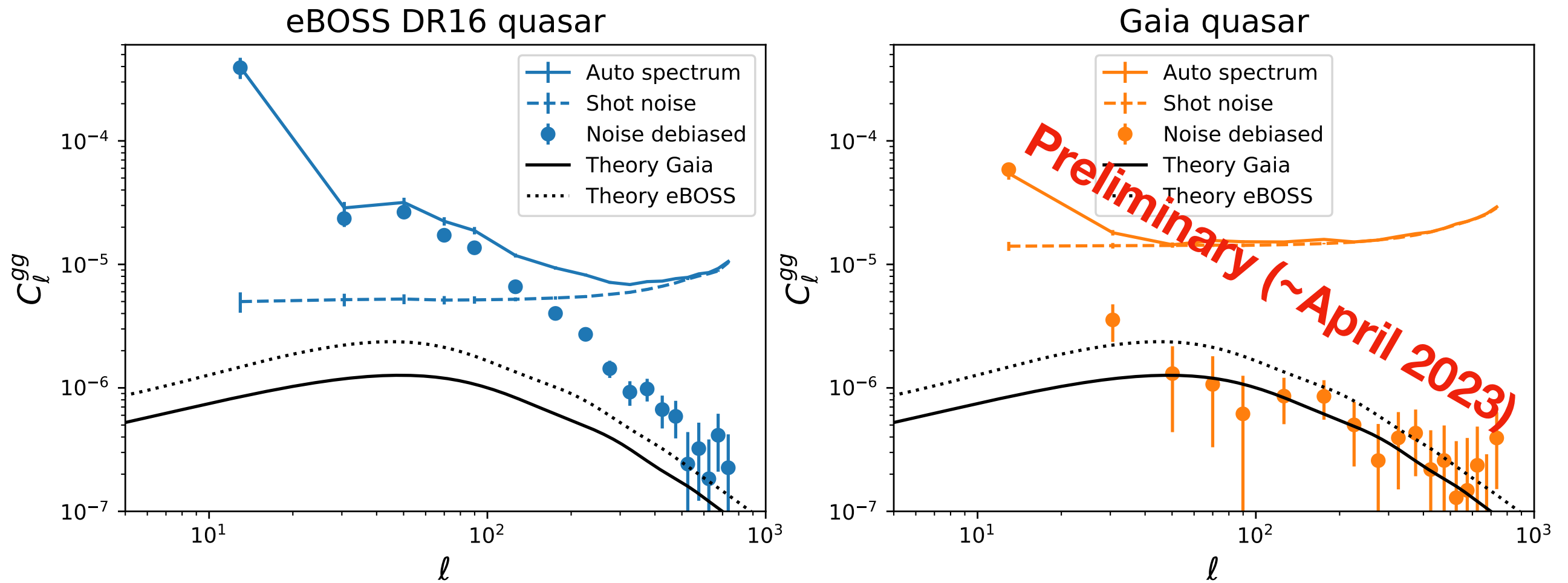
# CIB and foregrounds are significant at high $z$ !

- Lots of robustness tests passed but we see some inconsistency at high redshift.
- CIB bias is the most likely explanation, only affecting  $z > 1.5$  bin.
- Deep polarization data can save us (with some penalty)!





# How it compares?



- Significantly lower systematics before any mitigation!
- Can we do better than state-of-the art analyses (QSO only):
  - 3D: Castorina+2019  $-51 < f_{\text{NL}} < 21$ ,  $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \approx 18$ , eBOSS.
  - 2D: Leistedt+2015:  $-49 < f_{\text{NL}} < 31$ ,  $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \approx 20$ , tomography from SDSS photometric DR7.
  - **Quaia**:  $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \approx 12$  (Fisher),  $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \approx 40$  (conservative),  $\sigma(f_{\text{NL}}) \lesssim 30$  (optimal)

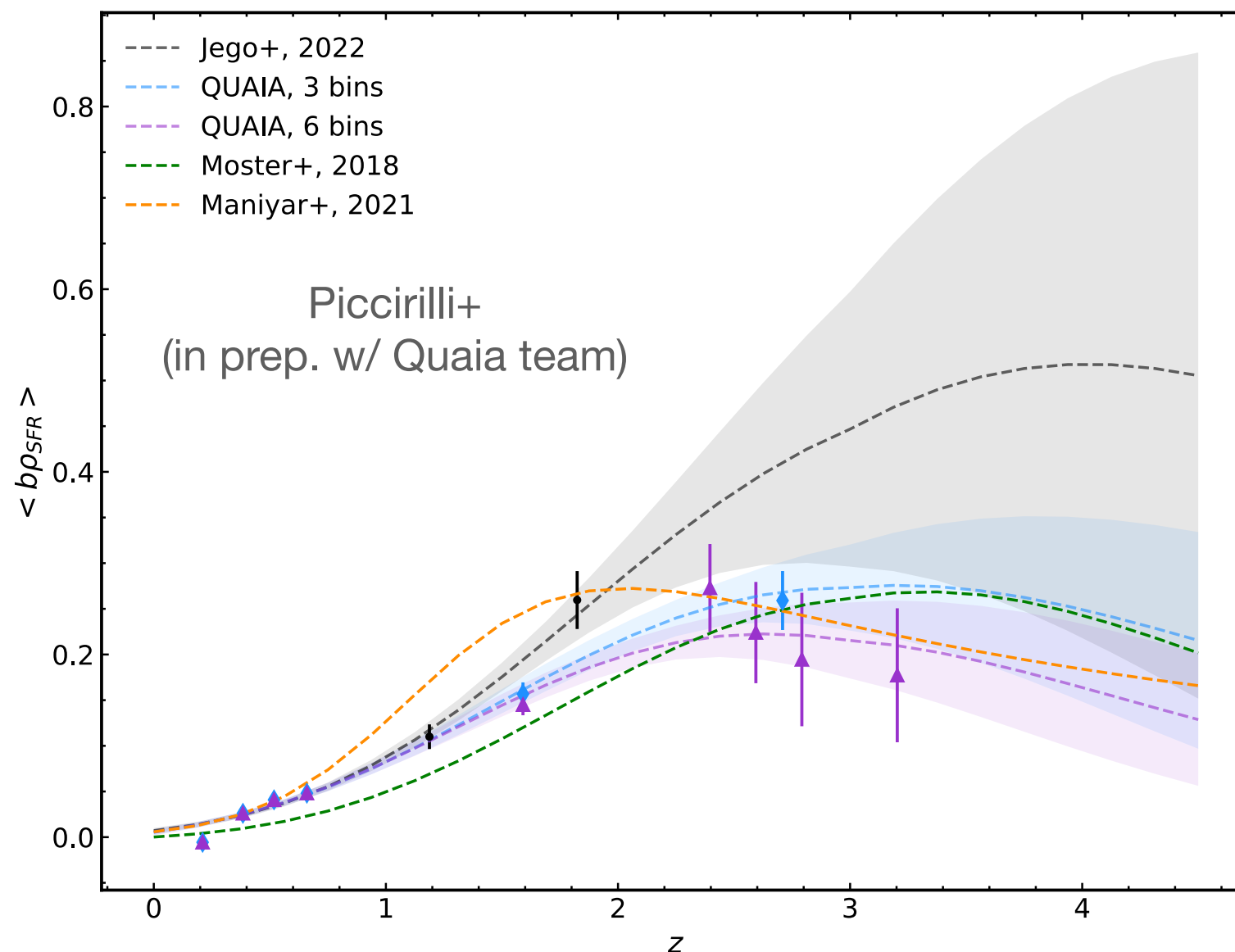


# CIB constraints with Quaia

- QSO/AGN: perfect to study physics of star-formation contributing to the CIB, connected to their evolution.
- Quaia precise redshift measurement and sky coverage enable CIB (and SFR) tomography in a new regime.
- Polarization data crucial for this science!



Giulia Piccirilli  
(U. Roma Tor Vergata)  
**On the job market !**



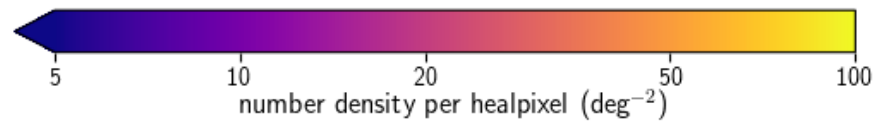
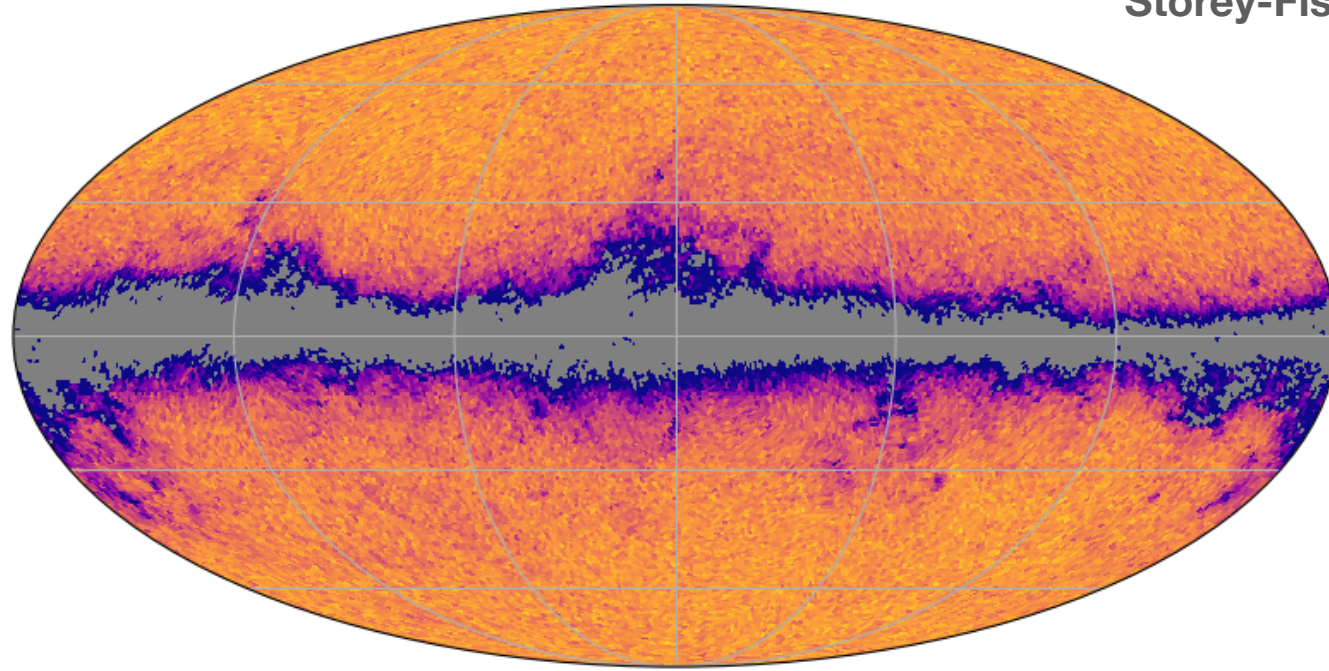


# Conclusions

- **Quiaia: a new QSO catalog for cosmology**
  - 1.2M objects, on full sky with accurate redshift measurements, covers ~largest volume to date.
  - Publicly available: catalog, selection function maps, random mocks and codes.
  - Low systematics contaminations allowed by space-based data.
- **Cosmological measurements with CMB cross-correlation are promising!**
  - Non-degenerate measurements of  $\sigma_8$ ,  $\Omega_m$ ,  $S_8$  consistent with Planck expectations at all  $z$ !
  - CIB residual it's hard to deal with: deep polarization data are of crucial importance!
  - Robust and competitive  $f_{NL}$  measurements from CMB lensing cross-correlation.
- **Stay tuned for:** CIB constraints, tests of homogeneity and isotropy, cosmology with voids, 3D  $P(k)$ ,  $B(k_1, k_2, k_3)$  analysis,  $k_{eq}$  estimation....

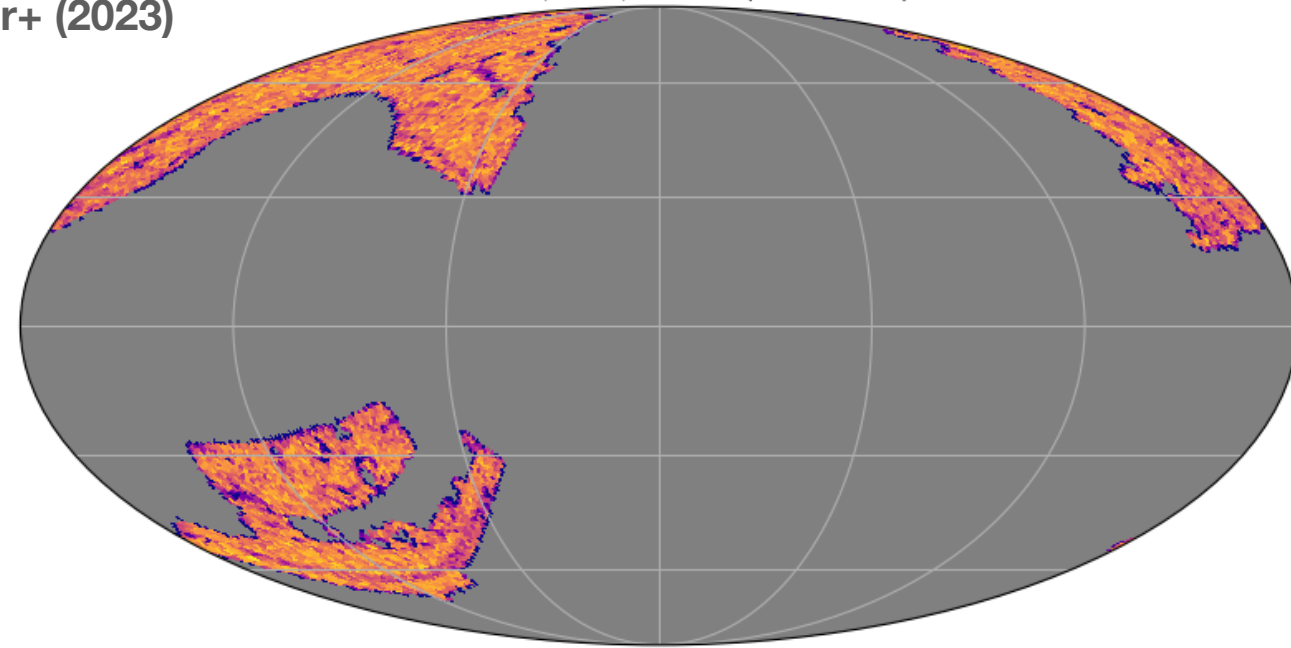
# How it compares?

Quaia,  $G < 20.5$  (N=1,295,502)

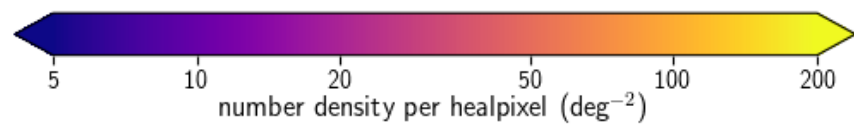
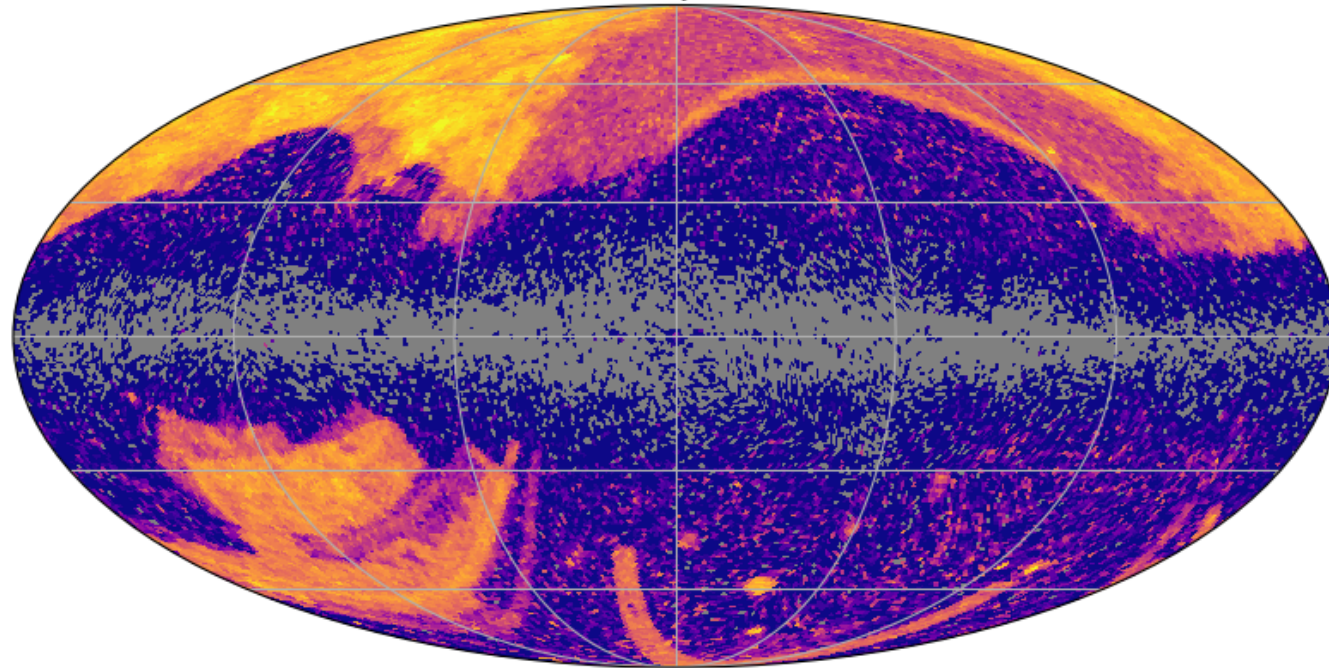


Storey-Fisher+ (2023)

eBOSS,  $G(r_{\text{SDSS}}) < 20.5$  (N=190,295)



Milliquas quasars,  $G(r_{\text{Milliquas}}) < 20.5$  (N=912,050)



WISE-PS1-STRM Quasars ("reliable"),  $G(r_{\text{P1}}) < 20.5$  (N=1,266,828)

