

Conveners: Clarence Chang & Joel Meyers



Snowmass & P5

- Snowmass is a Particle Physics Community Planning Exercise
 - organized by the Division of Particles and Fields (DPF) of the American Physical Society.
 - Snowmass is a scientific study. It provides an opportunity for the entire particle physics community to come together to identify and document a scientific vision for the future of particle physics in the U.S. and its international partners.
 - Snowmass will define the most important questions for the field of particle physics and identify promising opportunities to address them.
- P5, the Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel
 - P5 is a scientific advisory panel tasked with recommending plans for U.S. investment in particle physics research over the next ten years, on the basis of various funding scenarios.
 - The P5 is a temporary subcommittee of the High Energy Physics Advisory Panel (HEPAP), which serves the <u>Department of</u> <u>Energy's Office of Science</u> and the <u>National Science Foundation</u>.
- The prior Snowmass & P5 were connected. P5 took as one of its inputs, the scientific reports from Snowmass, and develops a strategic plan for U.S. particle physics that can be executed over a 10 year timescale, in the context of a 20-year global vision for the field.
 - This brought in more funding into HEP, so this connection was regarded as successful.
- · Current thinking is to repeat this pairing
 - Time horizon: 2025-35 with a vision out to 2050



Snowmass leads into P5: Particle Physics Project Prioritization Process

- The equivalent of the Decadal Survey (i.e., P5's recommendations get translated into what gets funded and what does not) for all US High Energy Physics (LHC, LHC+, Fermilab, muons, theory, cosmic). So, there will be intense competition for funding.
- P5 in 2014 wrote: "Support CMB experiments as part of the core particle physics program. The multidisciplinary nature of the science warrants continued multiagency support." (This was new for DOE.) However, CMB-S4 is at the earliest stages (in the DOE process) of any project recommended by P5 in 2014.
- It is important to articulate an updated science case for CMB-S4.



Snowmass21 organization: connecting science to reports





Overall Snowmass Structure

- Snowmass Frontiers
 - Energy Frontier
 - Neutrino Physics Frontier
 - Rare Processes and Precision
 - Cosmic Frontier-
 - Theory Frontier
 - Accelerator Frontier
 - Instrumentation Frontier
 - Computational Frontier
 - Underground Facilities
 - Community Engagement Frontier

- CF1. Dark Matter: Particle-like
- CF2. Dark Matter: Wave-like
- CF3. Dark Matter: Cosmic Probes
- CF4. Dark Energy and Cosmic Acceleration: The Modern Universe
- CF5. Dark Energy and Cosmic Acceleration: Cosmic Dawn and Before
- CF6. Dark Energy and Cosmic Acceleration: Complementary Probes and New Facilities
- CF7. Cosmic Probes of Fundamental Physics

• Each Frontier has subgroups (7 on average)

Snowmass21 Timeline



Challenges for Snowmass 2021

• COVID

CMB-S4

- Extended process by 1+ years
- Remote/virtual configuration
- CF structure
 - The largest and most impactful cosmic facilities advance multiple topics
 - Difficult to create coherent narrative across multiple Topical Groups
 - No appropriate clearing house for large facilities
- At this collaboration meeting, we want to re-articulate the case for CMB-S4 science (the parts more relevant to HEP)
- Opportunity to step back and review our science
 - Engaging conveners from CF3,4,5,6

- CF1. Dark Matter: Particle-like
- CF2. Dark Matter: Wave-like
- CF3. Dark Matter: Cosmic Probes
- CF4. Dark Energy and Cosmic Acceleration: The Modern Universe
- CF5. Dark Energy and Cosmic Acceleration: Cosmic Dawn and Before
- CF6. Dark Energy and Cosmic Acceleration: Complementary Probes and New Facilities
- CF7. Cosmic Probes of Fundamental Physics

Preview of Friday Session (May 13 10:00-12:00 CT)

Goal: engage with the Topical Working Group conveners to communicate and make the case for the science of CMB-S4.

History & status of CMB-S4 (John Carlstrom)

CF03: Astro probes of Dark Matter

- Dark matter physics with CMB-S4 (Cora Dvorkin)
- Dark matter-baryon scattering with CMB (Kim Boddy)
- Ultralight axion dark matter (Renée Hložek)
- Dark matter-dark radiation interactions (Francis-Yan Cyr-Racine)

CF04: Dark Energy

- Galaxy clusters and dark energy (Srini Raghunathan)
- CMB lensing and dark energy (Alex van Engelen)

CF05: Inflation and Early Universe

- Features in the primordial power spectrum (Benjamin Wallisch)
- Primordial non-Gaussianity (Daan Meerburg)
- Primordial gravitational waves (**Kimmy Wu**)
- Light Relics (Joel Meyers)

CF06: Cross correlations & facilities

- CMB lensing x galaxy surveys (Chihway Chang)
- Multi-wavelength observations of clusters (Lindsey Bleem)
- kSZ x galaxy surveys (Mat Madhavacheril)