



1.09 - Data Management

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for the DM team**

Scope

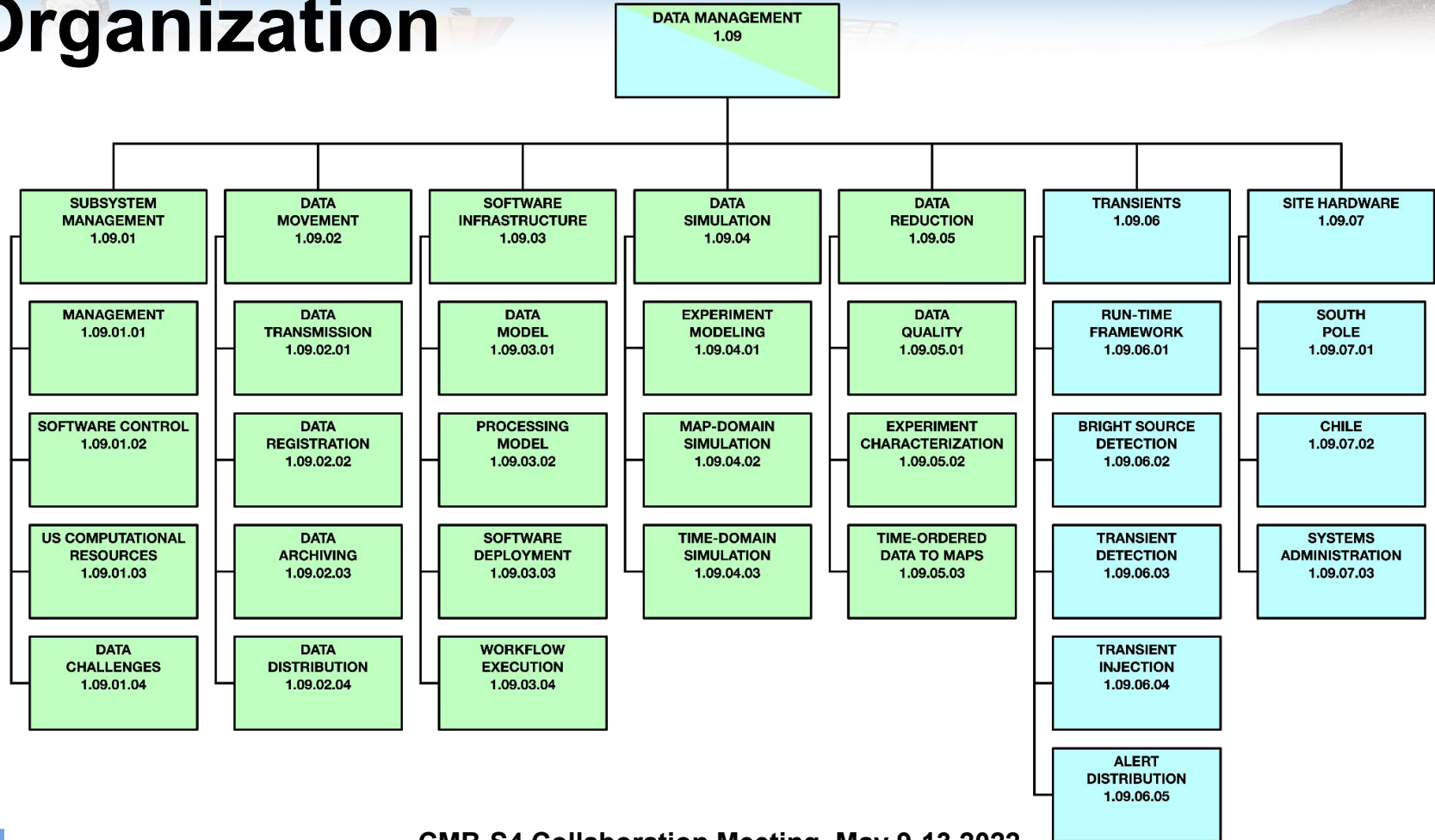
In operations Data Management will:

- Receive raw telescope data from Data Acquisition and secure it
- Conduct per-observation data quality checks and issue timely alerts
- Detect per-observation transients and issue timely alerts
- Deliver science-grade single-frequency maps (and ancillary data products) to the collaboration AWGs for science analyses
- Distribute all data products and the software used to produce them to the community

In construction Data Management does:

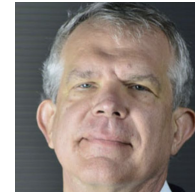
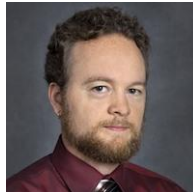
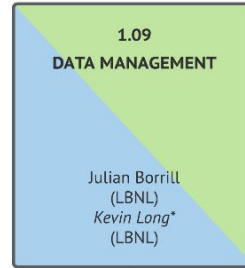
- Develop and deploy all systems needed for operations prior to the start of commissioning
- Use these systems to support experiment design validation and verification

Organization



Leadership Team

Intentionally distributed & representative team - Pole/Chile, lab/university, cosmological/computational, ...

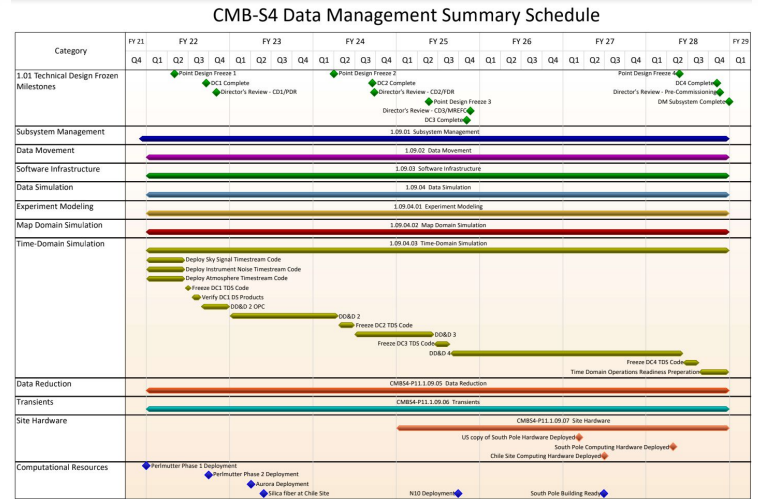


Technical Highlights

- Project Systems
- Data Challenge 1
- Analysis of Alternatives
- Transients & FABRIC

Project Systems

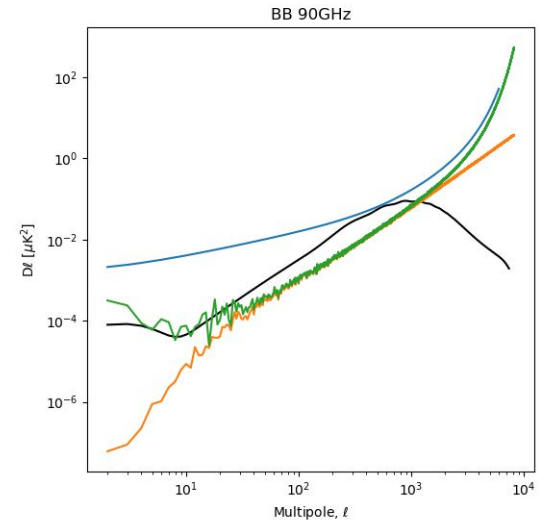
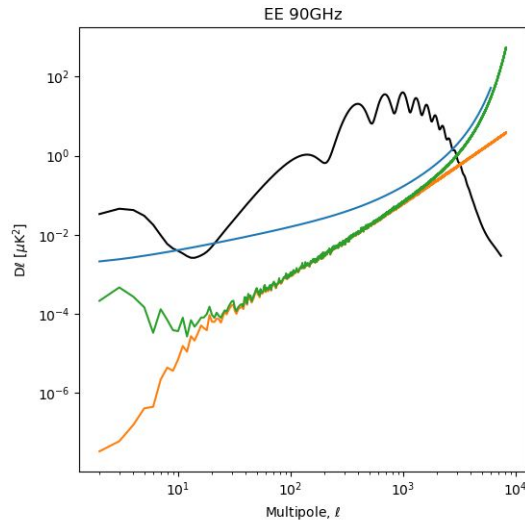
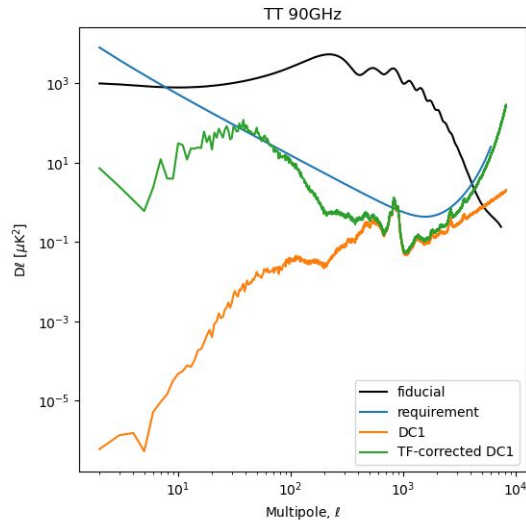
- Dash360: rebuilt the DM cost/schedule (as recommended by the fall Director's Review) to integrate the Data Challenges into the overall workflow
 - Interleaved 6-month Data Challenge and extended Design/Develop/Deploy phases.
 - DD&D to be populated at each phase - see DC2 session on Thursday.



- JAMA: redefined the DM project requirements to be more explicitly tied to the science requirements and to support flowdown through the WBS.
- JIRA: reset the DM project risks/opportunities to address South Pole bandwidth consistently and incorporate mitigations for all risks.

Data Challenge 1

- See DC1 session on Thursday.
- Ongoing activity - Chilean LAT data completed and available.
- Provides validation that the PBD meets the measurement requirements.



Analysis of Alternatives

- See Chile Alternatives & South Pole Alternatives sessions on Wednesday.
- Internal DM issues:
 - Site hardware in Chile to meet requirements of any additional telescopes (trivial)
 - Site hardware at South Pole to fit within power constraints (very complicated)
 - US computational resources (mostly trivial)
- DM supporting roles
 - Chile survey strategies
 - Chile observing efficiencies

Transients & FABRIC

- SPT transient detection pipeline being redeployed as a starting point for CMB-S4.
 - Transients to be injected into DC1 maps and then detected; tests for false positives and negatives
 - Obvious dependency on any revision/extension of transients science requirements.
- Working to deploy transient detection pipeline on FABRIC hardware as a test-case for us both
 - FABRIC deploys in-network computing resources that could facilitate timely alerts by performing detection while the raw data are in transit from Chile.

Plans For FY22

- Complete DC1
- Continue to support Analysis of Alternatives
- Inject/detect transients into DC1 data, including using FABRIC hardware
- Continue planning next DD&D phase, towards DC2
- Provide training