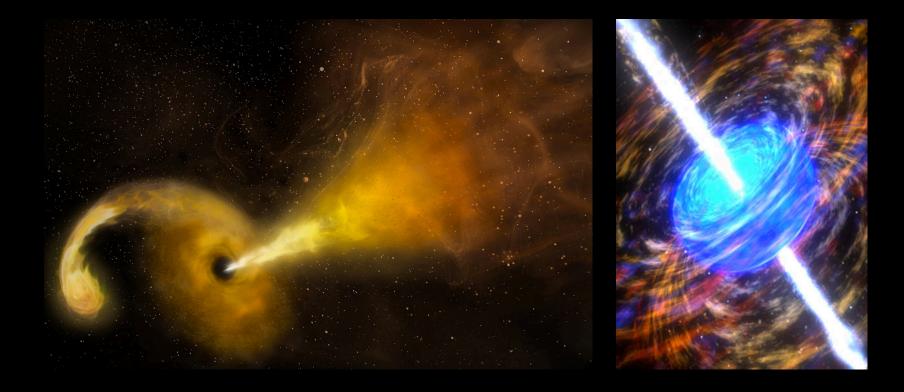
## **TIDAL DISRUPTION EVENTS WITH CMB-S4**

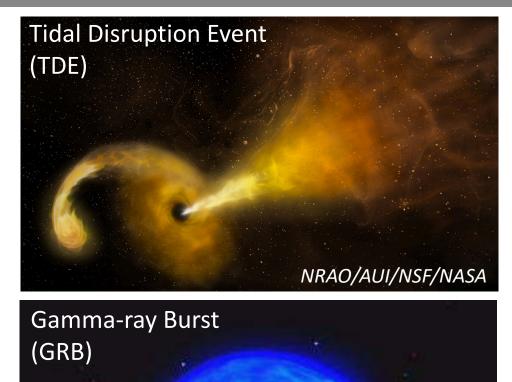


#### Dr. Kate D. Alexander

NASA Einstein Postdoctoral Fellow, Northwestern University March 9, 2021

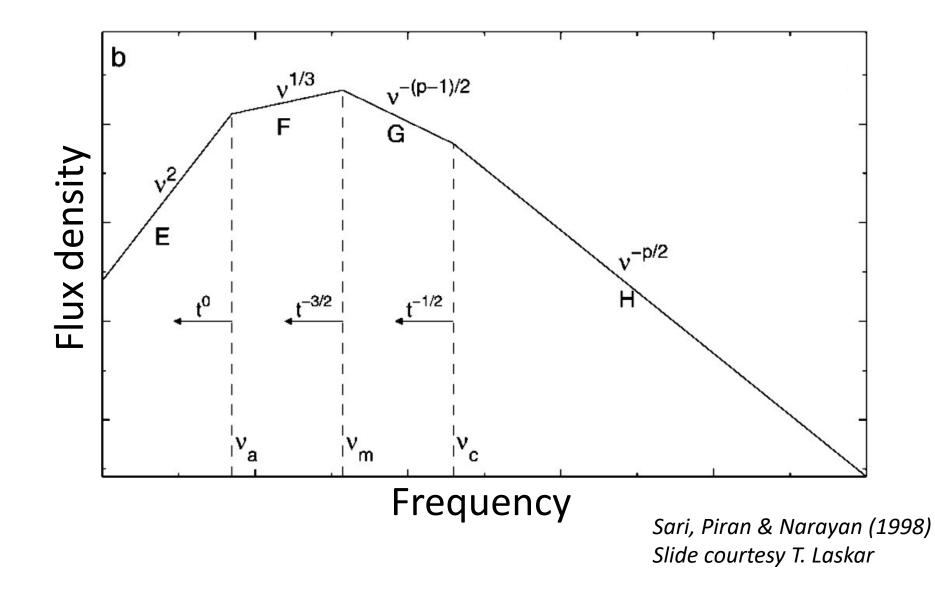
## Cosmic Extremes: Collisions, Explosions

- Energetic transients let us probe extreme physical processes:
  - The deaths of massive stars (compact objects = extremely dense matter)
  - Black hole formation and growth
  - Particle acceleration (to extremely high energies)
- Open questions:
  - How do relativistic jets form?
  - How do black holes shape their environments?

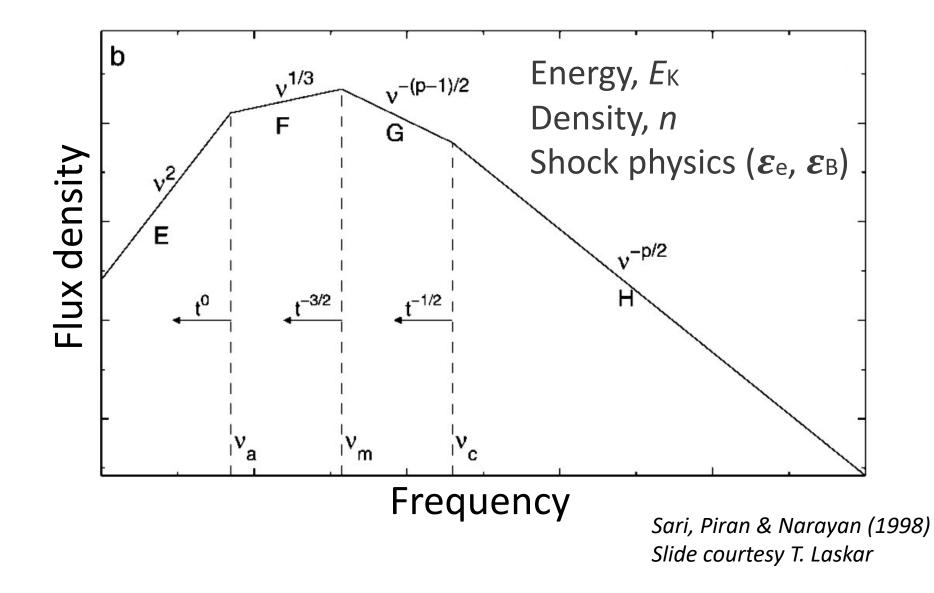


NASA/SkyWorks Digital

### **Outflows Generate Synchrotron Emission**

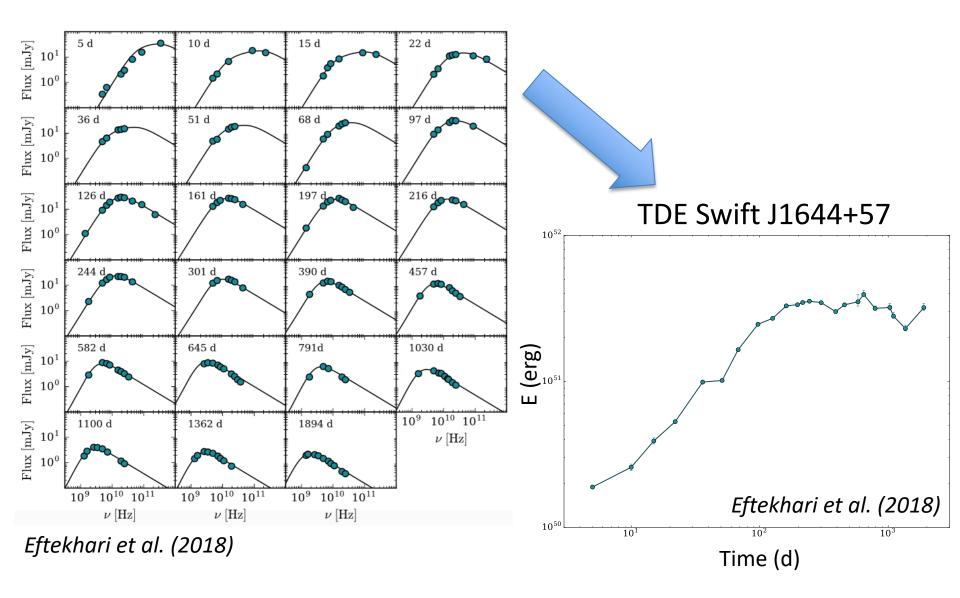


## **Outflows Generate Synchrotron Emission**

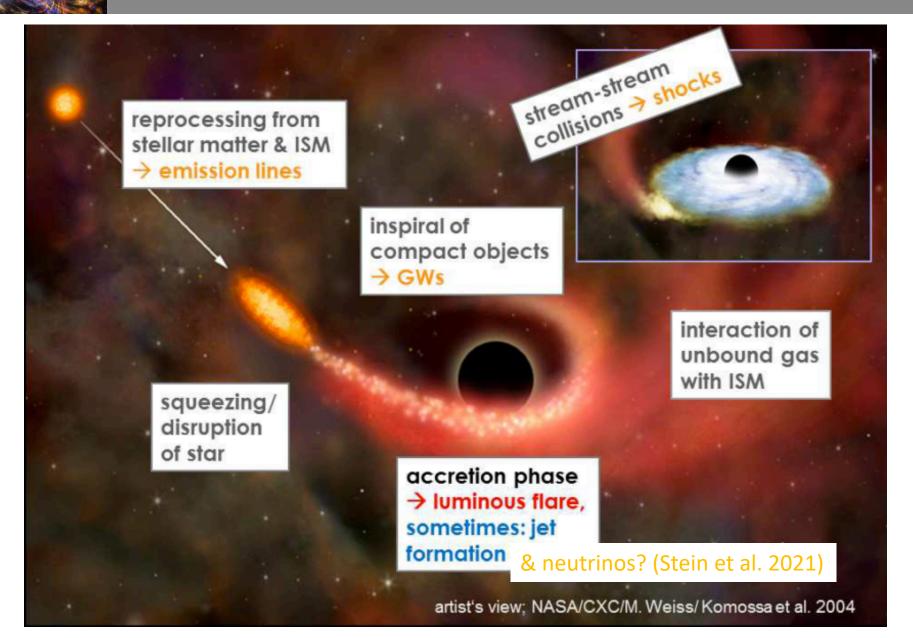




#### Multi-frequency observations are key

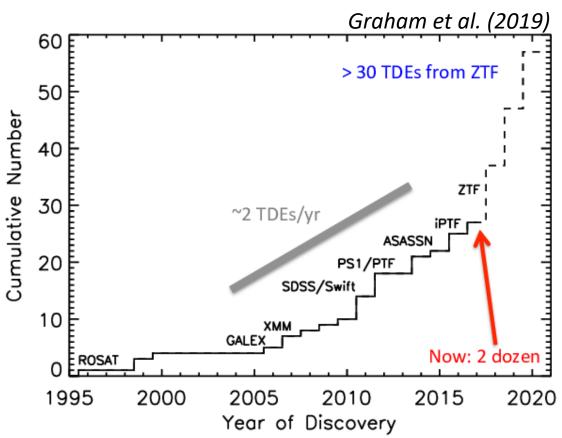


## Tidal Disruption Events (TDEs)

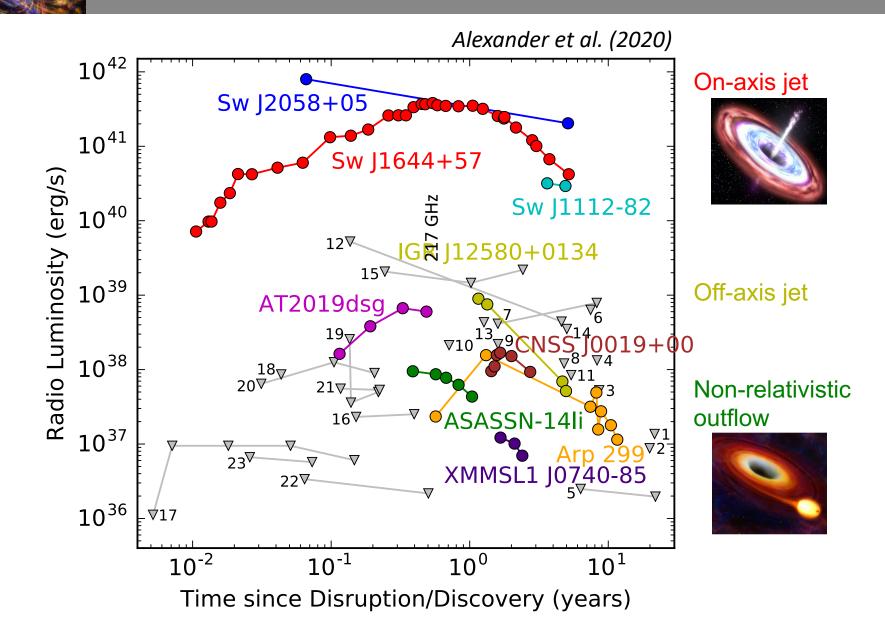


## The TDE discovery rate is accelerating

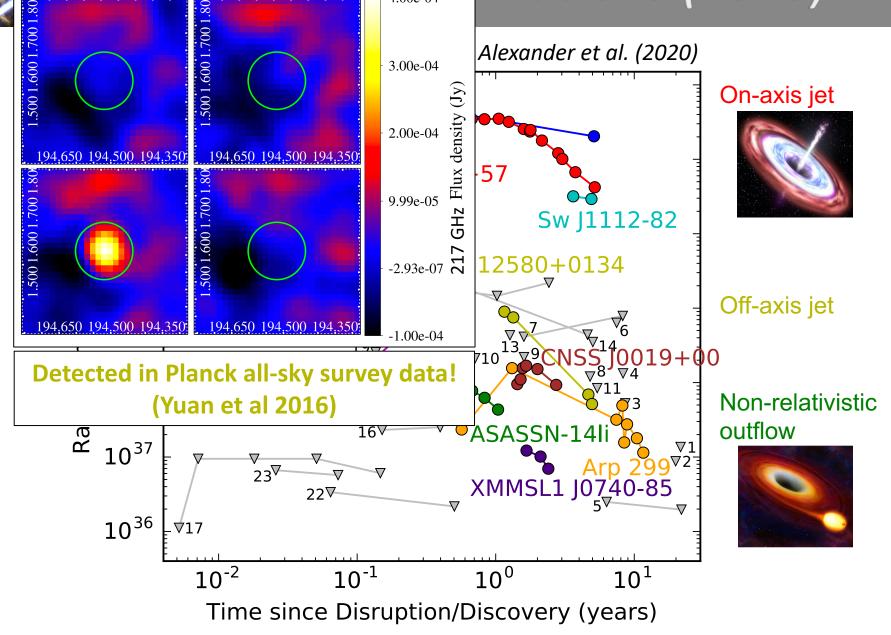
- Optical surveys continue to dominate transient discovery
  - ASAS-SN, DES, YSE, ZTF,...
- High-energy surveys also key (Fermi, Swift, eROSITA, ...)
- Looking ahead: Rubin
  Observatory (LSST)
  - Thousands of TDEs, many at high redshift (deep follow-up will be needed with e.g. ALMA, ngVLA)



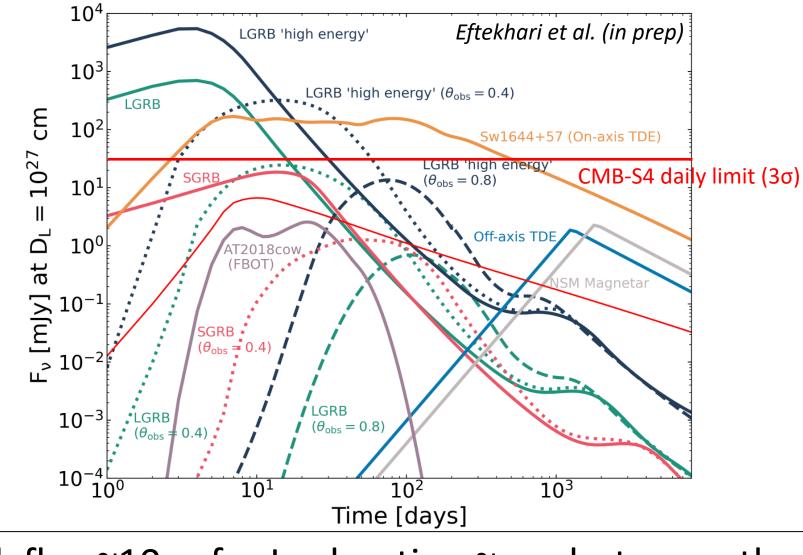
## TDE Radio Observations (2020)



#### The Padia Observations (2020)

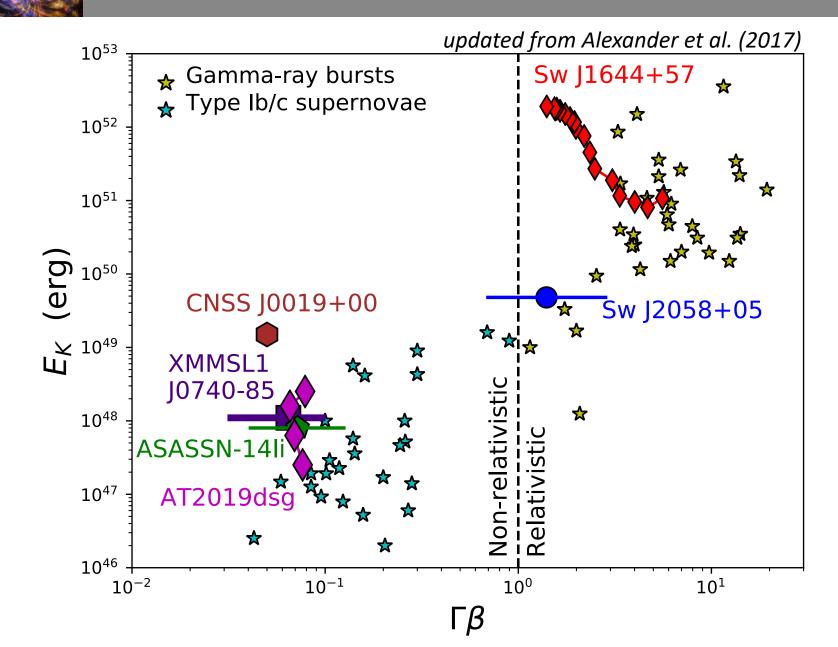


## Jetted TDEs: luminous mm transients



Peak flux ~10s of mJy, duration ~weeks to months

### Population studies: Jets are rare



# Characterizing local TDEs

- ALMA provides the best constraints on TDE outflows at early times
  - 4 TDEs observed in Cycles 6 and 7
  - no new data since March 2020 (covid-19)
- New VLA Large Program (PI: Alexander)
  - 300 hours over 3 yr to observe all new TDEs at z<0.1, new jetted TDEs at all redshifts
  - Program started
    November 2020, first
    Atels out! Stay tuned.
  - <u>https://sites.northweste</u> <u>rn.edu/radiotdes/</u>



# Summary

- TDEs are exciting targets for CMB-S4 because they can produce luminous mm emission, lasting weeksmonths
  - Current work will better constrain rates, radio+mm luminosity function within next few years
- CMB-S4 has great potential for transient science:
  - Follow up/recovery of transients discovered by contemporaneous surveys (LSST, eROSITA, Fermi, SKA...)
  - Blind discovery of new transients in the mm band (e.g. TDEs in dusty galaxies, obscured AGN, orphan GRB afterglows, ???)
  - Deep template images of the mm sky (context for new transient discoveries)
  - See Tarraneh Eftekhari's talk on Thursday for more!